MEDICAL CANNABIS AMENDMENTS	
2020 GENERAL SESSION	
STATE OF UTAH	
Chief Sponsor: Evan J. Vickers	
House Sponsor:	
LONG TITLE	=
General Description:	
This bill amends provisions related to medical cannabis.	
Highlighted Provisions:	
This bill:	
defines terms;	
 removes certain dosage form requirements for cannabinoid products; 	
 allows for the use of cannabidiol from outside the state in certain circumstances; 	
 provides for cannabis cultivation facilities rather than cannabis processing facilities 	
to acquire cannabis from industrial hemp processors;	
 amends proximity requirements regarding community locations; 	
 allows for the Utah Department of Agriculture and Food (UDAF) to operate an 	
independent cannabis testing laboratory;	
 increases the ability of UDAF to revoke a cannabis production establishment 	
license;	
 clarifies provisions regarding license renewal; 	
 allows a cannabis cultivation facility to operate using up to two locations; 	
 allows for the use of stacking plants within allotted square footage limitations; 	
 allows an individual without a state cannabis-related license to transport medical 	
cannabis devices in certain circumstances;	
 amends provisions regarding the packaging for raw cannabis flower; 	



28	•	amend	s pro	ovisior	ıs r	egardi	ing	flavoring	of	cannabis	prod	ucts;

- 29 allows the Cannabinoid Product Board to review a broader category of scientific 30 research;
- amends the directions of use and dosing guidelines that may be associated with a medical cannabis recommendation;
 - amends the medicinal dosage form for unprocessed cannabis flower;
- amends provisions regarding access to the electronic verification system by law
 enforcement, certain medical staff, and certain financial institutions that the
- 36 Division of Finance validates;

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- amends provisions regarding the obtaining and renewing of medical cannabis cards;
- reduces the degree required for the professional who diagnoses or confirms post-traumatic stress disorder as a qualifying condition;
- 40 requires the Compassionate Use Board to review recommendations for the use of
 41 medical cannabis devices by patients under a certain age to vaporize medical
 42 cannabis;
- provides for an expedited petition process from the compassionate use board to the Department of Health (DoH);
 - ► amends the patient limits on qualified medical providers and the specializations which allow qualified medical providers to recommend medical cannabis to a larger patient population;
 - ► amends provisions regarding medical professionals advertising regarding medical cannabis;
 - provides protections for state or political subdivisions employees using medical cannabis;
 - provides that private employers are not required to accommodate the use of medical cannabis;
 - directs the Department of Health to establish a registration process that would allow out-of-state patients visiting the state to purchase medical cannabis within the state under certain conditions;
- 57 amends provisions regarding designated caregivers for certain minors and patients 58 in certain health care facilities;

59 amends certain criminal penalties, including for certain nonresident patients, to be 60 infractions on a first offense; 61 • increases the ability of DoH to revoke a medical cannabis pharmacy license: 62 • amends requirements for pharmacist counseling or consultation based on the 63 directions of use and dosing guidelines that may accompany a medical cannabis 64 recommendation; 65 allows a medical cannabis pharmacy to purchase medical cannabis devices from a 66 seller that does not have a state cannabis-related license: 67 • allow UDAF to conduct random sampling of medical cannabis in medical cannabis 68 pharmacies; 69 amends provisions regarding medical cannabis pharmacy advertising; 70 ► amends provisions regarding the transportation of medical cannabis and medical cannabis devices: 71 72 • allows for the state central patient portal to facilitate electronic medical cannabis 73 orders for an individual to obtain in person at a medical cannabis pharmacy. 74 • allows a pharmacy medical provider to transport medical cannabis in certain 75 circumstances; 76 provides that meetings of the compassionate use board are closed meetings; 77 • amends the definition of marijuana; • creates a rebuttable presumption for cannabidiol use in certain circumstances; 78 79 ▶ adds a cannabis-based drug to the Controlled Substances Act; 80 • exempts cannabis metabolite from a driving-related crime in certain circumstances; 81 amends the level of negligence required for certain marijuana-related vehicular 82 injuries to constitute a felony; 83 distinguishes medical cannabis devices from electronic cigarettes; 84 • exempts a lawful medical cannabis user from a weapons restriction; 85 provides for expungement of cannabis-related convictions in certain circumstances; 86 and

makes technical and conforming changes.

Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

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90	Other Special Clauses:
91	This bill provides a special effective date.
92	Utah Code Sections Affected:
93	AMENDS:
94	4-41-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 23
95	4-41-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 23
96	4-41a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
97	4-41a-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
98	4-41a-203, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Third Special Session,
99	Chapter 1
100	4-41a-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
101	4-41a-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
102	4-41a-602, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Third Special Session,
103	Chapter 1
104	4-41a-603, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Third Special Session,
105	Chapter 1
106	26-61-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Third Special Session, Chapter 1
107	26-61a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
108	26-61a-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
109	26-61a-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 136
110	26-61a-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 341
111	26-61a-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
112	26-61a-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
113	26-61a-113, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Third Special Session, Chapter 1
114	26-61a-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
115	26-61a-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
116	26-61a-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
117	26-61a-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
118	26-61a-303, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Third Special Session
119	Chapter 1
120	26-61a-501, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Third Special Session

121	Chapter 1
122	26-61a-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
123	26-61a-504, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 136
124	26-61a-505, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
125	26-61a-506, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
126	26-61a-601, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session,
127	Chapter 5
128	26-61a-603, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session,
129	Chapter 5
130	26-61a-605, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
131	41-6a-517, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Third Special Session, Chapter 1
132	52-4-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 417
133	58-37-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 258
134	58-37-3.7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
135	58-37-3.9, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 5
136	58-37-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 59 and 343
137	58-37-8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 58
138	76-10-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 66, 132 and last amended
139	by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 132
140	76-10-528, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 458
141	77-40-105 (Superseded 05/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 266
142	77-40-105 (Effective 05/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 448
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144	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
145	Section 1. Section 4-41-102 is amended to read:
146	4-41-102. Definitions.
147	As used in this chapter:
148	(1) "Cannabinoid product" means a chemical compound extracted from a hemp
149	product that:
150	(a) is processed into a medicinal dosage form; and
151	(b) contains less than 0.3% tetrahydrocannabinol by dry weight.

(2) "Industrial hemp" means any part of a cannabis plant, whether growing or not, with a concentration of less than 0.3% tetrahydrocannabinol by dry weight.

- (3) "Industrial hemp certificate" means a certificate that the department issues to a higher education institution to grow or cultivate industrial hemp under Subsection 4-41-103(1).
- (4) "Industrial hemp license" means a license that the department issues to a person for the purpose of growing, cultivating, processing, or marketing industrial hemp or an industrial hemp product.
- (5) "Industrial hemp product" means a product derived from, or made by, processing industrial hemp plants or industrial hemp parts.
- (6) "Licensee" means an individual or business entity possessing a license that the department issues under this chapter to grow, cultivate, process, or market industrial hemp or an industrial hemp product.
 - (7) "Medicinal dosage form" means:
- (a) a tablet;

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- (b) a capsule;
- (c) a concentrated oil;
- (d) a liquid suspension;
- [(d)] (e) a sublingual preparation;
- 170 $[\underline{\text{(e)}}]$ $\underline{\text{(f)}}$ a topical preparation;
- [(f)] (g) a transdermal preparation;
- [(g)] (h) a gelatinous cube, gelatinous rectangular cuboid, or lozenge in a cube or rectangular cuboid shape; or
- [(h)] (i) other preparations that the department approves.
- 175 (8) "Person" means:
- 176 (a) an individual, partnership, association, firm, trust, limited liability company, or 177 corporation; and
 - (b) an agent or employee of an individual, partnership, association, firm, trust, limited liability company, or corporation.
- 180 (9) "Research pilot program" means a program conducted by the department in 181 collaboration with at least one licensee to study methods of cultivating, processing, or 182 marketing industrial hemp.

183	Section 2. Section 4-41-402 is amended to read:
184	4-41-402. Cannabinoid sales and use authorized.
185	(1) The sale or use of a cannabinoid product is prohibited:
186	(a) except as provided in this chapter; or
187	(b) unless the United States Food and Drug Administration approves the product.
188	(2) The department shall keep a list of registered cannabinoid products that the
189	department has determined, in accordance with Section 4-41-403, are safe for human
190	consumption.
191	(3) (a) A person may sell or use a cannabinoid product that is in the list of registered
192	[cannabidiol] cannabinoid products described in Subsection (2).
193	(b) An individual may use cannabidiol or a cannabidiol product that is not in the list of
194	registered cannabinoid products described in Subsection (2) if:
195	(i) the person purchased the product outside the state; and
196	(ii) the product's contents do not violate Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled
197	Substances Act.
198	Section 3. Section 4-41a-102 is amended to read:
199	4-41a-102. Definitions.
200	As used in this chapter:
201	(1) "Cannabis" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102.
202	(2) "Cannabis cultivation facility" means a person that:
203	(a) possesses cannabis;
204	(b) (i) grows or intends to grow cannabis; [and] or
205	(ii) acquires or intends to acquire cannabis from a holder of an industrial hemp
206	processor license under Title 4, Chapter 41, Hemp and Cannabinoid Act; and
207	(c) sells or intends to sell cannabis to a cannabis cultivation facility, a cannabis
208	processing facility, or a medical cannabis research licensee.
209	(3) "Cannabis cultivation facility agent" means an individual who:
210	(a) is an employee of a cannabis cultivation facility; and
211	(b) holds a valid cannabis production establishment agent registration card.
212	(4) "Cannabis processing facility" means a person that:
213	(a) acquires or intends to acquire cannabis from a cannabis production establishment

214 or a holder of an industrial hemp processor license under Title 4, Chapter 41, Hemp and 215 Cannabinoid Act]; 216 (b) possesses cannabis with the intent to manufacture a cannabis product; 217 (c) manufactures or intends to manufacture a cannabis product from unprocessed 218 cannabis or a cannabis extract; and 219 (d) sells or intends to sell a cannabis product to a medical cannabis pharmacy or a 220 medical cannabis research licensee. 221 (5) "Cannabis processing facility agent" means an individual who: 222 (a) is an employee of a cannabis processing facility; and 223 (b) holds a valid cannabis production establishment agent registration card. 224 (6) "Cannabis product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102. 225 (7) "Cannabis production establishment" means a cannabis cultivation facility, a 226 cannabis processing facility, or an independent cannabis testing laboratory. (8) "Cannabis production establishment agent" means a cannabis cultivation facility 227 228 agent, a cannabis processing facility agent, or an independent cannabis testing laboratory agent. 229 (9) "Cannabis production establishment agent registration card" means a registration 230 card that the department issues that: 231 (a) authorizes an individual to act as a cannabis production establishment agent; and 232 (b) designates the type of cannabis production establishment for which an individual is 233 authorized to act as an agent. 234 (10) "Community location" means a public or private elementary or secondary school, [a licensed child-care facility or preschool,] a church, a public library, a public playground, or a 235 236 public park. 237 (11) "Department" means the Department of Agriculture and Food. 238 (12) "Family member" means a parent, step-parent, spouse, child, sibling, step-sibling, 239 uncle, aunt, nephew, niece, first cousin, mother-in-law, father-in-law, brother-in-law, 240 sister-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, grandparent, or grandchild. 241 (13) (a) "Independent cannabis testing laboratory" means a person that: 242 [(a)] (i) conducts a chemical or other analysis of cannabis or a cannabis product; or

[(b)] (ii) acquires, possesses, and transports cannabis or a cannabis product with the

intent to conduct a chemical or other analysis of the cannabis or cannabis product.

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245	(b) "Independent cannabis testing laboratory" includes a laboratory that the department
246	operates in accordance with Subsection 4-41a-201(14).
247	(14) "Independent cannabis testing laboratory agent" means an individual who:
248	(a) is an employee of an independent cannabis testing laboratory; and
249	(b) holds a valid cannabis production establishment agent registration card.
250	(15) "Inventory control system" means a system described in Section 4-41a-103.
251	(16) "Medical cannabis" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102.
252	(17) "Medical cannabis card" means the same as that term is defined in Section
253	26-61a-102.
254	(18) "Medical cannabis pharmacy" means the same as that term is defined in Section
255	26-61a-102.
256	(19) "Medical cannabis pharmacy agent" means the same as that term is defined in
257	Section 26-61a-102.
258	(20) "Medical cannabis research license" means a license that the department issues to
259	a research university for the purpose of obtaining and possessing medical cannabis for
260	academic research.
261	(21) "Medical cannabis research licensee" means a research university that the
262	department licenses to obtain and possess medical cannabis for academic research, in
263	accordance with Section 4-41a-901.
264	(22) "Medical cannabis treatment" means the same as that term is defined in Section
265	26-61a-102.
266	(23) "Medicinal dosage form" means the same as that term is defined in Section
267	26-61a-102.
268	(24) "Qualified medical provider" means the same as that term is defined in Section
269	26-61a-102.
270	(25) "Qualified Production Enterprise Fund" means the fund created in Section
271	4-41a-104.
272	(26) "Research university" means the same as that term is defined in Section
273	53B-7-702.
274	(27) "State electronic verification system" means the system described in Section
275	26-61a-103.

276 (28) "Tetrahydrocannabinol" means a substance derived from cannabis or a synthetic 277 equivalent as described in Subsection 58-37-4(2)(a)(iii)(AA). 278 (29) "Total composite tetrahydrocannabinol" means delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol and 279 tetrahydrocannabinolic acid. 280 Section 4. Section **4-41a-201** is amended to read: 281 4-41a-201. Cannabis production establishment -- License. 282 (1) [A] Except as provided in Subsection (14), a person may not operate a cannabis 283 production establishment without a license that the department issues under this chapter. 284 (2) (a) (i) Subject to Subsections (6), (7), (8), and (13) and to Section 4-41a-205: (A) for a licensing process that the department initiated before September 23, 2019, the 285 286 department shall use the procedures in Title 63G. Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, to 287 review and rank applications for a cannabis production establishment license; and (B) for a licensing process that the department initiates after September 23, 2019, the 288 289 department shall issue a license to operate a cannabis production establishment in accordance 290 with the procedures described in Subsection (2)(a)(iii). 291 (ii) The department may not issue a license to operate a cannabis production 292 establishment to an applicant who is not eligible for a license under this section. 293 (iii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, 294 the department shall make rules to specify a transparent and efficient process to: 295 (A) solicit applications for a license under this section; 296 (B) allow for comments and questions in the development of applications; 297 (C) timely and objectively evaluate applications: (D) hold public hearings that the department deems appropriate; and 298 299 (E) select applicants to receive a license. 300 (b) An applicant is eligible for a license under this section if the applicant submits to 301 the department: (i) subject to Subsection (2)(c), a proposed name and address or, for a cannabis 302 303 cultivation facility, addresses of no more than two facility locations, located in a zone described 304 in Subsection 4-41a-406(2)(a) or (b), where the applicant will operate the cannabis production 305 establishment; 306 (ii) the name and address of any individual who has:

307	(A) a financial or voting interest of 2% or greater in the proposed cannabis production
308	establishment; or
309	(B) the power to direct or cause the management or control of a proposed cannabis
310	production establishment;
311	(iii) an operating plan that:
312	(A) complies with Section 4-41a-204;
313	(B) includes operating procedures that comply with this chapter and any law the
314	municipality or county in which the person is located adopts that is consistent with Section
315	4-41a-406; and
316	(C) the department approves;
317	(iv) a statement that the applicant will obtain and maintain a performance bond that a
318	surety authorized to transact surety business in the state issues in an amount of at least:
319	(A) \$250,000 for each cannabis cultivation facility for which the applicant applies; or
320	(B) \$50,000 for each cannabis processing facility or independent cannabis testing
321	laboratory for which the applicant applies;
322	(v) an application fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection 4-41a-104(5), the
323	department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504; and
324	(vi) a description of any investigation or adverse action taken by any licensing
325	jurisdiction, government agency, law enforcement agency, or court in any state for any
326	violation or detrimental conduct in relation to any of the applicant's cannabis-related operations
327	or businesses.
328	(c) (i) A person may not locate a cannabis production establishment:
329	(A) within 1,000 feet of a community location; or
330	(B) in or within 600 feet of a district that the relevant municipality or county has zoned
331	as primarily residential.
332	(ii) The proximity requirements described in Subsection (2)(c)(i) shall be measured
333	from the nearest entrance to the cannabis production establishment by following the shortest
334	route of ordinary pedestrian travel to the property boundary of the community location or
335	residential area.
336	(iii) The department may grant a waiver to reduce the proximity requirements in
337	Subsection (2)(c)(i) by up to 20% if the department determines that it is not reasonably feasible

for the applicant to site the proposed cannabis production establishment without the waiver.

- (iv) An applicant for a license under this section shall provide evidence of compliance with the proximity requirements described in Subsection (2)(c)(i).
 - (3) If the department approves an application for a license under this section:
- (a) the applicant shall pay the department an initial license fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection 4-41a-104(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504; and
- (b) the department shall notify the Department of Public Safety of the license approval and the names of each individual described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii).
- (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), the department shall require a separate license for each type of cannabis production establishment and each location of a cannabis production establishment.
- (b) The department may issue a cannabis cultivation facility license and a cannabis processing facility license to a person to operate at the same physical location or at separate physical locations.
- (5) If the department receives more than one application for a cannabis production establishment within the same city or town, the department shall consult with the local land use authority before approving any of the applications pertaining to that city or town.
- (6) The department may not issue a license to operate an independent cannabis testing laboratory to a person who:
- (a) holds a license or has an ownership interest in a medical cannabis pharmacy, a cannabis processing facility, or a cannabis cultivation facility;
- (b) has an owner, officer, director, or employee whose family member holds a license or has an ownership interest in a medical cannabis pharmacy, a cannabis processing facility, or a cannabis cultivation facility; or
- (c) proposes to operate the independent cannabis testing laboratory at the same physical location as a medical cannabis pharmacy, a cannabis processing facility, or a cannabis cultivation facility.
- (7) The department may not issue a license to operate a cannabis production establishment to an applicant if any individual described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii):
 - (a) has been convicted under state or federal law of:

369	(1) a felony; or
370	(ii) after December 3, 2018, a misdemeanor for drug distribution;
371	(b) is younger than 21 years old; or
372	(c) after September 23, 2019 until January 1, 2023, is actively serving as a legislator.
373	(8) If an applicant for a cannabis production establishment license under this section
374	holds a license under Title 4, Chapter 41, Hemp and Cannabinoid Act, or Title 26, Chapter 61a,
375	Utah Medical Cannabis Act, the department:
376	(a) shall consult with the Department of Health regarding the applicant if the license
377	the applicant holds is a license under Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act; and
378	(b) may not give preference to the applicant based on the applicant's status as a holder
379	of a license described in this Subsection (8).
380	(9) The department may revoke a license under this part:
381	(a) if the cannabis production establishment does not begin cannabis production
382	operations within one year after the day on which the department issues the initial license;
383	(b) after the cannabis production establishment makes the same violation of this
384	chapter three times;
385	(c) if any individual described in Subsection (2)(b) is convicted, while the license is
386	active, under state or federal law of:
387	(i) a felony; or
388	(ii) after December 3, 2018, a misdemeanor for drug distribution; [or]
389	(d) if the licensee fails to provide the information described in Subsection (2)(b)(vi) at
390	the time of application, or fails to supplement the information described in Subsection
391	(2)(b)(vi) with any investigation or adverse action that occurs after the submission of the
392	application[-] within 14 calendar days after the licensee receives notice of the investigation or
<u>393</u>	adverse action; or
394	(e) if the cannabis production establishment demonstrates a willful or reckless
395	disregard for the requirements of this chapter or the rules the department makes in accordance
396	with this chapter.
397	(10) (a) A person who receives a cannabis production establishment license under this
398	chapter, if the municipality or county where the licensed cannabis production establishment
399	will be located requires a local land use permit, shall submit to the department a copy of the

400	licensee's approved application for the land use permit within 120 days after the day on which
401	the department issues the license.
402	(b) If a licensee fails to submit to the department a copy of the licensee's approved land
403	use permit application in accordance with Subsection (10)(a), the department may revoke the
404	licensee's license.
405	(11) The department shall deposit the proceeds of a fee that the department imposes
406	under this section into the Qualified Production Enterprise Fund.
407	(12) The department shall begin accepting applications under this part on or before
408	January 1, 2020.
409	(13) (a) The department's authority to issue a license under this section is plenary and is
410	not subject to review.
411	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A), the decision of the department to award a
412	license to an applicant is not subject to:
413	(i) Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Part 16, Protests; or
414	(ii) Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Part 17, Procurement Appeals Board.
415	(14) Notwithstanding this section, the department:
416	(a) may operate an independent cannabis testing laboratory;
417	(b) if the department operates an independent cannabis testing laboratory, may not:
418	(i) issue a license to operate as an independent testing laboratory until July 1, 2022; and
419	(ii) cease operating the independent cannabis testing laboratory unless:
420	(A) the department issues at least two licenses to independent cannabis testing
421	laboratories; and
422	(B) the department has ensured that the licensed independent cannabis testing
423	laboratories have sufficient capacity to provide the testing necessary to support the state's
424	medical cannabis market; and
425	(c) after ceasing operations under Subsection (14)(b)(ii) shall resume independent
426	cannabis testing laboratory operations at any time if:
427	(i) fewer than two licensed independent cannabis testing laboratories are operating; or
428	(ii) the licensed independent cannabis testing laboratories become, in the department's
429	determination, unable to fully meet the market demand for testing.
430	Section 5. Section 4-41a-203 is amended to read:

431	4-41a-203. Renewal.
432	The department shall renew a license issued under Section 4-41a-201 every year
433	without opening a process described in Subsection 4-41a-203(2)(a) if, at the time of renewal:
434	(1) the licensee meets the requirements of Section 4-41a-201;
435	(2) the licensee pays the department a license renewal fee in an amount that, subject to
436	Subsection 4-41a-104(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504; and
437	(3) if the cannabis production establishment changes the operating plan described in
438	Section 4-41a-204 that the department approved under Subsection 4-41a-201(2)(b)(iii), the
139	department approves the new operating plan.
440	Section 6. Section 4-41a-204 is amended to read:
441	4-41a-204. Operating plan.
142	(1) A person applying for a cannabis production establishment license or license
143	renewal shall submit to the department for the department's review a proposed operating plan
144	that complies with this section and that includes:
145	(a) a description of the physical characteristics of the proposed facility or, for a
146	cannabis cultivation facility, no more than two facility locations, including a floor plan and an
147	architectural elevation;
148	(b) a description of the credentials and experience of:
149	(i) each officer, director, and owner of the proposed cannabis production
450	establishment; and
451	(ii) any highly skilled or experienced prospective employee;
452	(c) the cannabis production establishment's employee training standards;
453	(d) a security plan;
454	(e) a description of the cannabis production establishment's inventory control system,
455	including a description of how the inventory control system is compatible with the state
456	electronic verification system described in Section 26-61a-103;
457	(f) storage protocols, both short- and long-term, to ensure that cannabis is stored in a
458	manner that is sanitary and preserves the integrity of the cannabis;
459	(g) for a cannabis cultivation facility, the information described in Subsection (2);
460	(h) for a cannabis processing facility, the information described in Subsection (3); and
461	(i) for an independent cannabis testing laboratory, the information described in

462	Subsection	(4)	١.
102	Duobection	\ : <i>1</i>	٠.

- (2) (a) A cannabis cultivation facility shall ensure that the facility's operating plan includes the facility's intended:
- (i) cannabis cultivation practices, including the facility's intended pesticide use and fertilizer use; and
- (ii) subject to Subsection (2)(b), acreage or square footage under cultivation and anticipated cannabis yield.
- (b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c)(i) or (d)(ii), a cannabis cultivation facility may not:
- (i) for a facility that cultivates cannabis only indoors[:(A)], use more than 100,000 total horizontal square feet for cultivation[; or (B) hang, suspend, stack], regardless of whether the square footage is used through hanging, suspending, stacking, or otherwise [position] positioning plants above other plants to cultivate more plants through use of vertical space;
- (ii) for a facility that cultivates cannabis only outdoors, use more than four acres for cultivation; and
- (iii) for a facility that cultivates cannabis through a combination of indoor and outdoor cultivation, use more combined indoor square footage and outdoor acreage than allowed under the department's formula described in Subsection (2)(e).
- (c) (i) Each licensee may annually apply to the department for authorization to exceed the cannabis cultivation facility's current cultivation size limitation by up to 20%.
- (ii) The department may, after conducting a review as described in Subsection 4-41a-205(2)(a), grant the authorization described in Subsection (2)(c)(i).
- (d) If a licensee describes an intended acreage or square footage under cultivation under Subsection (2)(a)(ii) that is less than the limitation described in Subsection (2)(b):
- (i) the licensee may not cultivate more than the licensee's identified intended acreage or square footage under cultivation; and
- (ii) notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b), the department may allocate the remaining difference in acreage or square footage under cultivation to another licensee.
- (e) The department shall, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, establish a formula for combined usage of indoor and outdoor cultivation that:

493	(i) does not exceed, in estimated cultivation yield, the aggregate limitations described
494	in Subsection (2)(b)(i) or (ii); and
495	(ii) allows a cannabis cultivation facility to operate both indoors and outdoors.
496	(f) (i) The department may authorize a cannabis cultivation facility to operate at no
497	more than two separate locations.
498	(ii) If the department authorizes multiple locations under Subsection (2)(f)(i), the two
499	cannabis cultivation facility locations combined may not exceed the cultivation limitations
500	described in this Subsection (2).
501	[(f) Notwithstanding an applicant's proposed operating plan, a cannabis production
502	establishment is subject to land use regulations, as defined in Sections 10-9a-103 and
503	17-27a-103, regarding the availability of outdoor cultivation in an industrial zone.]
504	(3) A cannabis processing facility's operating plan shall include the facility's intended
505	cannabis processing practices, including the cannabis processing facility's intended:
506	(a) offered variety of cannabis product;
507	(b) cannabinoid extraction method;
508	(c) cannabinoid extraction equipment;
509	(d) processing equipment;
510	(e) processing techniques; and
511	(f) sanitation and manufacturing safety procedures for items for human consumption.
512	(4) An independent cannabis testing laboratory's operating plan shall include the
513	laboratory's intended:
514	(a) cannabis and cannabis product testing capability;
515	(b) cannabis and cannabis product testing equipment; and
516	(c) testing methods, standards, practices, and procedures for testing cannabis and
517	cannabis products.
518	(5) Notwithstanding an applicant's proposed operating plan, a cannabis production
519	establishment is subject to land use regulations, as defined in Sections 10-9a-103 and
520	17-27a-103, regarding the availability of outdoor cultivation in an industrial zone.
521	Section 7. Section 4-41a-404 is amended to read:
522	4-41a-404. Cannabis, cannabis product, or medical cannabis device
523	transportation.

(1) (a) Only the following individuals may transport cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device under this chapter:(i) a registered cannabis production establishment agent; or

- (ii) a medical cannabis cardholder who is transporting a medical cannabis treatment that the cardholder is authorized to possess under this chapter.
- (b) Only an agent of a cannabis cultivation facility, when the agent is transporting cannabis plants to a cannabis processing facility or an independent cannabis testing laboratory, may transport unprocessed cannabis outside of a medicinal dosage form.
- (2) Except for an individual with a valid medical cannabis card under Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act, who is transporting a medical cannabis treatment shall possess a transportation manifest that:
- (a) includes a unique identifier that links the cannabis, cannabis product, or medical cannabis device to a relevant inventory control system;
- (b) includes origin and destination information for any cannabis, cannabis product, or medical cannabis device that the individual is transporting; and
- (c) identifies the departure and arrival times and locations of the individual transporting the cannabis, cannabis product, or medical cannabis device.
- (3) (a) In addition to the requirements in Subsections (1) and (2), the department may establish by rule, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, requirements for transporting cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device to ensure that the cannabis, cannabis product, or medical cannabis device remains safe for human consumption.
 - (b) The transportation described in Subsection (3)(a) is limited to transportation:
- (i) between a cannabis [cultivation facility] production establishment and[: (A)] another cannabis [cultivation facility; or (B) a cannabis processing facility] production establishment; and
- (ii) between a cannabis processing facility and [: (A) another cannabis processing facility; (B) an independent cannabis testing laboratory; or (C) a medical cannabis pharmacy.
- (4) (a) It is unlawful for a registered cannabis production establishment agent to make a transport described in this section with a manifest that does not meet the requirements of this

555	section.
556	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(d), an agent who violates Subsection (4)(a) is:
557	(i) guilty of an infraction; and
558	(ii) subject to a \$100 fine.
559	(c) An individual who is guilty of a violation described in Subsection (4)(b) is not
560	guilty of a violation of Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, for the conduct
561	underlying the violation described in Subsection (4)(b).
562	(d) If the agent described in Subsection (4)(a) is transporting more cannabis, cannabis
563	product, or medical cannabis devices than the manifest identifies, except for a de minimis
564	administrative error:
565	(i) the penalty described in Subsection (4)(b) does not apply; and
566	(ii) the agent is subject to penalties under Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled
567	Substances Act.
568	(5) Nothing in this section prevents the department from taking administrative
569	enforcement action against a cannabis production establishment or another person for failing to
570	make a transport in compliance with the requirements of this section.
571	(6) Notwithstanding this section, an individual may transport a medical cannabis
572	device to a medical cannabis pharmacy in the circumstance described in Subsection
573	<u>26-61a-502(10).</u>
574	Section 8. Section 4-41a-602 is amended to read:
575	4-41a-602. Cannabis product Labeling and child-resistant packaging.
576	(1) For any cannabis product that a cannabis processing facility processes or produces
577	and for any raw cannabis that the facility packages, the facility shall:
578	(a) label the <u>cannabis or</u> cannabis product with a label that:
579	(i) clearly and unambiguously states that the cannabis product or package contains
580	cannabis;
581	(ii) clearly displays the amount of total composite tetrahydrocannabinol and
582	cannabidiol in the labeled container;
583	(iii) has a unique identification number that:
584	(A) is connected to the inventory control system; and
585	(B) identifies the unique cannabis product manufacturing process the cannabis

586	processing facility used to manufacture the cannabis product;
587	(iv) identifies the cannabinoid extraction process that the cannabis processing facility
588	used to create the cannabis product;
589	(v) does not display an image, word, or phrase that the facility knows or should know
590	appeals to children; and
591	(vi) discloses each active or potentially active ingredient, in order of prominence, and
592	possible allergen; and
593	(b) package the raw cannabis or cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form in a
594	container that:
595	(i) [except for a blister pack,] is tamper evident and tamper resistant;
596	(ii) does not appeal to children;
597	(iii) does not mimic a candy container;
598	(iv) [except for a blister pack,] is opaque;
599	(v) complies with child-resistant effectiveness standards that the United States
600	Consumer Product Safety Commission establishes; and
601	(vi) includes a warning label that states: "WARNING: Cannabis has intoxicating
602	effects and may be addictive. Do not operate a vehicle or machinery under its influence. KEEP
603	OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. This product is for medical use only. Use only as directed
604	by a qualified medical provider."
605	(2) For any cannabis or cannabis product that the cannabis processing facility processes
606	into a gelatinous cube, gelatinous rectangular cuboid, or lozenge in a cube or rectangular
607	cuboid shape, the facility shall:
608	(a) ensure that the label described in Subsection (1)(a) does not contain a photograph or
609	other image of the content of the container; and
610	(b) include on the label described in Subsection (1)(a) a warning about the risks of
611	over-consumption.
612	(3) The department shall make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
613	Administrative Rulemaking Act[, establishing] to establish:
614	(a) a standard labeling format that:
615	[(a)] (i) complies with the requirements of this section; and
616	[(b)] (ii) ensures inclusion of a pharmacy label[-]; and

617	(b) additional requirements on packaging for cannabis and cannabis products to ensure
618	safety and product quality.
619	Section 9. Section 4-41a-603 is amended to read:
620	4-41a-603. Cannabis product Product quality.
621	(1) (a) A cannabis processing facility may not produce a cannabis product in a physical
622	form that:
623	[(a)] (i) the facility knows or should know appeals to children;
624	[(b)] (ii) is designed to mimic or could be mistaken for a candy product; or
625	[(c)] (iii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), for a cannabis product used in
626	vaporization other than unprocessed cannabis flower, includes a candy-like flavor or another
627	flavor that the facility knows or should know appeals to children.
628	(b) A cannabis processing facility may produce a concentrated oil with a flavor that the
629	department approves.
630	(2) A cannabis product may vary in the cannabis product's labeled cannabinoid profile
631	by up to 10% of the indicated amount of a given cannabinoid, by weight.
632	(3) The department shall adopt by rule, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
633	Administrative Rulemaking Act, human safety standards for the manufacturing of cannabis
634	products that are consistent with best practices for the use of cannabis.
635	Section 10. Section 26-61-202 is amended to read:
636	26-61-202. Cannabinoid Product Board Duties.
637	(1) The board shall review any available scientific research related to the human use of
638	cannabis, a cannabinoid product, or an expanded cannabinoid product that:
639	(a) was conducted under a study approved by an IRB; [or]
640	(b) was conducted or approved by the federal government[-]; or
641	(c) (i) was conducted in another country; and
642	(ii) demonstrates, as determined by the board, a sufficient level of scientific reliability
643	and significance to merit the board's review.
644	(2) Based on the research described in Subsection (1), the board shall evaluate the
645	safety and efficacy of cannabis, cannabinoid products, and expanded cannabinoid products,
646	including:
647	(a) medical conditions that respond to cannabis, cannabinoid products, and expanded

648	cannabinoid products;
649	(b) cannabis and cannabinoid dosage amounts and medical dosage forms;
650	(c) interaction of cannabis, cannabinoid products, and expanded cannabinoid products
651	with other treatments; and
652	(d) contraindications, adverse reactions, and potential side effects from use of cannabis,
653	cannabinoid products, and expanded cannabinoid products.
654	(3) Based on the board's evaluation under Subsection (2), the board shall develop
655	guidelines for treatment with cannabis, a cannabinoid product, and an expanded cannabinoid
656	product that include:
657	(a) a list of medical conditions, if any, that the board determines are appropriate for
658	treatment with cannabis, a cannabis product, a cannabinoid product, or an expanded
659	cannabinoid product;
660	(b) a list of contraindications, side effects, and adverse reactions that are associated
661	with use of cannabis, cannabinoid products, or expanded cannabinoid products; [and]
662	(c) a list of potential drug-drug interactions between medications that the United States
663	Food and Drug Administration has approved and cannabis, cannabinoid products, and
664	expanded cannabinoid products[-]; and
665	(d) any other guideline the board determines appropriate.
666	(4) The board shall submit the guidelines described in Subsection (3) to:
667	(a) the director of the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing; and
668	(b) the Health and Human Services Interim Committee.
669	(5) The board shall report the board's findings before November 1 of each year to the
670	Health and Human Services Interim Committee.
671	(6) Guidelines that the board develops under this section may not limit the availability
672	of cannabis, cannabinoid products, or expanded cannabinoid products permitted under Title 4,
673	Chapter 41a, Cannabis Production Establishments, or Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical
674	Cannabis Act.
675	Section 11. Section 26-61a-102 is amended to read:
676	26-61a-102. Definitions.

677

678

As used in this chapter:

[(1) "Blister" means a plastic cavity or pocket used to contain no more than a single

679	dose of cannabis or a cannabis product in a blister pack.]
680	[(2) "Blister pack" means a plastic, paper, or foil package with multiple blisters each
681	containing no more than a single dose of cannabis or a cannabis product.]
682	[(3)] <u>(1)</u> "Cannabis" means marijuana.
683	[(4)] (2) "Cannabis cultivation facility" means the same as that term is defined in
684	Section 4-41a-102.
685	[(5)] (3) "Cannabis processing facility" means the same as that term is defined in
686	Section 4-41a-102.
687	[(6)] <u>(4)</u> "Cannabis product" means a product that:
688	(a) is intended for human use; and
689	(b) contains cannabis or tetrahydrocannabinol.
690	[(7)] <u>(5)</u> "Cannabis production establishment" means the same as that term is defined
691	in Section 4-41a-102.
692	[(8)] (6) "Cannabis production establishment agent" means the same as that term is
693	defined in Section 4-41a-102.
694	[(9)] (7) "Cannabis production establishment agent registration card" means the same
695	as that term is defined in Section 4-41a-102.
696	[(10)] (8) "Community location" means a public or private elementary or secondary
697	school, [a licensed child-care facility or preschool,] a church, a public library, a public
698	playground, or a public park.
699	[(11)] (9) "Department" means the Department of Health.
700	[(12)] (10) "Designated caregiver" means:
701	(a) an individual:
702	[(a)] (i) whom an individual with a medical cannabis patient card or a medical cannabis
703	guardian card designates as the patient's caregiver; and
704	[(b)] (ii) who registers with the department under Section 26-61a-202[-]; or
705	(b) (i) a facility that an individual designates as a designated caregiver in accordance
706	with Subsection 26-61a-202(1)(b); or
707	(ii) an assigned employee of the facility described in Subsection 26-61a-202(1)(b)(ii).
708	(11) "Directions of use" means recommended routes of administration for a medical
709	cannabis treatment and suggested usage guidelines.

710	[(13)] (12) "Dosing [parameters] guidelines" means a quantity[, routes,] range and
711	frequency of administration for a recommended treatment of [cannabis in a medicinal dosage
712	form or a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form] medical cannabis.
713	[(14)] (13) "Financial institution" means a bank, trust company, savings institution, or
714	credit union, chartered and supervised under state or federal law.
715	[(15)] (14) "Home delivery medical cannabis pharmacy" means a medical cannabis
716	pharmacy that the department authorizes, as part of the pharmacy's license, to deliver medical
717	cannabis shipments to a medical cannabis cardholder's home address to fulfill electronic orders
718	that the state central patient portal facilitates.
719	[(16)] (15) "Independent cannabis testing laboratory" means the same as that term is
720	defined in Section 4-41a-102.
721	[(17)] (16) "Inventory control system" means the system described in Section
722	4-41a-103.
723	(17) "Legal use termination date" means a date on the label of a container of
724	unprocessed cannabis flower:
725	(a) that is 60 days after the date of purchase of the cannabis; and
726	(b) after which, the cannabis is no longer in a medicinal dosage form outside of the
727	primary residence of the relevant medical cannabis patient cardholder.
728	(18) "Marijuana" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2.
729	(19) "Medical cannabis" means cannabis in a medicinal dosage form or a cannabis
730	product in a medicinal dosage form.
731	(20) "Medical cannabis card" means a medical cannabis patient card, a medical
732	cannabis guardian card, or a medical cannabis caregiver card.
733	(21) "Medical cannabis cardholder" means:
734	(a) a holder of a medical cannabis card[-]; or
735	(b) a facility or assigned employee, described in Subsection (10)(b), only:
736	(i) within the scope of the facility's or assigned employee's performance of the role of a
737	medical cannabis patient cardholder's caregiver designation under Subsection
738	26-61a-202(1)(b); and
739	(ii) while in possession of documentation that establishes:
740	(A) a caregiver designation described in Subsection 26-61a-202(1)(b);

741	(B) the identity of the individual presenting the documentation; and
742	(C) the relation of the individual presenting the documentation to the caregiver
743	designation.
744	(22) "Medical cannabis caregiver card" means an electronic document that a cardholder
745	may print or store on an electronic device or a physical card or document that:
746	(a) the department issues to an individual whom a medical cannabis patient cardholder
747	or a medical cannabis guardian cardholder designates as a designated caregiver; and
748	(b) is connected to the electronic verification system.
749	(23) "Medical cannabis courier" means a courier that:
750	(a) the department licenses in accordance with Section 26-61a-604; and
751	(b) contracts with a home delivery medical cannabis pharmacy to deliver medical
752	cannabis shipments to fulfill electronic orders that the state central patient portal facilitates.
753	(24) (a) "Medical cannabis device" means a device that an individual uses to ingest or
754	inhale cannabis in a medicinal dosage form or a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form.
755	(b) "Medical cannabis device" does not include a device that:
756	(i) facilitates cannabis combustion; or
757	(ii) an individual uses to ingest substances other than cannabis.
758	(25) "Medical cannabis guardian card" means an electronic document that a cardholder
759	may print or store on an electronic device or a physical card or document that:
760	(a) the department issues to the parent or legal guardian of a minor with a qualifying
761	condition; and
762	(b) is connected to the electronic verification system.
763	(26) "Medical cannabis patient card" means an electronic document that a cardholder
764	may print or store on an electronic device or a physical card or document that:
765	(a) the department issues to an individual with a qualifying condition; and
766	(b) is connected to the electronic verification system.
767	(27) "Medical cannabis pharmacy" means a person that:
768	(a) (i) acquires or intends to acquire:
769	(A) cannabis in a medicinal dosage form or a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage
770	form from a cannabis processing facility; or
771	(B) a medical cannahis device: or

772 (ii) possesses cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a cannabis product in a medicinal 773 dosage form, or a medical cannabis device; and 774 (b) sells or intends to sell cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a cannabis product in a 775 medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device to a medical cannabis cardholder. 776 (28) "Medical cannabis pharmacy agent" means an individual who: 777 (a) is an employee of a medical cannabis pharmacy; and 778 (b) who holds a valid medical cannabis pharmacy agent registration card. 779 (29) "Medical cannabis pharmacy agent registration card" means a registration card 780 issued by the department that authorizes an individual to act as a medical cannabis pharmacy 781 agent. (30) "Medical cannabis shipment" means a shipment of medical cannabis or a medical 782 783 cannabis product that a home delivery medical cannabis pharmacy or a medical cannabis 784 courier delivers to a medical cannabis cardholder's home address to fulfill an electronic medical 785 cannabis order that the state central patient portal facilitates. 786 (31) "Medical cannabis treatment" means cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a 787 cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device. 788 (32) (a) "Medicinal dosage form" means: 789 (i) for processed medical cannabis or a medical cannabis product, the following with a 790 specific and consistent cannabinoid content: 791 (A) a tablet; 792 (B) a capsule; 793 (C) a concentrated liquid or viscous oil; 794 (D) a liquid suspension; 795 (E) a topical preparation; 796 (F) a transdermal preparation; 797 (G) a sublingual preparation; 798 (H) a gelatinous cube, gelatinous rectangular cuboid, or lozenge in a cube or

(I) [for use only after the individual's qualifying condition has failed to substantially respond to at least two other forms described in this Subsection (32)(a)(i),] a resin or wax;

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801802

rectangular cuboid shape: or

(ii) for unprocessed cannabis flower, [a blister pack, with each individual blister] a

803	container described in Section 4-41a-602 that:
804	(A) [containing] contains cannabis flowers that have a specific and consistent weight
805	that does not exceed one gram and that varies by no more than 10% from the stated weight;
806	[and]
807	(B) at any time the medical cannabis cardholder transports or possesses the container in
808	public, is contained within an opaque, child-resistant bag that the medical cannabis pharmacy
809	provides; and
810	[(B)] (C) [after December 31, 2020,] is labeled with the container's content and
811	weight, the date of purchase, the legal use termination date, and after December 31, 2020, a
812	barcode that provides information connected to an inventory control system [and the individual
813	blister's content and weight]; and
814	(iii) a form measured in grams, milligrams, or milliliters.
815	(b) "Medicinal dosage form" includes a portion of unprocessed cannabis flower that:
816	(i) the medical cannabis cardholder has recently removed from the [blister pack]
817	container described in Subsection (32)(a)(ii) for use; and
818	(ii) does not exceed the quantity described in Subsection (32)(a)(ii).
819	(c) "Medicinal dosage form" does not include:
820	(i) any unprocessed cannabis flower outside of the [blister pack] container described in
821	Subsection (32)(a)(ii), except as provided in Subsection (32)(b); [or]
822	(ii) any unprocessed cannabis flower in a container described in Subsection (32)(a)(ii)
823	after the legal use termination date; or
824	[(ii)] (iii) a process of vaporizing and inhaling concentrated cannabis by placing the
825	cannabis on a nail or other metal object that is heated by a flame, including a blowtorch.
826	(33) "Nonresident patient" means an individual who:
827	(a) is not a resident of Utah or has been a resident of Utah for less than 45 days;
828	(b) has a currently valid medical cannabis card or the equivalent of a medical cannabis
829	card under the laws of another state, district, territory, commonwealth, or insular possession of
830	the United States; and
831	(c) has been diagnosed with a qualifying condition as described in Section 26-61a-104.
832	[(33)] (34) "Payment provider" means an entity that contracts with a cannabis
833	production establishment or medical cannabis pharmacy to facilitate transfers of funds between

834	the establishment or pharmacy and other businesses or individuals.
835	[(34)] (35) "Pharmacy medical provider" means the medical provider required to be on
836	site at a medical cannabis pharmacy under Section 26-61a-403.
837	[(35)] (36) "Provisional patient card" means a card that:
838	(a) the department issues to a minor with a qualifying condition for whom:
839	(i) a qualified medical provider has recommended a medical cannabis treatment; and
840	(ii) the department issues a medical cannabis guardian card to the minor's parent or
841	legal guardian; and
842	(b) is connected to the electronic verification system.
843	[(36)] (37) "Qualified medical provider" means an individual who is qualified to
844	recommend treatment with cannabis in a medicinal dosage form under Section 26-61a-106.
845	[(37)] (38) "Qualified Patient Enterprise Fund" means the enterprise fund created in
846	Section 26-61a-109.
847	[(38)] (39) "Qualifying condition" means a condition described in Section 26-61a-104.
848	(40) "Recommend" or "recommendation" means, for a qualified medical provider, the
849	act of suggesting the use of medical cannabis treatment, which:
850	(a) certifies the patient's eligibility for a medical cannabis card; and
851	(b) may include, at the qualified medical provider's discretion, directions of use, with
852	or without dosing guidelines.
853	[(39)] (41) "State central patient portal" means the website the department creates, in
854	accordance with Section 26-61a-601, to facilitate patient safety, education, and an electronic
855	medical cannabis order.
856	[(40)] (42) "State central patient portal medical provider" means a physician or
857	pharmacist that the department employs in relation to the state central patient portal to consult
858	with medical cannabis cardholders in accordance with Section 26-61a-602.
859	[(41)] (43) "State electronic verification system" means the system described in Section
860	26-61a-103.
861	[(42)] (44) "Valid form of photo identification" means a valid United States federal- or
862	state-issued photo identification, including:
863	(a) a driver license;
864	(b) a United States passport:

865	(c) a United States passport card; or
866	(d) a United States military identification card.
867	Section 12. Section 26-61a-103 is amended to read:
868	26-61a-103. Electronic verification system.
869	(1) The Department of Agriculture and Food, the department, the Department of Public
870	Safety, and the Department of Technology Services shall:
871	(a) enter into a memorandum of understanding in order to determine the function and
872	operation of the state electronic verification system in accordance with Subsection (2);
873	(b) coordinate with the Division of Purchasing, under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah
874	Procurement Code, to develop a request for proposals for a third-party provider to develop and
875	maintain the state electronic verification system in coordination with the Department of
876	Technology Services; and
877	(c) select a third-party provider who:
878	(i) meets the requirements contained in the request for proposals issued under
879	Subsection (1)(b); and
880	(ii) may not have any commercial or ownership interest in a cannabis production
881	establishment or a medical cannabis pharmacy.
882	(2) The Department of Agriculture and Food, the department, the Department of Public
883	Safety, and the Department of Technology Services shall ensure that, on or before March 1,
884	2020, the state electronic verification system described in Subsection (1):
885	(a) allows an individual[, with the individual's qualified medical provider in the
886	qualified medical provider's office,] to apply for a medical cannabis patient card or, if
887	applicable, a medical cannabis guardian card, provided that the card may not become active
888	until the relevant qualified medical provider completes the associated medical cannabis
889	recommendation;
890	(b) allows an individual to apply to renew a medical cannabis patient card or a medical
891	cannabis guardian card in accordance with Section 26-61a-201;
892	(c) allows a qualified medical provider, or an employee described in Subsection (3)
893	acting on behalf of the qualified medical provider, to:
894	(i) access dispensing and card status information regarding a patient:
895	(A) with whom the qualified medical provider has a provider-patient relationship; and

(B) for whom the qualified medical provider has recommended or is considering recommending a medical cannabis card;

- (ii) electronically recommend, during a visit with a patient, treatment with cannabis in a medicinal dosage form or a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form and optionally recommend dosing [parameters] guidelines;
- (iii) electronically renew a recommendation to a medical cannabis patient cardholder or medical cannabis guardian cardholder:
- (A) <u>using telehealth services</u>, for the qualified medical provider who originally recommended a medical cannabis treatment[, as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102, <u>using telehealth services</u>] during a face-to-face visit with the patient; or
- (B) <u>during a face-to-face visit with the patient</u>, for a qualified medical provider who did not originally recommend the medical cannabis treatment[7] during a face-to-face visit [with a patient]; and
- (iv) notate a determination of physical difficulty or undue hardship, described in Subsection 26-61a-202(1), to qualify a patient to designate a caregiver;
 - (d) connects with:

- (i) an inventory control system that a medical cannabis pharmacy uses to track in real time and archive purchases of any cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device, including:
 - (A) the time and date of each purchase;
- (B) the quantity and type of cannabis, cannabis product, or medical cannabis device purchased;
- (C) any cannabis production establishment, any medical cannabis pharmacy, or any medical cannabis courier associated with the cannabis, cannabis product, or medical cannabis device; and
- (D) the personally identifiable information of the medical cannabis cardholder who made the purchase; and
- (ii) any commercially available inventory control system that a cannabis production establishment utilizes in accordance with Section 4-41a-103 to use data that the Department of Agriculture and Food requires by rule, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, from the inventory tracking system that a licensee uses to

927	track and confirm compliance;
928	(e) provides access to:
929	(i) the department to the extent necessary to carry out the department's functions and
930	responsibilities under this chapter;
931	(ii) the Department of Agriculture and Food to the extent necessary to carry out the
932	functions and responsibilities of the Department of Agriculture and Food under Title 4, Chapter
933	41a, Cannabis Production Establishments; and
934	(iii) the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing to the extent necessary to
935	carry out the functions and responsibilities related to the participation of the following in the
936	recommendation and dispensing of medical cannabis:
937	(A) a pharmacist licensed under Title 58, Chapter 17b, Pharmacy Practice Act;
938	(B) an advanced practice registered nurse licensed under Title 58, Chapter 31b, Nurse
939	Practice Act;
940	(C) a physician licensed under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act, or
941	Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act; or
942	(D) a physician assistant licensed under Title 58, Chapter 70a, Utah Physician
943	Assistant Act;
944	(f) provides access to and interaction with the state central patient portal;
945	(g) provides access to state or local law enforcement:
946	(i) during a [traffic stop] law enforcement encounter for the purpose of determining if
947	the individual subject to the [traffic stop] law enforcement encounter is in compliance with
948	state medical cannabis law; or
949	(ii) after obtaining a warrant; [and]
950	(h) provides access to a financial institution that the Division of Finance validates, in
951	accordance with Subsection (6); and
952	[(h)] (i) creates a record each time a person accesses the database that identifies the
953	person who accesses the database and the individual whose records the person accesses.
954	(3) (a) An employee of a qualified medical provider may access the electronic
955	verification system for a purpose described in Subsection (2)(c) on behalf of the qualified
956	medical provider if:
957	(i) the qualified medical provider has designated the employee as an individual

958	authorized to access the electronic verification system on behalf of the qualified medical
959	provider;
960	(ii) the qualified medical provider provides written notice to the department of the
961	employee's identity and the designation described in Subsection (3)(a)(i); and
962	(iii) the department grants to the employee access to the electronic verification system.
963	(b) An employee of a business that employs a qualified medical provider may access
964	the electronic verification system for a purpose described in Subsection (2)(c) on behalf of the
965	qualified medical provider if:
966	(i) the qualified medical provider has designated the employee as an individual
967	authorized to access the electronic verification system on behalf of the qualified medical
968	provider;
969	(ii) the qualified medical provider and the employing business jointly provide written
970	notice to the department of the employee's identity and the designation described in Subsection
971	(3)(b)(i); and
972	(iii) the department grants to the employee access to the electronic verification system.
973	[(3)] (4) The department may release limited data that the system collects for the
974	purpose of:
975	(a) conducting medical and other department approved research;
976	(b) providing the report required by Section 26-61a-703; and
977	(c) other official department purposes.
978	[(4)] (5) The department shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
979	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to establish:
980	(a) the limitations on access to the data in the state electronic verification system as
981	described in this section; and
982	(b) standards and procedures to ensure accurate identification of an individual
983	requesting information or receiving information in this section.
984	(6) (a) The Division of Finance shall, in consultation with the state treasurer:
985	(i) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
986	make rules to:
987	(A) establish a process for validating financial institutions for access to the state
988	electronic verification system in accordance with Subsections (2)(h) and (6)(b); and

989	(B) establish qualifications for the validation described in Subsection (6)(a)(i);
990	(ii) review applications the Division of Finance receives in accordance with the process
991	established under Subsection (6)(a)(i);
992	(iii) validate a financial institution that meets the qualifications described in Subsection
993	(6)(a)(i); and
994	(iv) provide a list of validated financial institutions to the department and the
995	Department of Agriculture and Food.
996	(b) A financial institution that the Division of Finance validates under Subsection
997	<u>(6)(a):</u>
998	(i) may only access the electronic verification system for the purpose of reconciling
999	transactions and other financial activity of cannabis production establishments, medical
1000	cannabis pharmacies, and medical cannabis couriers that use financial services that the
1001	financial institution provides;
1002	(ii) may only access information related to financial transactions; and
1003	(iii) may not access any identifying patient information.
1004	$[\frac{(5)}{(7)}]$ (a) Any person who knowingly and intentionally releases any information in
1005	the state electronic verification system in violation of this section is guilty of a third degree
1006	felony.
1007	(b) Any person who negligently or recklessly releases any information in the state
1008	electronic verification system in violation of this section is guilty of a class C misdemeanor.
1009	[(6)] (8) (a) Any person who obtains or attempts to obtain information from the state
1010	electronic verification system by misrepresentation or fraud is guilty of a third degree felony.
1011	(b) Any person who obtains or attempts to obtain information from the state electronic
1012	verification system for a purpose other than a purpose this chapter authorizes is guilty of a third
1013	degree felony.
1014	[(7)] (9) (a) Except as provided in Subsection $[(7)]$ (9)(e), a person may not knowingly
1015	and intentionally use, release, publish, or otherwise make available to any other person
1016	information obtained from the state electronic verification system for any purpose other than a
1017	purpose specified in this section.
1018	(b) Each separate violation of this Subsection [(7)] <u>(9)</u> is:
1019	(i) a third degree felony; and

1020	(ii) subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000.
1021	(c) The department shall determine a civil violation of this Subsection [(7)] (9) in
1022	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
1023	(d) Civil penalties assessed under this Subsection [(7)] <u>(9)</u> shall be deposited into the
1024	General Fund.
1025	(e) This Subsection $[(7)]$ (9) does not prohibit a person who obtains information from
1026	the state electronic verification system under Subsection (2)(a), (c), or (f) from:
1027	(i) including the information in the person's medical chart or file for access by a person
1028	authorized to review the medical chart or file;
1029	(ii) providing the information to a person in accordance with the requirements of the
1030	Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996; or
1031	(iii) discussing or sharing that information about the patient with the patient.
1032	Section 13. Section 26-61a-104 is amended to read:
1033	26-61a-104. Qualifying condition.
1034	(1) By designating a particular condition under Subsection (2) for which the use of
1035	medical cannabis to treat symptoms is decriminalized, the Legislature does not conclusively
1036	state that:
1037	(a) current scientific evidence clearly supports the efficacy of a medical cannabis
1038	treatment for the condition; or
1039	(b) a medical cannabis treatment will treat, cure, or positively affect the condition.
1040	(2) For the purposes of this chapter, each of the following conditions is a qualifying
1041	condition:
1042	(a) HIV or acquired immune deficiency syndrome;
1043	(b) Alzheimer's disease;
1044	(c) amyotrophic lateral sclerosis;
1045	(d) cancer;
1046	(e) cachexia;
1047	(f) persistent nausea that is not significantly responsive to traditional treatment, except
1048	for nausea related to:
1049	(i) pregnancy;
1050	(ii) cannabis-induced cyclical vomiting syndrome; or

1051	(iii) cannabinoid hyperemesis syndrome;
1052	(g) Crohn's disease or ulcerative colitis;
1053	(h) epilepsy or debilitating seizures;
1054	(i) multiple sclerosis or persistent and debilitating muscle spasms;
1055	(j) post-traumatic stress disorder that is being treated and monitored by a licensed
1056	mental health therapist, as that term is defined in Section 58-60-102, and that:
1057	(i) has been diagnosed by a healthcare provider or mental health provider employed or
1058	contracted by the United States Veterans Administration, evidenced by copies of medical
1059	records from the United States Veterans Administration that are included as part of the
1060	qualified medical provider's pre-treatment assessment and medical record documentation; or
1061	(ii) has been diagnosed or confirmed, through face-to-face or telehealth evaluation of
1062	the patient, by a provider who is:
1063	(A) a licensed board-eligible or board-certified psychiatrist;
1064	(B) a licensed psychologist with a [doctorate] master's-level degree;
1065	(C) a licensed clinical social worker with a [doctorate] master's-level degree; or
1066	(D) a licensed advanced practice registered nurse who is qualified to practice within
1067	the psychiatric mental health nursing speciality and who has completed the clinical practice
1068	requirements in psychiatric mental health nursing, including in psychotherapy, in accordance
1069	with Subsection 58-31b-302(4)(g);
1070	(k) autism;
1071	(l) a terminal illness when the patient's remaining life expectancy is less than six
1072	months;
1073	(m) a condition resulting in the individual receiving hospice care;
1074	(n) a rare condition or disease that:
1075	(i) affects less than 200,000 individuals in the United States, as defined in Section 526
1076	of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act; and
1077	(ii) is not adequately managed despite treatment attempts using:
1078	(A) conventional medications other than opioids or opiates; or
1079	(B) physical interventions;
1080	(o) pain lasting longer than two weeks that is not adequately managed, in the qualified
1081	medical provider's opinion, despite treatment attempts using:

1082	(1) conventional medications other than opioids or opiates; or
1083	(ii) physical interventions; and
1084	(p) a condition that the compassionate use board approves under Section 26-61a-105,
1085	on an individual, case-by-case basis.
1086	Section 14. Section 26-61a-105 is amended to read:
1087	26-61a-105. Compassionate use board.
1088	(1) (a) The department shall establish a compassionate use board consisting of:
1089	(i) seven qualified medical providers that the executive director appoints and the
1090	Senate confirms:
1091	(A) who are knowledgeable about the medicinal use of cannabis;
1092	(B) who are physicians licensed under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act
1093	or Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act; and
1094	(C) whom the appropriate board certifies in the specialty of neurology, pain medicine
1095	and pain management, medical oncology, psychiatry, infectious disease, internal medicine,
1096	pediatrics, or gastroenterology; and
1097	(ii) as a nonvoting member and the chair of the board, the executive director or the
1098	director's designee.
1099	(b) In appointing the seven qualified medical providers described in Subsection (1)(a),
1100	the executive director shall ensure that at least two have a board certification in pediatrics.
1101	(2) (a) Of the members of the board that the executive director first appoints:
1102	(i) three shall serve an initial term of two years; and
1103	(ii) the remaining members shall serve an initial term of four years.
1104	(b) After an initial term described in Subsection (2)(a) expires:
1105	(i) each term is four years; and
1106	(ii) each board member is eligible for reappointment.
1107	(c) A member of the board may serve until a successor is appointed.
1108	(3) Four members constitute a quorum of the compassionate use board.
1109	(4) A member of the board may receive[: (a) compensation or benefits for the
1110	member's service; and (b)] per diem and travel expenses in accordance with Section
1111	63A-3-106, Section 63A-3-107, and rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to
1112	Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.

1113	(5) The compassionate use board shall:
1114	(a) review and recommend for department approval a petition to the board regarding an
1115	individual described in Subsection 26-61a-201(2)(a), a minor described in Subsection
1116	26-61a-201(2)(c), or an individual who is not otherwise qualified to receive a medical cannabis
1117	card to obtain a medical cannabis card for compassionate use if:
1118	(i) for an individual who is not otherwise qualified to receive a medical cannabis card,
1119	the individual's qualified medical provider is actively treating the individual for an intractable
1120	condition that:
1121	(A) substantially impairs the individual's quality of life; and
1122	(B) has not, in the qualified medical provider's professional opinion, adequately
1123	responded to conventional treatments;
1124	(ii) the qualified medical provider:
1125	(A) recommends that the individual or minor be allowed to use medical cannabis; and
1126	(B) provides a letter, relevant treatment history, and notes or copies of progress notes
1127	describing relevant treatment history including rationale for considering the use of medical
1128	cannabis; and
1129	(iii) the board determines that:
1130	(A) the recommendation of the individual's qualified medical provider is justified; and
1131	(B) based on available information, it may be in the best interests of the individual to
1132	allow the use of medical cannabis;
1133	(b) review and approve or deny the use of a medical cannabis device for an individual
1134	described in Subsection 26-61a-201(2)(a) or a minor described in Subsection 26-61a-201(2)(c)
1135	if the individual's or minor's qualified medical provider recommends that the individual or
1136	minor be allowed to use a medical cannabis device to vaporize the medical cannabis treatment;
1137	[(b)] (c) unless no petitions are pending:
1138	(i) meet to receive or review compassionate use petitions at least quarterly; and
1139	(ii) if there are more petitions than the board can receive or review during the board's
1140	regular schedule, as often as necessary;
1141	[(c)] (d) except as provided in Subsection (6), complete a review of each petition and
1142	recommend to the department approval or denial of the applicant for qualification for a medical

cannabis card within 90 days after the day on which the board received the petition; [and]

1144	(e) consult with the department regarding the criteria described in Subsection (6); and
1145	[(d)] (f) report, before November 1 of each year, to the Health and Human Services
1146	Interim Committee:
1147	(i) the number of compassionate use recommendations the board issued during the past
1148	year; and
1149	(ii) the types of conditions for which the board [approved] recommended
1150	compassionate use.
1151	(6) The department shall make rules, in consultation with the compassionate use board
1152	and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to
1153	establish a process and criteria for a petition to the board to automatically qualify for expedited
1154	final review and approval or denial by the department in cases where, in the determination of
1155	the department and the board:
1156	(a) time is of the essence;
1157	(b) engaging the full review process would be unreasonable in light of the petitioner's
1158	physical condition; and
1159	(c) sufficient factors are present regarding the petitioner's safety.
1160	[(6)] <u>(7)</u> (a) (i) The department shall review:
1161	(A) any compassionate use for which the board recommends approval under
1162	Subsection (5)[(c)](d) to determine whether the board properly exercised the board's discretion
1163	under this section[-]; and
1164	(B) any expedited petitions the department receives under the process described in
1165	Subsection (6).
1166	(ii) If the department determines that the board properly exercised the board's
1167	discretion in recommending approval under Subsection (5)[(c)](d) or that the expedited petition
1168	merits approval based on the criteria established in accordance with Subsection (6), the
1169	department shall:
1170	(A) issue the relevant medical cannabis card; and
1171	(B) provide for the renewal of the medical cannabis card in accordance with the
1172	recommendation of the qualified medical provider described in Subsection (5)(a).
1173	(b) (i) If the board recommends denial under Subsection (5)[(e)](d), the individual
1174	seeking to obtain a medical cannabis card may petition the department to review the board's

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- 1176 (ii) If the department determines that the board's recommendation for denial under 1177 Subsection (5)[(c)](d) was arbitrary or capricious:
 - (A) the department shall notify the board of the department's determination; and
 - (B) the board shall reconsider the board's refusal to recommend approval under this section.
 - (c) In reviewing the board's recommendation for approval or denial under Subsection (5)[(c)](d) in accordance with this Subsection [(6)] (7), the department shall presume the board properly exercised the board's discretion unless the department determines that the board's recommendation was arbitrary or capricious.
 - [(7)] (8) Any individually identifiable health information contained in a petition that the board or department receives under this section is a protected record in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
- 1188 [(8)] (9) The compassionate use board shall annually report the board's activity to the Cannabinoid Product Board created in Section 26-61-201.
- Section 15. Section **26-61a-106** is amended to read:

26-61a-106. Qualified medical provider registration -- Continuing education -- Treatment recommendation.

- (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), an individual may not recommend a medical cannabis treatment unless the department registers the individual as a qualified medical provider in accordance with this section.
- (b) An individual who meets the qualifications in Subsections 26-61a-106(2)(a)(iii) and (iv) may recommend a medical cannabis treatment without registering under Subsection (1)(a) until January 1, 2021.
- (2) (a) The department shall, within 15 days after the day on which the department receives an application from an individual, register and issue a qualified medical provider registration card to the individual if the individual:
 - (i) provides to the department the individual's name and address;
- 1203 (ii) provides to the department a report detailing the individual's completion of the applicable continuing education requirement described in Subsection (3);
 - (iii) provides to the department evidence that the individual:

1206	(A) has the authority to write a prescription;
1207	(B) is licensed to prescribe a controlled substance under Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah
1208	Controlled Substances Act; and
1209	(C) possesses the authority, in accordance with the individual's scope of practice, to
1210	prescribe a Schedule II controlled substance;
1211	(iv) provides to the department evidence that the individual is:
1212	(A) an advanced practice registered nurse licensed under Title 58, Chapter 31b, Nurse
1213	Practice Act;
1214	(B) a physician licensed under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act, or
1215	Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act; or
1216	(C) a physician assistant licensed under Title 58, Chapter 70a, Utah Physician Assistant
1217	Act, whose declaration of services agreement, as that term is defined in Section 58-70a-102,
1218	includes the recommending of medical cannabis, and whose supervising physician is a
1219	qualified medical provider; and
1220	(v) pays the department a fee in an amount that:
1221	(A) the department sets, in accordance with Section 63J-1-504; and
1222	(B) does not exceed \$300 for an initial registration.
1223	(b) The department may not register an individual as a qualified medical provider if the
1224	individual is:
1225	(i) a pharmacy medical provider; or
1226	(ii) an owner, officer, director, board member, employee, or agent of a cannabis
1227	production establishment, a medical cannabis pharmacy, or a medical cannabis courier.
1228	(3) (a) An individual shall complete the continuing education described in this
1229	Subsection (3) in the following amounts:
1230	(i) for an individual as a condition precedent to registration, four hours; and
1231	(ii) for a qualified medical provider as a condition precedent to renewal, four hours
1232	every two years.
1233	(b) In accordance with Subsection (3)(a), a qualified medical provider shall:
1234	(i) complete continuing education:
1235	(A) regarding the topics described in Subsection (3)(d); and
1236	(B) offered by the department under Subsection (3)(c) or an accredited or approved

1237 continuing education provider that the department recognizes as offering continuing education 1238 appropriate for the recommendation of cannabis to patients; and 1239 (ii) make a continuing education report to the department in accordance with a process 1240 that the department establishes by rule, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah 1241 Administrative Rulemaking Act, and in collaboration with the Division of Occupational and 1242 Professional Licensing and: (A) for an advanced practice registered nurse licensed under Title 58, Chapter 31b, 1243 1244 Nurse Practice Act, the Board of Nursing: 1245 (B) for a qualified medical provider licensed under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical 1246 Practice Act, the Physicians Licensing Board; 1247 (C) for a qualified medical provider licensed under Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah 1248 Osteopathic Medical Practice Act, the Osteopathic Physician and Surgeon's Licensing Board; 1249 and (D) for a physician assistant licensed under Title 58, Chapter 70a, Utah Physician 1250 1251 Assistant Act, the Physician Assistant Licensing Board. 1252 (c) The department may, in consultation with the Division of Occupational and 1253 Professional Licensing, develop the continuing education described in this Subsection (3). 1254 (d) The continuing education described in this Subsection (3) may discuss: 1255 (i) the provisions of this chapter; 1256 (ii) general information about medical cannabis under federal and state law: 1257 (iii) the latest scientific research on the endocannabinoid system and medical cannabis, 1258 including risks and benefits; 1259 (iv) recommendations for medical cannabis as it relates to the continuing care of a 1260 patient in pain management, risk management, potential addiction, or palliative care; and 1261 (v) best practices for recommending the form and dosage of medical cannabis products 1262 based on the qualifying condition underlying a medical cannabis recommendation. 1263 (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b) [or (c)], a qualified medical provider 1264 may not recommend a medical cannabis treatment to more than [1775] 275 of the qualified 1265 medical provider's patients at the same time, as determined by the number of medical cannabis

cards under the qualified medical provider's name in the state electronic verification system.

(b) [Except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), a] A qualified medical provider may

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recommend a medical cannabis treatment to up to [300] 600 of the qualified medical provider's patients at any given time, as determined by the number of medical cannabis cards under the qualified medical provider's name in the state electronic verification system, if:

- (i) the appropriate American medical board has certified the qualified medical provider in the specialty of anesthesiology, gastroenterology, neurology, oncology, pain, hospice and palliative medicine, physical medicine and rehabilitation, rheumatology, endocrinology, or psychiatry; or
- (ii) a licensed business employs or contracts with the qualified medical provider for the specific purpose of providing hospice and palliative care.
- [(c) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(b), a qualified medical provider described in Subsection (4)(b) may petition the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing for authorization to exceed the limit described in Subsection (4)(b) by graduating increments of 100 patients per authorization, not to exceed three authorizations.]
- [(ii) The Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing shall grant the authorization described in Subsection (4)(c)(i) if:]
 - [(A) the petitioning qualified medical provider pays a \$100 fee;]
- [(B) the division performs a review that includes the qualified medical provider's medical cannabis recommendation activity in the state electronic verification system, relevant information related to patient demand, and any patient medical records that the division determines would assist in the division's review; and]
- [(C) after the review described in this Subsection (4)(c)(ii), the division determines that granting the authorization would not adversely affect public safety, adversely concentrate the overall patient population among too few qualified medical providers, or adversely concentrate the use of medical cannabis among the provider's patients.]
- (5) A qualified medical provider may recommend medical cannabis to an individual under this chapter only in the course of a qualified medical provider-patient relationship after the qualifying medical provider has completed and documented in the patient's medical record a thorough assessment of the patient's condition and medical history based on the appropriate standard of care for the patient's condition.
- (6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), [a qualified medical provider] an individual may not advertise that the [qualified medical provider] individual recommends

1299	medical cannabis treatment in accordance with this chapter.
1300	(b) For purposes of Subsection (6)(a), the communication of the following, through a
1301	website, by an individual described in Subsection (6)(c), does not constitute advertising:
1302	(i) a green cross;
1303	(ii) a qualifying condition that the qualified medical provider treats; or
1304	(iii) a scientific study regarding medical cannabis use.
1305	(c) The following may communicate the content described in Subsection (6)(b):
1306	(i) before the department begins registering qualified medical providers:
1307	(A) an advanced practice registered nurse described in Subsection (2)(a)(iv)(A);
1308	(B) a physician described in Subsection (2)(a)(iv)(B); or
1309	(C) a physician assistant described in Subsection (2)(a)(iv)(C); and
1310	(ii) after the department begins registering qualified medical providers, a qualified
1311	medical provider.
1312	(7) (a) A qualified medical provider registration card expires two years after the day on
1313	which the department issues the card.
1314	(b) The department shall renew a qualified medical provider's registration card if the
1315	provider:
1316	(i) applies for renewal;
1317	(ii) is eligible for a qualified medical provider registration card under this section,
1318	including maintaining an unrestricted license as described in Subsection (2)(a)(iii);
1319	(iii) certifies to the department in a renewal application that the information in
1320	Subsection (2)(a) is accurate or updates the information;
1321	(iv) submits a report detailing the completion of the continuing education requirement
1322	described in Subsection (3); and
1323	(v) pays the department a fee in an amount that:
1324	(A) the department sets, in accordance with Section 63J-1-504; and
1325	(B) does not exceed \$50 for a registration renewal.
1326	(8) The department may revoke the registration of a qualified medical provider who
1327	fails to maintain compliance with the requirements of this section.
1328	(9) A qualified medical provider may not receive any compensation or benefit for the
1329	qualified medical provider's medical cannabis treatment recommendation from:

1330	(a) a cannabis production establishment or an owner, officer, director, board member,
1331	employee, or agent of a cannabis production establishment;
1332	(b) a medical cannabis pharmacy or an owner, officer, director, board member,
1333	employee, or agent of a medical cannabis pharmacy; or
1334	(c) a qualified medical provider or pharmacy medical provider.
1335	Section 16. Section 26-61a-111 is amended to read:
1336	26-61a-111. Nondiscrimination for medical care or government employment
1337	Notice to prospective and current public employees No effect on private employers.
1338	(1) For purposes of medical care, including an organ or tissue transplant, a patient's
1339	use, in accordance with this chapter, of cannabis in a medicinal dosage form or a cannabis
1340	product in a medicinal dosage form:
1341	(a) is considered the equivalent of the authorized use of any other medication used at
1342	the discretion of a physician; and
1343	(b) does not constitute the use of an illicit substance or otherwise disqualify an
1344	individual from needed medical care.
1345	(2) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and except as provided in
1346	Subsection (2)(b), the state or any political subdivision shall treat an employee's use of medical
1347	cannabis in accordance with this chapter or Section 58-37-3.7 in the same way the state or
1348	political subdivision treats employee use of any prescribed controlled substance.
1349	(b) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply where the application of Subsection (2)(a) would
1350	jeopardize federal funding, a federal security clearance, or any other federal background
1351	determination required for the employee's position.
1352	(c) If a state or political subdivision employer has knowledge than an employee is a
1353	medical cannabis patient cardholder, the employer may not require the employee to submit to a
1354	drug test that tests for cannabis.
1355	(d) A state or political subdivision employee who has a valid medical cannabis card is
1356	not subject to adverse action, as that term is defined in Section 67-21-2, for failing a drug test
1357	due to marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol without evidence that the employee was impaired or
1358	otherwise adversely affected in the employee's job performance due to the use of medical
1359	<u>cannabis.</u>
1360	(3) (a) (i) A state employer or a political subdivision employer shall take the action

described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) before:

(A) giving to a current employee an assignment or duty that arises from or directly relates to an obligation under this chapter; or

- (B) hiring a prospective employee whose assignments or duties would include an assignment or duty that arises from or directly relates to an obligation under this chapter.
- (ii) The employer described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) shall give the employee or prospective employee described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) a written notice that notifies the employee or prospective employee:
- (A) that the employee's or prospective employee's job duties may require the employee or prospective employee to engage in conduct which is in violation of the criminal laws of the United States; and
- (B) that in accepting a job or undertaking a duty described in Subsection (3)(a)(i), although the employee or prospective employee is entitled to the protections of Title 67, Chapter 21, Utah Protection of Public Employees Act, the employee may not object or refuse to carry out an assignment or duty that may be a violation of the criminal laws of the United States with respect to the manufacture, sale, or distribution of cannabis.
- (b) The Department of Human Resource Management shall create, revise, and publish the form of the notice described in Subsection (3)(a).
- (c) Notwithstanding Subsection 67-21-3(3), an employee who has signed the notice described in Subsection (3)(a) may not:
- (i) claim in good faith that the employee's actions violate or potentially violate the laws of the United States with respect to the manufacture, sale, or distribution of cannabis; or
- (ii) refuse to carry out a directive that the employee reasonably believes violates the criminal laws of the United States with respect to the manufacture, sale, or distribution of cannabis.
- (d) An employer of an employee who has signed the notice described in Subsection (3)(a) may not take retaliatory action as defined in Section 67-19a-101 against a current employee who refuses to sign the notice described in Subsection (3)(a).
- (4) Nothing in this section requires a private employer to accommodate the use of
 medical cannabis or affects the ability of a private employer to have policies restricting the use
 of medical cannabis by applicants or employees.

1392	Section 17. Section 26-61a-113 is amended to read:
1393	26-61a-113. No effect on use of hemp extract Cannibinoid product Approved
1394	drugs.
1395	(1) Nothing in this chapter prohibits an individual:
1396	(a) [with a valid hemp extract registration card that the department issues under Section
1397	26-56-103] from possessing, administering, or using hemp extract in accordance with Section
1398	58-37-4.3; or
1399	(b) from purchasing, selling, possessing, or using a [cannabidiol] cannabinoid product
1400	in accordance with Section 4-41-402.
1401	(2) Nothing in this chapter restricts or otherwise affects the prescription, distribution,
1402	or dispensing of a product that the United States Food and Drug Administration has approved.
1403	Section 18. Section 26-61a-201 is amended to read:
1404	26-61a-201. Medical cannabis patient card Medical cannabis guardian card
1405	application Fees Studies.
1406	(1) On or before March 1, 2020, the department shall, within 15 days after the day on
1407	which an individual who satisfies the eligibility criteria in this section or Section 26-61a-202
1408	submits an application in accordance with this section or Section 26-61a-202:
1409	(a) issue a medical cannabis patient card to an individual described in Subsection
1410	(2)(a);
1411	(b) issue a medical cannabis guardian card to an individual described in Subsection
1412	(2)(b);
1413	(c) issue a provisional patient card to a minor described in Subsection (2)(c); and
1414	(d) issue a medical cannabis caregiver card to an individual described in Subsection
1415	26-61a-202(4).
1416	(2) (a) An individual is eligible for a medical cannabis patient card if:
1417	(i) (A) the individual is at least 21 years old; or
1418	(B) the individual is 18, 19, or 20 years old, the individual petitions the compassionate
1419	use board under Section 26-61a-105, and the compassionate use board recommends department
1420	approval of the petition;
1421	(ii) the individual is a Utah resident;
1422	(iii) the individual's qualified medical provider recommends treatment with medical

cannabis in accordance with Subsection (4);

- (iv) the individual signs an acknowledgment stating that the individual received the information described in Subsection (8); and
- (v) the individual pays to the department a fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection 26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504.
 - (b) (i) An individual is eligible for a medical cannabis guardian card if the individual:
- (A) is at least 18 years old;
- (B) is a Utah resident;

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- 1431 (C) is the parent or legal guardian of a minor for whom the minor's qualified medical 1432 provider recommends a medical cannabis treatment, the individual petitions the compassionate 1433 use board under Section 26-61a-105, and the compassionate use board recommends department 1434 approval of the petition;
- 1435 (D) the individual signs an acknowledgment stating that the individual received the information described in Subsection (8);
 - (E) pays to the department a fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection 26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504, plus the cost of the criminal background check described in Section 26-61a-203; and
 - (F) the individual has not been convicted of a misdemeanor or felony drug distribution offense under either state or federal law, unless the individual completed any imposed sentence six months or more before the day on which the individual applies for a medical cannabis guardian card.
 - (ii) The department shall notify the Department of Public Safety of each individual that the department registers for a medical cannabis guardian card.
 - (c) (i) A minor is eligible for a provisional patient card if:
 - (A) the minor has a qualifying condition;
 - (B) the minor's qualified medical provider recommends a medical cannabis treatment to address the minor's qualifying condition;
 - (C) the minor's parent or legal guardian petitions the compassionate use board under Section 26-61a-105, and the compassionate use board recommends department approval of the petition; and
- (D) the minor's parent or legal guardian is eligible for a medical cannabis guardian card

under Subsection (2)(b) or designates a caregiver under Subsection (2)(d) who is eligible for a medical cannabis caregiver card under Section 26-61a-202.

- (ii) The department shall automatically issue a provisional patient card to the minor described in Subsection (2)(c)(i) at the same time the department issues a medical cannabis guardian card to the minor's parent or legal guardian.
- (d) If the parent or legal guardian of a minor described in Subsections (2)(c)(i)(A) through (C) does not qualify for a medical cannabis guardian card under Subsection (2)(b), the parent or legal guardian may designate one or more caregivers in accordance with Subsection 26-61a-202(1)(c) to ensure that the minor has adequate and safe access to the recommended medical cannabis treatment.
- (3) (a) An individual who is eligible for a medical cannabis card described in Subsection (2)(a) or (b) shall submit an application for a medical cannabis card to the department:
- (i) through an electronic application connected to the state electronic verification system;
- (ii) with the recommending qualified medical provider while in the recommending qualified medical provider's office; and
 - (iii) with information including:

- (A) the applicant's name, gender, age, and address;
- (B) the number of the applicant's valid form of photo identification;
- (C) for a medical cannabis guardian card, the name, gender, and age of the minor receiving a medical cannabis treatment under the cardholder's medical cannabis guardian card; and
- (D) for a provisional patient card, the name of the minor's parent or legal guardian who holds the associated medical cannabis guardian card.
- (b) The department shall ensure that a medical cannabis card the department issues under this section contains the information described in Subsection (3)(a)(iii).
- (c) (i) If a qualified medical provider determines that, because of age, illness, or disability, a medical cannabis patient cardholder requires assistance in administering the medical cannabis treatment that the qualified medical provider recommends, the qualified medical provider may indicate the cardholder's need in the state electronic verification system.

1485	(ii) If a qualified medical provider makes the indication described in Subsection
1486	(3)(c)(i):
1487	(A) the department shall add a label to the relevant medical cannabis patient card
1488	indicating the cardholder's need for assistance; and
1489	(B) any adult who is $[21]$ $\underline{18}$ years old or older and who is physically present with the
1490	cardholder at the time the cardholder needs to use the recommended medical cannabis
1491	treatment may handle the medical cannabis treatment and any associated medical cannabis
1492	device as needed to assist the cardholder in administering the recommended medical cannabis
1493	treatment, including in the event of an emergency medical condition under Subsection
1494	26-61a-204(2).
1495	(iii) A non-cardholding individual acting under Subsection (3)(c)(ii)(B) may not:
1496	(A) ingest or inhale medical cannabis;
1497	(B) possess, transport, or handle medical cannabis or a medical cannabis device outside
1498	of the immediate area where the cardholder is present or with an intent other than to provide
1499	assistance to the cardholder; or
1500	(C) possess, transport, or handle medical cannabis or a medical cannabis device when
1501	the cardholder is not in the process of being dosed with medical cannabis.
1502	(4) To recommend a medical cannabis treatment to a patient or to renew a
1503	recommendation, a qualified medical provider shall:
1504	(a) before recommending cannabis in a medicinal dosage form or a cannabis product in
1505	a medicinal dosage form:
1506	(i) verify the patient's and, for a minor patient, the minor patient's parent or legal
1507	guardian's valid form of identification described in Subsection (3)(a);
1508	(ii) review any record related to the patient and, for a minor patient, the patient's parent
1509	or legal guardian in:
1510	(A) the state electronic verification system; and
1511	(B) the controlled substance database created in Section 58-37f-201; and
1512	(iii) consider the recommendation in light of the patient's qualifying condition and

(b) state in the qualified medical provider's recommendation that the patient:

(i) suffers from a qualifying condition, including the type of qualifying condition; and

history of medical cannabis and controlled substance use; and

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1516	(ii) may benefit from treatment with cannabis in a medicinal dosage form or a cannabis
1517	product in a medicinal dosage form.
1518	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), a medical cannabis card that the
1519	department issues under this section is valid for the lesser of:
1520	(i) an amount of time that the qualified medical provider determines; or
1521	(ii) (A) for the first issuance, 30 days; or
1522	(B) for a renewal, six months.
1523	(b) (i) A medical cannabis card that the department issues in relation to a terminal
1524	illness described in Section 26-61a-104 does not expire.
1525	(ii) The recommending qualified medical provider may revoke a recommendation that
1526	the provider made in relation to a terminal illness described in Section 26-61a-104 if the
1527	medical cannabis cardholder no longer has the terminal illness.
1528	(6) (a) A medical cannabis patient card or a medical cannabis guardian card is
1529	renewable if:
1530	(i) at the time of renewal, the cardholder meets the requirements of Subsection (2)(a) or
1531	(b); or
1532	(ii) the cardholder received the medical cannabis card through the recommendation of
1533	the compassionate use board under Section 26-61a-105.
1534	(b) A cardholder described in Subsection (6)(a) may renew the cardholder's card:
1535	(i) using the application process described in Subsection (3); or
1536	(ii) through phone or video conference with the qualified medical provider who made
1537	the recommendation underlying the card, at the qualifying medical provider's discretion.
1538	(c) A cardholder under Subsection (2)(a) or (b) who renews the cardholder's card shall
1539	pay to the department a renewal fee in an amount that:
1540	(i) subject to Subsection 26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with Section
1541	63J-1-504; and
1542	(ii) may not exceed the cost of the relatively lower administrative burden of renewal in
1543	comparison to the original application process.
1544	(d) If a minor meets the requirements of Subsection (2)(c), the minor's provisional

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patient card renews automatically at the time the minor's parent or legal guardian renews the

parent or legal guardian's associated medical cannabis guardian card.

(e) The department may revoke a medical cannabis guardian card if the cardholder under Subsection (2)(b) is convicted of a misdemeanor or felony drug distribution offense under either state or federal law.

- (7) (a) A cardholder under this section shall carry the cardholder's valid medical cannabis card with the patient's name.
- (b) (i) A medical cannabis patient cardholder or a provisional patient cardholder may purchase, in accordance with this chapter and the recommendation underlying the card, cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device.
- (ii) A cardholder under this section may possess or transport, in accordance with this chapter and the recommendation underlying the card, cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device.
- (iii) To address the qualifying condition underlying the medical cannabis treatment recommendation:
- (A) a medical cannabis patient cardholder or a provisional patient cardholder may use cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a medical cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device; and
- (B) a medical cannabis guardian cardholder may assist the associated provisional patient cardholder with the use of cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a medical cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device.
- (c) If a licensed medical cannabis pharmacy is not operating within the state after January 1, 2021, a cardholder under this section is not subject to prosecution for the possession of:
 - (i) no more than 113 grams of marijuana in a medicinal dosage form;
- (ii) an amount of cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form that contains no more than 20 grams of tetrahydrocannabinol; or
 - (iii) marijuana drug paraphernalia.
- (8) The department shall establish by rule, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, a process to provide information regarding the following to an individual receiving a medical cannabis card:
 - (a) risks associated with medical cannabis treatment;

1578	(b) the fact that a condition's listing as a qualifying condition does not suggest that
1579	medical cannabis treatment is an effective treatment or cure for that condition, as described in
1580	Subsection 26-61a-104(1); and
1581	(c) other relevant warnings and safety information that the department determines.
1582	(9) The department may establish procedures by rule, in accordance with Title 63G,
1583	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to implement the application and issuance
1584	provisions of this section.
1585	(10) (a) The department shall establish by rule, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter
1586	3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, a process to allow an individual from another state to
1587	register with the Department of Health in order to purchase medical cannabis or a medical
1588	cannabis device from a medical cannabis pharmacy while the individual is visiting the state.
1589	(b) The department may only provide the registration process described in Subsection
1590	<u>(10)(a):</u>
1591	(i) to a nonresident patient; and
1592	(ii) for one visitation period not to exceed 45 calendar days per calendar year.
1593	[(10)] (11) (a) A person may submit to the department a request to conduct a research
1594	study using medical cannabis cardholder data that the state electronic verification system
1595	contains.
1596	(b) The department shall review a request described in Subsection [$\frac{(10)}{(11)}$] $\frac{(11)}{(11)}$ (a) to
1597	determine whether an institutional review board, as that term is defined in Section 26-61-102,
1598	could approve the research study.
1599	(c) At the time an individual applies for a medical cannabis card, the department shall
1600	notify the individual:
1601	(i) of how the individual's information will be used as a cardholder;
1602	(ii) that by applying for a medical cannabis card, unless the individual withdraws
1603	consent under Subsection $[(10)]$ (11) (d), the individual consents to the use of the individual's
1604	information for external research; and
1605	(iii) that the individual may withdraw consent for the use of the individual's
1606	information for external research at any time, including at the time of application.
1607	(d) An applicant may, through the medical cannabis card application, and a medical

cannabis cardholder may, through the state central patient portal, withdraw the applicant's or

1609	cardholder's consent to participate in external research at any time.
1610	(e) The department may release, for the purposes of a study described in this
1611	Subsection [(10)] (11), information about a cardholder under this section who consents to
1612	participate under Subsection [(10)] (11)(c).
1613	(f) If an individual withdraws consent under Subsection [(10)] (11) (d), the withdrawal
1614	of consent:
1615	(i) applies to external research that is initiated after the withdrawal of consent; and
1616	(ii) does not apply to research that was initiated before the withdrawal of consent.
1617	(g) The department may establish standards for a medical research study's validity, by
1618	rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
1619	Section 19. Section 26-61a-202 is amended to read:
1620	26-61a-202. Medical cannabis caregiver card Registration Renewal
1621	Revocation.
1622	(1) (a) A cardholder described in Section 26-61a-201 may designate, through the state
1623	central patient portal, up to two individuals, or an individual and a facility in accordance with
1624	Subsection (1)(b), to serve as a designated caregiver for the cardholder if a qualified medical
1625	provider notates in the electronic verification system that the provider determines that, due to
1626	physical difficulty or undue hardship, including concerns of distance to a medical cannabis
1627	pharmacy, the cardholder needs assistance to obtain the medical cannabis treatment that the
1628	qualified medical provider recommends.
1629	(b) (i) A cardholder described in Section 26-61a-201 who is a patient in one of the
1630	following types of facilities may designate the facility as one of the caregivers described in
1631	Subsection (1)(a):
1632	(A) an assisted living facility, as that term is defined in Section 26-21-2;
1633	(B) a nursing care facility, as that term is defined in Section 26-1-2; or
1634	(C) a general acute hospital, as that term is defined in Section 26-1-2.
1635	(ii) A facility may assign one or more employees to assist patients with medical
1636	cannabis treatment under the caregiver designation described in this Subsection (1)(b).
1637	(iii) The department shall make rules to regulate the practice of facilities and facility
1638	employees serving as designated caregivers under this Subsection (1)(b).

(c) A parent or legal guardian described in Subsection 26-61a-201(2)(d), in

1640	consultation with the minor and the minor's qualified medical provider, may designate, through
1641	the state central patient portal, up to two individuals to serve as a designated caregiver for the
1642	minor, if the department determines that the parent or legal guardian is not eligible for a
1643	medical cannabis guardian card under Section 26-61a-201.
1644	(2) An individual that the department registers as a designated caregiver under this
1645	section:
1646	(a) may carry a valid medical cannabis caregiver card;
1647	(b) in accordance with this chapter, may purchase, possess, transport, or assist the
1648	patient in the use of cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a cannabis product in a medicinal
1649	dosage form, or a medical cannabis device on behalf of the designating medical cannabis
1650	cardholder;
1651	(c) may not charge a fee to an individual to act as the individual's designated caregiver
1652	or for a service that the designated caregiver provides in relation to the role as a designated
1653	caregiver;
1654	(d) may accept reimbursement from the designating medical cannabis cardholder for
1655	direct costs the designated caregiver incurs for assisting with the designating cardholder's
1656	medicinal use of cannabis; and
1657	(e) if a licensed medical cannabis pharmacy is not operating within the state after
1658	January 1, 2021, is not subject to prosecution for the possession of:
1659	(i) no more than 113 grams of marijuana in a medicinal dosage form;
1660	(ii) an amount of cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form that contains no more
1661	than 20 grams of tetrahydrocannabinol; or
1662	(iii) marijuana drug paraphernalia.
1663	(3) (a) The department shall:
1664	(i) within 15 days after the day on which an individual submits an application in
1665	compliance with this section, issue a medical cannabis card to the applicant if the applicant:
1666	(A) is designated as a caregiver under Subsection (1);
1667	(B) is eligible for a medical cannabis caregiver card under Subsection (4); and
1668	(C) complies with this section; and

(ii) notify the Department of Public Safety of each individual that the department

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registers as a designated caregiver.

1671 (b) The department shall ensure that a medical cannabis caregiver card contains the 1672 information described in Subsection (5)(b). 1673 (4) An individual is eligible for a medical cannabis caregiver card if the individual: 1674 (a) is at least 21 years old; 1675 (b) is a Utah resident; 1676 (c) pays to the department a fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection 1677 26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504, plus the cost of the 1678 criminal background check described in Section 26-61a-203; (d) signs an acknowledgment stating that the applicant received the information 1679 1680 described in Subsection 26-61a-201(8); and 1681 (e) has not been convicted of a misdemeanor or felony drug distribution offense that is 1682 a felony under either state or federal law, unless the individual completes any imposed sentence 1683 two or more years before the day on which the individual submits the application. 1684 (5) An eligible applicant for a medical cannabis caregiver card shall: 1685 (a) submit an application for a medical cannabis caregiver card to the department 1686 through an electronic application connected to the state electronic verification system; and 1687 (b) submit the following information in the application described in Subsection (5)(a): 1688 (i) the applicant's name, gender, age, and address: 1689 (ii) the name, gender, age, and address of the cardholder described in Section 1690 26-61a-201 who designated the applicant; and 1691 (iii) if a medical cannabis guardian cardholder designated the caregiver, the name, 1692 gender, and age of the minor receiving a medical cannabis treatment in relation to the medical 1693 cannabis guardian cardholder. 1694 (6) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a medical cannabis caregiver card that the 1695 department issues under this section is valid for the lesser of: 1696 (a) an amount of time that the cardholder described in Section 26-61a-201 who 1697 designated the caregiver determines; or

(7) (a) If a designated caregiver meets the requirements of Subsection (4), the designated caregiver's medical cannabis caregiver card renews automatically at the time the

(b) the amount of time remaining before the card of the cardholder described in Section

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1702	cardholder described in Section 26-61a-201 who designated the caregiver:
1703	(i) renews the cardholder's card; and
1704	(ii) renews the caregiver's designation, in accordance with Subsection (7)(b).
1705	(b) The department shall provide a method in the card renewal process to allow a
1706	cardholder described in Section 26-61a-201 who has designated a caregiver to:
1707	(i) signify that the cardholder renews the caregiver's designation;
1708	(ii) remove a caregiver's designation; or
1709	(iii) designate a new caregiver.
1710	(8) The department may revoke a medical cannabis caregiver card if the designated
1711	caregiver:
1712	(a) violates this chapter; or
1713	(b) is convicted under state or federal law of:
1714	(i) a felony; or
1715	(ii) after December 3, 2018, a misdemeanor for drug distribution.
1716	Section 20. Section 26-61a-204 is amended to read:
1717	26-61a-204. Medical cannabis card Patient and designated caregiver
1718	requirements Rebuttable presumption.
1719	(1) (a) A medical cannabis cardholder who possesses medical cannabis [in a medicinal
1720	dosage form or a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form] that the cardholder purchased
1721	under this chapter shall:
1722	(i) carry at all times the cardholder's medical cannabis card;
1723	(ii) carry, with the medical cannabis [in a medicinal dosage form or cannabis product
1724	in a medicinal dosage form], a label that identifies that the medical cannabis [or cannabis
1725	product]:
1726	(A) was sold from a licensed medical cannabis pharmacy; and
1727	(B) includes an identification number that links the medical cannabis [or cannabis
1728	<pre>product] to the inventory control system; and</pre>
1729	(iii) possess not more than:
1730	(A) 113 grams of unprocessed cannabis; or
1731	(B) an amount of cannabis product that contains 20 grams of total composite
1732	tetrahydrocannabinol.

1733	(b) A medical cannabis cardholder who possesses cannabis in a medicinal dosage form
1734	or a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form in violation of Subsection (1)(a) is:
1735	(i) guilty of an infraction; and
1736	(ii) subject to a \$100 fine.
1737	(c) A medical cannabis cardholder or a nonresident patient who possesses between 113
1738	and 226 grams of unprocessed cannabis or a total amount of cannabis product that contains
1739	between 20 and 40 grams of total composite tetrahydrocannabinol is:
1740	(i) for a first offense:
1741	(A) guilty of an infraction; and
1742	(B) subject to a fine of up to \$100; and
1743	(ii) for a second or subsequent offense:
1744	[(i)] (A) guilty of a class B misdemeanor; and
1745	[(ii)] (B) subject to a fine of \$1,000.
1746	(d) An individual who is guilty of a violation described in Subsection (1)(b) or (c) is
1747	not guilty of a violation of Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, for the
1748	conduct underlying the penalty described in Subsection (1)(b) or (c).
1749	(e) A nonresident patient who possesses medical cannabis that is not in a medicinal
1750	dosage form is:
1751	(i) for a first offense:
1752	(A) guilty of an infraction; and
1753	(B) subject to a fine of up to \$100; and
1754	(ii) for a second or subsequent offense, is subject to the penalties described in Title 58,
1755	Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
1756	[(e)] (f) A medical cannabis cardholder or a nonresident patient who possesses more
1757	than 226 grams of unprocessed cannabis or a total amount of cannabis product that contains
1758	more than 40 grams of total composite tetrahydrocannabinol is subject to the penalties
1759	described in Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
1760	(2) (a) As used in this Subsection (2), "emergency medical condition" means the same
1761	as that term is defined in Section 31A-22-627.
1762	(b) Except as described in Subsection (2)(c), a medical cannabis patient cardholder
1763	[or], a provisional patient cardholder, or a nonresident patient may not use, in public view,

1764 <u>medical</u> cannabis or a cannabis product.

- (c) In the event of an emergency medical condition, an individual described in Subsection (2)(b) may use, and the holder of a medical cannabis guardian card or a medical cannabis caregiver card may administer to the cardholder's charge, in public view, cannabis in a medicinal dosage form or a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form.
 - (d) An individual described in Subsection (2)(b) who violates Subsection (2)(b) is:
- 1770 (i) for a first offense:

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- 1771 (A) guilty of an infraction; and
- (B) subject to a fine of up to \$100; and
- 1773 (ii) for a second or subsequent offense:
- (A) guilty of a class B misdemeanor; and
- (B) subject to a fine of \$1,000.
 - (3) If a medical cannabis cardholder carrying the cardholder's card possesses cannabis in a medicinal dosage form or a cannabis product in compliance with Subsection (1), or a medical cannabis device that corresponds with the cannabis or cannabis product:
 - (a) there is a rebuttable presumption that the cardholder possesses the cannabis, cannabis product, or medical cannabis device legally; and
 - (b) there is no probable cause, based solely on the cardholder's possession of the cannabis in medicinal dosage form, cannabis product in medicinal dosage form, or medical cannabis device, to believe that the cardholder is engaging in illegal activity.
 - (4) (a) If a law enforcement officer stops an individual who possesses cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device, and the individual represents to the law enforcement officer that the individual holds a valid medical cannabis card, but the individual does not have the medical cannabis card in the individual's possession at the time of the stop by the law enforcement officer, the law enforcement officer shall attempt to access the state electronic verification system to determine whether the individual holds a valid medical cannabis card.
 - (b) If the law enforcement officer is able to verify that the individual described in Subsection (4)(a) is a valid medical cannabis cardholder, the law enforcement officer:
 - (i) may not arrest or take the individual into custody for the sole reason that the individual is in possession of cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a cannabis product in a

1795	medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device; and
1796	(ii) may not seize the cannabis, cannabis product, or medical cannabis device.
1797	Section 21. Section 26-61a-301 is amended to read:
1798	26-61a-301. Medical cannabis pharmacy License Eligibility.
1799	(1) A person may not operate as a medical cannabis pharmacy without a license that
1800	the department issues under this part.
1801	(2) (a) (i) Subject to Subsections (4) and (5) and to Section 26-61a-305, the department
1802	shall issue a license to operate a medical cannabis pharmacy in accordance with Title 63G,
1803	Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
1804	(ii) The department may not issue a license to operate a medical cannabis pharmacy to
1805	an applicant who is not eligible for a license under this section.
1806	(b) An applicant is eligible for a license under this section if the applicant submits to
1807	the department:
1808	(i) subject to Subsection (2)(c), a proposed name and address where the applicant will
1809	operate the medical cannabis pharmacy;
1810	(ii) the name and address of an individual who:
1811	(A) has a financial or voting interest of 2% or greater in the proposed medical cannabis
1812	pharmacy; or
1813	(B) has the power to direct or cause the management or control of a proposed cannabis
1814	production establishment;
1815	(iii) a statement that the applicant will obtain and maintain a performance bond that a
1816	surety authorized to transact surety business in the state issues in an amount of at least
1817	\$125,000 for each application that the applicant submits to the department;
1818	(iv) an operating plan that:
1819	(A) complies with Section 26-61a-304;
1820	(B) includes operating procedures to comply with the operating requirements for a
1821	medical cannabis pharmacy described in this chapter and with a relevant municipal or county
1822	law that is consistent with Section 26-61a-507; and
1823	(C) the department approves;

(v) an application fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection 26-61a-109(5), the

department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504; and

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(vi) a description of any investigation or adverse action taken by any licensing jurisdiction, government agency, law enforcement agency, or court in any state for any violation or detrimental conduct in relation to any of the applicant's cannabis-related operations or businesses.

- (c) (i) A person may not locate a medical cannabis pharmacy:
- (A) within 200 feet of a community location; or

- (B) in or within 600 feet of a district that the relevant municipality or county has zoned as primarily residential.
- (ii) The proximity requirements described in Subsection (2)(c)(i) shall be measured from the nearest entrance to the medical cannabis pharmacy establishment by following the shortest route of ordinary pedestrian travel to the property boundary of the community location or residential area.
- (iii) The department may grant a waiver to reduce the proximity requirements in Subsection (2)(c)(i) by up to 20% if the department determines that it is not reasonably feasible for the applicant to site the proposed medical cannabis pharmacy without the waiver.
- (iv) An applicant for a license under this section shall provide evidence of compliance with the proximity requirements described in Subsection (2)(c)(i).
- (d) The department may not issue a license to an eligible applicant that the department has selected to receive a license until the selected eligible applicant obtains the performance bond described in Subsection (2)(b)(iii).
- (e) If the department receives more than one application for a medical cannabis pharmacy within the same city or town, the department shall consult with the local land use authority before approving any of the applications pertaining to that city or town.
- (3) If the department selects an applicant for a medical cannabis pharmacy license under this section, the department shall:
- (a) charge the applicant an initial license fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection 26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504; and
- (b) notify the Department of Public Safety of the license approval and the names of each individual described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii).
- 1855 (4) The department may not issue a license to operate a medical cannabis pharmacy to an applicant if an individual described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii):

185/	(a) has been convicted under state or federal law of:
1858	(i) a felony; or
1859	(ii) after December 3, 2018, a misdemeanor for drug distribution;
1860	(b) is younger than 21 years old; or
1861	(c) after the effective date of this bill until January 1, 2023, is actively serving as a
1862	legislator.
1863	(5) If an applicant for a medical cannabis pharmacy license under this section holds a
1864	license under Title 4, Chapter 41, Hemp and Cannabinoid Act, or Title 4, Chapter 41a,
1865	Cannabis Production Establishments, the department:
1866	(a) shall consult with the Department of Agriculture and Food regarding the applicant
1867	and
1868	(b) may not give preference to the applicant based on the applicant's status as a holder
1869	of a license described in this Subsection (5).
1870	(6) The department may revoke a license under this part if:
1871	(a) the medical cannabis pharmacy does not begin operations within one year after the
1872	day on which the department issues the initial license;
1873	(b) the medical cannabis pharmacy makes the same violation of this chapter three
1874	times;
1875	(c) an individual described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii) is convicted, while the license is
1876	active, under state or federal law of:
1877	(i) a felony; or
1878	(ii) after December 3, 2018, a misdemeanor for drug distribution; [or]
1879	(d) the licensee fails to provide the information described in Subsection (2)(b)(vi) at
1880	the time of application, or fails to supplement the information described in Subsection
1881	(2)(b)(vi) with any investigation or adverse action that occurs after the submission of the
1882	application[-] within 14 calendar days after the licensee receives notice of the investigation or
1883	adverse action; or
1884	(e) if the medical cannabis pharmacy demonstrates a willful or reckless disregard for
1885	the requirements of this chapter or the rules the department makes in accordance with this
1886	chapter.
1887	(7) (a) A person who receives a medical cannabis pharmacy license under this chapter

if the municipality or county where the licensed medical cannabis pharmacy will be located requires a local land use permit, shall submit to the department a copy of the licensee's approved application for the land use permit within 120 days after the day on which the department issues the license.

- (b) If a licensee fails to submit to the department a copy the licensee's approved land use permit application in accordance with Subsection (7)(a), the department may revoke the licensee's license.
- (8) The department shall deposit the proceeds of a fee imposed by this section in the Oualified Patient Enterprise Fund.
- 1897 (9) The department shall begin accepting applications under this part on or before 1898 March 1, 2020.
- 1899 (10) (a) The department's authority to issue a license under this section is plenary and is not subject to review.
 - (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the decision of the department to award a license to an applicant is not subject to:
 - (i) Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Part 16, Protests; or
 - (ii) Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Part 17, Procurement Appeals Board.
- 1905 Section 22. Section **26-61a-303** is amended to read:
- 1906 **26-61a-303. Renewal.**

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- (1) The department shall renew a license under this part every year if, at the time of renewal:
 - (a) the licensee meets the requirements of Section 26-61a-301; [and]
- (b) the licensee pays the department a license renewal fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection 26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504[-]; and
- (c) if the medical cannabis pharmacy changes the operating plan described in Section 26-61a-304 that the department approved under Subsection 26-61a-301(2)(b)(iv), the department approves the new operating plan.
- (2) (a) If a licensed medical cannabis pharmacy abandons the medical cannabis pharmacy's license, the department shall publish notice of an available license:
- 1917 (i) in a newspaper of general circulation for the geographic area in which the medical 1918 cannabis pharmacy license is available; or

1919	(ii) on the Utah Public Notice Website established in Section 63F-1-701.
1920	(b) The department may establish criteria, in collaboration with the Division of
1921	Occupational and Professional Licensing and the Board of Pharmacy and in accordance with
1922	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to identify the medical cannabis
1923	pharmacy actions that constitute abandonment of a medical cannabis pharmacy license.
1924	Section 23. Section 26-61a-501 is amended to read:
1925	26-61a-501. Operating requirements General.
1926	(1) (a) A medical cannabis pharmacy shall operate:
1927	(i) at the physical address provided to the department under Section 26-61a-301; and
1928	(ii) in accordance with the operating plan provided to the department under Section
1929	26-61a-301 and, if applicable, 26-61a-304.
1930	(b) A medical cannabis pharmacy shall notify the department before a change in the
1931	medical cannabis pharmacy's physical address or operating plan.
1932	(2) An individual may not enter a medical cannabis pharmacy unless the individual:
1933	(a) is at least 18 years old; and
1934	(b) except as provided in Subsection (5), possesses a valid:
1935	(i) medical cannabis pharmacy agent registration card; [or]
1936	(ii) pharmacy medical provider registration card; or
1937	[(ii)] (iii) medical cannabis card.
1938	(3) A medical cannabis pharmacy may not employ an individual who is younger than
1939	21 years old.
1940	(4) A medical cannabis pharmacy may not employ an individual who has been
1941	convicted of a felony under state or federal law.
1942	(5) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), a medical cannabis pharmacy may authorize an
1943	individual who is not a medical cannabis pharmacy agent or pharmacy medical provider to
1944	access the medical cannabis pharmacy if the medical cannabis pharmacy tracks and monitors
1945	the individual at all times while the individual is at the medical cannabis pharmacy and
1946	maintains a record of the individual's access.
1947	(6) A medical cannabis pharmacy shall operate in a facility that has:
1948	(a) a single, secure public entrance;
1949	(b) a security system with a backup power source that:

1930	(i) detects and records entry into the medical cannabis pharmacy, and
1951	(ii) provides notice of an unauthorized entry to law enforcement when the medical
1952	cannabis pharmacy is closed; and
1953	(c) a lock on each area where the medical cannabis pharmacy stores cannabis or a
1954	cannabis product.
1955	(7) A medical cannabis pharmacy shall post, both clearly and conspicuously in the
1956	medical cannabis pharmacy, the limit on the purchase of cannabis described in Subsection
1957	26-61a-502(2).
1958	(8) A medical cannabis pharmacy may not allow any individual to consume cannabis
1959	on the property or premises of the medical cannabis pharmacy.
1960	(9) A medical cannabis pharmacy may not sell cannabis or a cannabis product without
1961	first indicating on the cannabis or cannabis product label the name of the medical cannabis
1962	pharmacy.
1963	(10) (a) Each medical cannabis pharmacy shall retain in the pharmacy's records the
1964	following information regarding each recommendation underlying a transaction:
1965	(i) the qualified medical provider's name, address, and telephone number;
1966	(ii) the patient's name and address;
1967	(iii) the date of issuance;
1968	(iv) [dosing parameters] directions of use and dosing guidelines or an indication that
1969	the qualified medical provider did not recommend specific directions of use or dosing
1970	[parameters] guidelines; and
1971	(v) if the patient did not complete the transaction, the name of the medical cannabis
1972	cardholder who completed the transaction.
1973	(b) (i) [The] Except as provided in Subsection (10)(b)(ii), a medical cannabis pharmacy
1974	may not sell <u>medical</u> cannabis [or a cannabis product] unless the <u>medical</u> cannabis [or cannabis
1975	product] has a label securely affixed to the container indicating the following minimum
1976	information:
1977	[(i)] (A) the name, address, and telephone number of the medical cannabis pharmacy;
1978	[(ii)] (B) the unique identification number that the medical cannabis pharmacy assigns;
1979	[(iii)] (C) the date of the sale;
1980	[(iv)] (D) the name of the patient;

1981	[v) the name of the qualified medical provider who recommended the medical
1982	cannabis treatment;
1983	[(vi)] (F) directions for use and cautionary statements, if any;
1984	[(vii)] (G) the amount dispensed and the cannabinoid content;
1985	[(viii)] (H) the [beyond] suggested use date; [and]
1986	(I) for unprocessed cannabis flower, the legal use termination date; and
1987	[(ix)] (J) any other requirements that the department determines, in consultation with
1988	the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing and the Board of Pharmacy.
1989	(ii) A medical cannabis pharmacy may sell medical cannabis to another medical
1990	cannabis pharmacy without a label described in Subsection (10)(b)(i).
1991	(11) A pharmacy medical provider or medical cannabis pharmacy agent shall:
1992	(a) unless the medical cannabis cardholder has had a consultation under Subsection
1993	26-61a-502(4), verbally offer to a medical cannabis cardholder at the time of a purchase of
1994	cannabis, a cannabis product, or a medical cannabis device, personal[, face-to-face] counseling
1995	with the pharmacy medical provider who is a pharmacist; and
1996	(b) provide a telephone number or website by which the cardholder may contact a
1997	pharmacy medical provider for counseling.
1998	(12) (a) A medical cannabis pharmacy may create a medical cannabis disposal program
1999	that allows an individual to deposit unused or excess medical cannabis, cannabis residue from a
2000	medical cannabis device, or medical cannabis product in a locked box or other secure
2001	receptacle within the medical cannabis pharmacy.
2002	(b) A medical cannabis pharmacy with a disposal program described in Subsection
2003	(12)(a) shall ensure that only a medical cannabis pharmacy agent or pharmacy medical provider
2004	can access deposited medical cannabis or medical cannabis products.
2005	(c) A medical cannabis pharmacy shall dispose of any deposited medical cannabis or
2006	medical cannabis products by:
2007	(i) rendering the deposited medical cannabis or medical cannabis products unusable
2008	and unrecognizable before transporting deposited medical cannabis or medical cannabis
2009	products from the medical cannabis pharmacy; and
2010	(ii) disposing of the deposited medical cannabis or medical cannabis products in
2011	accordance with:

2012	(A) federal and state law, rules, and regulations related to hazardous waste;
2013	(B) the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 6991 et seq.;
2014	(C) Title 19, Chapter 6, Part 5, Solid Waste Management Act; and
2015	(D) other regulations that the department makes in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter
2016	3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2017	(13) The department shall establish by rule, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
2018	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, protocols for a recall of cannabis and cannabis products
2019	by a medical cannabis pharmacy.
2020	Section 24. Section 26-61a-502 is amended to read:
2021	26-61a-502. Dispensing Amount a medical cannabis pharmacy may dispense
2022	Reporting Form of cannabis or cannabis product.
2023	(1) (a) A medical cannabis pharmacy may not sell a product other than, subject to this
2024	chapter:
2025	(i) cannabis in a medicinal dosage form that the medical cannabis pharmacy acquired
2026	from a cannabis processing facility that is licensed under Section 4-41a-201;
2027	(ii) a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form that the medical cannabis pharmacy
2028	acquired from a cannabis processing facility that is licensed under Section 4-41a-201;
2029	(iii) a medical cannabis device; or
2030	(iv) educational material related to the medical use of cannabis.
2031	(b) A medical cannabis pharmacy may only sell an item listed in Subsection (1)(a) to
2032	an individual with:
2033	(i) (A) a medical cannabis card; [and] or
2034	(B) a department registration described in Subsection 26-61a-202(10); and
2035	(ii) a corresponding valid form of photo identification.
2036	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a medical cannabis pharmacy may not sell a
2037	cannabis-based drug that the United States Food and Drug Administration has approved.
2038	(d) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(b), a medical cannabis pharmacy may not sell a
2039	medical cannabis device to an individual described in Subsection 26-61a-201(2)(a) or to a
2040	minor described in Subsection 26-61a-201(2)(c) unless the individual or minor has the
2041	approval of the compassionate use board in accordance with Subsection 26-61a-105(5).
2042	(2) A medical cannabis pharmacy may not dispense:

2043 (a) to a medical cannabis cardholder in any one 28-day period, more than the lesser of: 2044 (i) an amount sufficient to provide 30 days of treatment based on the dosing 2045 [parameters] guidelines that the relevant qualified medical provider or the pharmacy medical 2046 provider, in accordance with Subsection (4) or (5), recommends; or 2047 (ii) (A) 113 grams by weight of unprocessed cannabis that is in a medicinal dosage 2048 form and that carries a label clearly displaying the amount of tetrahydrocannabinol and 2049 cannabidiol in the cannabis; or 2050 (B) an amount of cannabis products that is in a medicinal dosage form and that 2051 contains, in total, greater than 20 grams of total composite tetrahydrocannabinol; or 2052 (b) to an individual whose qualified medical provider did not recommend [dosing 2053 parameters directions of use and dosing guidelines, until the individual consults with the 2054 pharmacy medical provider in accordance with Subsection (4), any cannabis or cannabis 2055 products. 2056 (3) An individual with a medical cannabis card may not: 2057 (a) purchase: 2058 [(a)] (i) more cannabis or cannabis products than the amounts designated in Subsection 2059 (2) in any one 28-day period; or 2060 [(ti)] (ii) if the relevant qualified medical provider did not recommend [dosing 2061 parameters] directions of use and dosing guidelines, until the individual consults with the pharmacy medical provider in accordance with Subsection (4), any cannabis or cannabis 2062 2063 products[-]; and 2064 (b) use a route of administration that the relevant qualified medical provider or the 2065 pharmacy medical provider, in accordance with Subsection (4) or (5), has not recommended. 2066 (4) If a qualified medical provider recommends treatment with medical cannabis or a 2067 cannabis product but does not provide [dosing parameters] directions of use and dosing 2068 guidelines: 2069 (a) the qualified medical provider shall document in the recommendation: 2070 (i) an evaluation of the qualifying condition underlying the recommendation: 2071 (ii) prior treatment attempts with cannabis and cannabis products; and 2072 (iii) the patient's current medication list; and 2073 (b) before the relevant medical cannabis cardholder may obtain cannabis in a medicinal

dosage form or a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, the pharmacy medical provider shall:

- (i) review pertinent medical records, including the qualified medical provider documentation described in Subsection (4)(a); and
- (ii) unless the pertinent medical records show [dosing parameters] directions of use and dosing guidelines from a state central patient portal medical provider in accordance with Subsection (5), after completing the review described in Subsection (4)(b)(i) and consulting with the recommending qualified medical provider as needed, determine the best course of treatment through consultation with the cardholder regarding:
- (A) the patient's qualifying condition underlying the recommendation from the qualified medical provider;
 - (B) indications for available treatments;
 - (C) [dosing parameters] directions of use and dosing guidelines; and
 - (D) potential adverse reactions.

- (5) (a) A state central patient portal medical provider may provide the consultation and make the determination described in Subsection (4)(b) for a medical cannabis patient cardholder regarding an electronic order that the state central patient portal facilitates.
- (b) The state central patient portal medical provider described in Subsection (5)(a) shall document the [dosing parameters] directions of use and dosing guidelines, determined under Subsection (5)(a) in the pertinent medical records.
 - (6) A medical cannabis pharmacy shall:
- (a) (i) access the state electronic verification system before dispensing cannabis or a cannabis product to a medical cannabis cardholder in order to determine if the cardholder or, where applicable, the associated patient has met the maximum amount of cannabis or cannabis products described in Subsection (2); and
- (ii) if the verification in Subsection (6)(a)(i) indicates that the individual has met the maximum amount described in Subsection (2):
 - (A) decline the sale; and
 - (B) notify the qualified medical provider who made the underlying recommendation;
- 2103 (b) submit a record to the state electronic verification system each time the medical cannabis pharmacy dispenses cannabis or a cannabis product to a medical cannabis cardholder;

2105	(c) package any cannabis or cannabis product that is in a [blister pack in a] container
2106	that:
2107	(i) complies with Subsection 4-41a-602(2) or, if applicable, 26-61a-102(31)(a)(ii);
2108	(ii) is tamper-resistant and tamper-evident; and
2109	(iii) opaque; and
2110	(d) for a product that is a cube that is designed for ingestion through chewing or
2111	holding in the mouth for slow dissolution, include a separate, off-label warning about the risks
2112	of over-consumption.
2113	(7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), a medical cannabis pharmacy may not
2114	sell medical cannabis in the form of a cigarette or a medical cannabis device that is
2115	intentionally designed or constructed to resemble a cigarette.
2116	(b) A medical cannabis pharmacy may sell a medical cannabis device that warms
2117	cannabis material into a vapor without the use of a flame and that delivers cannabis to an
2118	individual's respiratory system.
2119	(8) A medical cannabis pharmacy may not give, at no cost, a product that the medical
2120	cannabis pharmacy is allowed to sell under Subsection (1).
2121	(9) The department may impose a uniform fee on each medical cannabis cardholder
2122	transaction in a medical cannabis pharmacy in an amount that, subject to Subsection
2123	26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504.
2124	(10) A medical cannabis pharmacy may purchase and store medical cannabis devices
2125	regardless of whether the seller has a cannabis-related license under this title or Title 4, Chapter
2126	41a, Cannabis Production Establishments.
2127	Section 25. Section 26-61a-504 is amended to read:
2128	26-61a-504. Inspections.
2129	(1) Each medical cannabis pharmacy shall maintain the pharmacy's medical cannabis
2130	treatment recommendation files and other records in accordance with this chapter, department
2131	rules, and the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Pub. L. No.
2132	104-191, 110 Stat. 1936, as amended.
2133	(2) The department or the Department of Agriculture and Food may inspect the records
2134	[and], facility, and inventory of a medical cannabis pharmacy at any time during business hours
2135	in order to determine if the medical cannabis pharmacy complies with this chapter and Title 4,

2136	Chapter 41a, Cannabis Production Establishments.
2137	(3) An inspection under this section may include:
2138	(a) inspection of a site, facility, vehicle, book, record, paper, document, data, or other
2139	physical or electronic information, or any combination of the above;
2140	(b) questioning of any relevant individual; [or]
2141	(c) inspection of equipment, an instrument, a tool, or machinery, including a container
2142	or label[-];
2143	(d) random sampling of medical cannabis by the Department of Agriculture and Food
2144	to make the determinations described in Subsection 4-41a-701(2) in accordance with rules
2145	described in Section 4-41a-701; or
2146	(e) seizure of medical cannabis, medical cannabis devices, or educational material as
2147	evidence in a department investigation or inspection or in instances of compliance failure.
2148	(4) In making an inspection under this section, the department or the Department of
2149	Agriculture and Food may freely access any area and review and make copies of a book,
2150	record, paper, document, data, or other physical or electronic information, including financial
2151	data, sales data, shipping data, pricing data, and employee data.
2152	(5) Failure to provide the department [or the department's], the Department of
2153	Agriculture and Food, or the authorized agents of the department or the Department of
2154	Agriculture and Food immediate access to records and facilities during business hours in
2155	accordance with this section may result in:
2156	(a) the imposition of a civil monetary penalty that the department sets in accordance
2157	with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
2158	(b) license or registration suspension or revocation; or
2159	(c) an immediate cessation of operations under a cease and desist order that the
2160	department issues.
2161	(6) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the department may temporarily store
2162	in any department facility the items the department seizes under Subsection (3)(e) until the
2163	department:
2164	(a) determines that sufficient compliance justifies the return of the seized items; or
2165	(b) disposes of the items in the same manner as a cannabis production establishment in
2166	accordance with Section 4-41a-405

2167	Section 26. Section 26-61a-505 is amended to read:
2168	26-61a-505. Advertising.
2169	(1) Except as provided in [Subsections (2) and (3)] this section, a medical cannabis
2170	pharmacy may not advertise in any medium.
2171	(2) Notwithstanding any municipal or county ordinance prohibiting signage, a medical
2172	cannabis pharmacy may use signage on the outside of the medical cannabis pharmacy that:
2173	(a) includes only:
2174	(i) the medical cannabis pharmacy's name and hours of operation; and
2175	(ii) a green cross;
2176	(b) does not exceed four feet by five feet in size; and
2177	(c) complies with local ordinances regulating signage.
2178	(3) (a) A medical cannabis pharmacy may maintain a website that includes information
2179	about:
2180	[(a)] (i) the location and hours of operation of the medical cannabis pharmacy;
2181	[(b)] (ii) a product or service available at the medical cannabis pharmacy;
2182	[(c)] (iii) personnel affiliated with the medical cannabis pharmacy;
2183	[(d)] (iv) best practices that the medical cannabis pharmacy upholds; and
2184	[(e)] (v) educational material related to the medical use of cannabis, as defined by the
2185	department.
2186	(b) The department shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2187	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to define the educational material described in Subsection
2188	(3)(a).
2189	(4) (a) A medical cannabis pharmacy may hold an educational event for the public or
2190	medical providers in accordance with this Subsection (4) and the rules described in Subsection
2191	(4)(c).
2192	(b) A medical cannabis pharmacy may not include in an educational event described in
2193	Subsection (4)(a):
2194	(i) any topic that the department does not approve in advance in accordance with the
2195	rules described in Subsection (4)(c);
2196	(ii) any gift items or merchandise other than educational materials, as those terms are
2197	defined by the department; or

2198	(iii) a presenter other than the following:
2199	(A) a pharmacist licensed under Title 58, Chapter 17b, Pharmacy Practice Act;
2200	(B) an advanced practice registered nurse licensed under Title 58, Chapter 31b, Nurse
2201	Practice Act;
2202	(C) a physician licensed under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act, or
2203	Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act;
2204	(D) a physician assistant licensed under Title 58, Chapter 70a, Utah Physician
2205	Assistant Act; or
2206	(E) a state employee.
2207	(c) The department shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2208	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to define the elements of and restrictions on the educational
2209	event described in Subsection (4)(a), including:
2210	(i) a minimum age of 21 years old for attendees;
2211	(ii) a requirement for department pre-approval of the event agenda; and
2212	(iii) a requirement for department pre-approval of the individual presenting at the
2213	event.
2214	Section 27. Section 26-61a-506 is amended to read:
2215	26-61a-506. Medical cannabis transportation.
2216	(1) Only the following individuals may transport medical cannabis [in a medicinal
2217	dosage form, a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device]
2218	under this chapter:
2219	(a) a registered medical cannabis pharmacy agent;
2220	(b) a registered medical cannabis courier agent; [or]
2221	(c) a registered pharmacy medical provider; or
2222	[(c)] (d) a medical cannabis cardholder who is transporting a medical cannabis
2223	treatment that the cardholder is authorized to transport.
2224	(2) Except for an individual with a valid medical cannabis card under this chapter who
2225	is transporting a medical cannabis treatment that the cardholder is authorized to transport, an
2226	individual described in Subsection (1) shall possess a transportation manifest that:
2227	(a) includes a unique identifier that links the cannabis[7] or cannabis product[7, or
2228	medical cannabis device] to a relevant inventory control system;

2229 (b) includes origin and destination information for the medical cannabis, a cannabis 2230 product, or a medical cannabis device that the individual is transporting; and 2231 (c) identifies the departure and arrival times and locations of the individual transporting the medical cannabis, cannabis product, or medical cannabis device. 2232 2233 (3) (a) In addition to the requirements in Subsections (1) and (2), the department may 2234 establish by rule, in collaboration with the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing 2235 and the Board of Pharmacy and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative 2236 Rulemaking Act, requirements for transporting [cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a 2237 cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device] medical cannabis to ensure that the medical cannabis cannabis product, or medical cannabis device remains 2238 2239 safe for human consumption. 2240 (b) The transportation described in Subsection (1)(a) is limited to transportation 2241 between a medical cannabis pharmacy and: 2242 (i) another medical cannabis pharmacy; or 2243 (ii) for a medical cannabis shipment, a medical cannabis cardholder's home address. 2244 (4) (a) It is unlawful for [a registered medical cannabis pharmacy agent or a registered 2245 medical cannabis courier agent] an individual described in Subsection (1) to make a transport 2246 described in this section with a manifest that does not meet the requirements of this section. 2247 (b) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(d), an [agent] individual who violates 2248 Subsection (4)(a) is: 2249 (i) guilty of an infraction; and 2250 (ii) subject to a \$100 fine. 2251 (c) An individual who is guilty of a violation described in Subsection (4)(b) is not 2252 guilty of a violation of Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, for the conduct 2253 underlying the violation described in Subsection (4)(b). 2254 (d) If the individual described in Subsection (4)(a) is transporting more medical cannabis cannabis product, or medical cannabis devices than the manifest identifies, except 2255 2256 for a de minimis administrative error:

(ii) the individual is subject to penalties under Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.

(i) this chapter does not apply; and

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2260	(5) An individual other than an individual described in Subsection (1) may transport a
2261	medical cannabis device within the state if the transport does not also contain medical
2262	cannabis.
2263	Section 28. Section 26-61a-601 is amended to read:
2264	26-61a-601. State central patient portal Department duties.
2265	(1) On or before July 1, 2020, the department shall establish or contract to establish, in
2266	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, a state central patient portal as
2267	described in this section.
2268	(2) The state central patient portal shall:
2269	(a) authenticate each user to ensure the user is a valid medical cannabis patient
2270	cardholder;
2271	(b) allow a medical cannabis patient cardholder to:
2272	(i) obtain and download the cardholder's medical cannabis card;
2273	(ii) review the cardholder's medical cannabis purchase history; and
2274	(iii) manage the cardholder's personal information, including withdrawing consent for
2275	the use of the cardholder's information for a study described in Subsection
2276	26-61a-201[(10)] <u>(11);</u>
2277	(c) if the cardholder's qualified medical provider recommended the use of medical
2278	cannabis without providing directions of use and dosing [parameters] guidelines and the
2279	cardholder has not yet received the counseling or consultation required in Subsection
2280	26-61a-502(4):
2281	(i) alert the cardholder of the outstanding need for consultation; and
2282	(ii) provide the cardholder with access to the contact information for each state central
2283	patient portal medical provider and each pharmacy medical provider;
2284	(d) except as provided in Subsection (2)(e), facilitate an electronic medical cannabis
2285	order <u>:</u>
2286	(i) to a home delivery medical cannabis pharmacy for a medical cannabis shipment; or
2287	(ii) to a medical cannabis pharmacy for a medical cannabis cardholder to obtain in
2288	person from the pharmacy;
2289	(e) prohibit a patient from completing an electronic medical cannabis order described
2290	in Subsection (2)(d) if the purchase would exceed the limitations described in Subsection

2291	26-61a-501(2)(a) or (b);
2292	(f) provide educational information to medical cannabis patient cardholders regarding
2293	the state's medical cannabis laws and regulatory programs and other relevant information
2294	regarding medical cannabis; and
2295	(g) allow the patient to designate up to two caregivers who may receive a medical
2296	cannabis caregiver card to purchase and transport medical cannabis on behalf of the patient in
2297	accordance with this chapter.
2298	(3) The department may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2299	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to implement the state central patient portal.
2300	Section 29. Section 26-61a-603 is amended to read:
2301	26-61a-603. Payment provider for electronic medical cannabis transactions.
2302	(1) A cannabis production establishment [seeking to use a payment provider], a
2303	medical cannabis pharmacy, or a prospective home delivery medical cannabis pharmacy
2304	seeking to use a payment provider shall submit to the Division of Finance and the state
2305	treasurer information regarding the payment provider the prospective licensee will use to
2306	conduct financial transactions related to medical cannabis, including:
2307	(a) the name and contact information of the payment provider;
2308	(b) the nature of the relationship between the establishment, pharmacy, or prospective
2309	pharmacy and the payment provider; and
2310	(c) for a prospective home delivery medical cannabis pharmacy, the processes the
2311	prospective licensee and the payment provider have in place to safely and reliably conduct
2312	financial transactions for medical cannabis shipments.
2313	(2) The Division of Finance shall, in consultation with the state treasurer:
2314	(a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
2315	make rules to establish standards for identifying payment providers that demonstrate the
2316	functional and technical ability to safely conduct financial transactions related to medical
2317	cannabis, including medical cannabis shipments;
2318	(b) review submissions the Division of Finance and the state treasurer receive under
2319	Subsection (1);
2320	(c) approve a payment provider that meets the standards described in Subsection (2)(a);

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and

2322	(d) establish a list of approved payment providers.
2323	(3) Any licensed cannabis production establishment, licensed medical cannabis
2324	pharmacy, or medical cannabis courier may use a payment provider that the Division of
2325	Finance approves, in consultation with the state treasurer, to conduct transactions related to the
2326	establishment's, pharmacy's, or courier's respective medical cannabis business.
2327	(4) If Congress passes legislation that allows a cannabis-related business to facilitate
2328	payments through or deposit funds in a financial institution, a cannabis production
2329	establishment or a medical cannabis pharmacy may facilitate payments through or deposit
2330	funds in a financial institution in addition to or instead of a payment provider that the Division
2331	of Finance approves, in consultation with the state treasurer, under this section.
2332	Section 30. Section 26-61a-605 is amended to read:
2333	26-61a-605. Medical cannabis shipment transportation.
2334	(1) The department shall ensure that each home delivery medical cannabis pharmacy is
2335	capable of delivering, directly or through a medical cannabis courier, medical cannabis
2336	shipments in a secure manner.
2337	(2) (a) A home delivery medical cannabis pharmacy may contract with a licensed
2338	medical cannabis courier to deliver medical cannabis shipments to fulfill electronic medical
2339	cannabis orders that the state central patient portal facilitates.
2340	(b) If a home delivery medical cannabis pharmacy enters into a contract described in
2341	Subsection (2)(a), the pharmacy shall:
2342	(i) impose security and personnel requirements on the medical cannabis courier
2343	sufficient to ensure the security and safety of medical cannabis shipments; and
2344	(ii) provide regular oversight of the medical cannabis courier.
2345	(3) Except for an individual with a valid medical cannabis card who transports a
2346	shipment the individual receives, an individual may not transport a medical cannabis shipment
2347	unless the individual is:
2348	(a) a registered pharmacy medical provider;
2349	[(a)] (b) a registered medical cannabis pharmacy agent; or
2350	[(b)] (c) a registered agent of the medical cannabis courier described in Subsection (2).
2351	(4) An individual transporting a medical cannabis shipment under Subsection (3) shall

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possess a transportation manifest that:

2353 (a) includes a unique identifier that links the medical cannabis shipment to a relevant 2354 inventory control system; 2355 (b) includes origin and destination information for the medical cannabis shipment the 2356 individual is transporting; and 2357 (c) indicates the departure and arrival times and locations of the individual transporting 2358 the medical cannabis shipment. 2359 (5) In addition to the requirements in Subsections (3) and (4), the department may 2360 establish by rule, in collaboration with the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing 2361 and the Board of Pharmacy and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, requirements for transporting medical cannabis shipments that are related to 2362 2363 safety for human consumption of cannabis or a cannabis product. 2364 (6) (a) It is unlawful for an individual to transport a medical cannabis shipment with a 2365 manifest that does not meet the requirements of Subsection (4). 2366 (b) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(d), an individual who violates Subsection 2367 (6)(a) is: 2368 (i) guilty of an infraction; and 2369 (ii) subject to a \$100 fine. 2370 (c) An individual who is guilty of a violation described in Subsection (6)(b) is not 2371 guilty of a violation of Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, for the conduct 2372 underlying the violation described in Subsection (6)(b). 2373 (d) If the individual described in Subsection (6)(a) is transporting more cannabis, cannabis product, or medical cannabis devices than the manifest identifies, except for a de 2374 2375 minimis administrative error: 2376 (i) this chapter does not apply; and 2377 (ii) the individual is subject to penalties under Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled 2378 Substances Act. 2379 Section 31. Section 41-6a-517 is amended to read: 2380 41-6a-517. Definitions -- Driving with any measurable controlled substance in the 2381 body -- Penalties -- Arrest without warrant.

(a) "Controlled substance" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2.

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(1) As used in this section:

2384	(b) "Practitioner" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2.
2385	(c) "Prescribe" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2.
2386	(d) "Prescription" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2.
2387	(2) In cases not amounting to a violation of Section 41-6a-502, a person may not
2388	operate or be in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state if the person has $\underline{\text{the}}$
2389	following in the person's body:
2390	(a) for a controlled substance other than cannabis, any measurable controlled substance
2391	or metabolite of a controlled substance [in the person's body.]; or
2392	(b) a pharmacologically active metabolite of cannabis.
2393	(3) It is an affirmative defense to prosecution under this section that the controlled
2394	substance was:
2395	(a) involuntarily ingested by the accused;
2396	(b) prescribed by a practitioner for use by the accused;
2397	(c) cannabis in a medicinal dosage form or a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage
2398	form that the accused ingested in accordance with Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical
2399	Cannabis Act; or
2400	(d) otherwise legally ingested.
2401	(4) (a) A person convicted of a violation of Subsection (2) is guilty of a class B
2402	misdemeanor.
2403	(b) A person who violates this section is subject to conviction and sentencing under
2404	both this section and any applicable offense under Section 58-37-8.
2405	(5) A peace officer may, without a warrant, arrest a person for a violation of this
2406	section when the officer has probable cause to believe the violation has occurred, although not
2407	in the officer's presence, and if the officer has probable cause to believe that the violation was
2408	committed by the person.
2409	(6) The Driver License Division shall, if the person is 21 years of age or older on the
2410	date of arrest:
2411	(a) suspend, for a period of 120 days, the driver license of a person convicted under
2412	Subsection (2) of an offense committed on or after July 1, 2009; or
2413	(b) revoke, for a period of two years, the driver license of a person if:

(i) the person has a prior conviction as defined under Subsection 41-6a-501(2); and

2415 (ii) the current violation under Subsection (2) is committed on or after July 1, 2009, and within a period of 10 years after the date of the prior violation.

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- (7) The Driver License Division shall, if the person is 19 years of age or older but under 21 years of age on the date of arrest:
- (a) suspend, until the person is 21 years of age or for a period of one year, whichever is longer, the driver license of a person convicted under Subsection (2) of an offense committed on or after July 1, 2011; or
- (b) revoke, until the person is 21 years of age or for a period of two years, whichever is longer, the driver license of a person if:
 - (i) the person has a prior conviction as defined under Subsection 41-6a-501(2); and
 - (ii) the current violation under Subsection (2) is committed on or after July 1, 2009, and within a period of 10 years after the date of the prior violation.
 - (8) The Driver License Division shall, if the person is under 19 years of age on the date of arrest:
 - (a) suspend, until the person is 21 years of age, the driver license of a person convicted under Subsection (2) of an offense committed on or after July 1, 2009; or
 - (b) revoke, until the person is 21 years of age, the driver license of a person if:
 - (i) the person has a prior conviction as defined under Subsection 41-6a-501(2); and
 - (ii) the current violation under Subsection (2) is committed on or after July 1, 2009, and within a period of 10 years after the date of the prior violation.
 - (9) The Driver License Division shall subtract from any suspension or revocation period the number of days for which a license was previously suspended under Section 53-3-223 or 53-3-231, if the previous suspension was based on the same occurrence upon which the record of conviction is based.
 - (10) The Driver License Division shall:
 - (a) deny, suspend, or revoke a person's license for the denial and suspension periods in effect prior to July 1, 2009, for a conviction of a violation under Subsection (2) that was committed prior to July 1, 2009; or
 - (b) deny, suspend, or revoke the operator's license of a person for the denial, suspension, or revocation periods in effect from July 1, 2009, through June 30, 2011, if:
- 2445 (i) the person was 20 years of age or older but under 21 years of age at the time of

2446	arrest;	and

2447 (ii) the conviction under Subsection (2) is for an offense that was committed on or after 2448 July 1, 2009, and prior to July 1, 2011.

- (11) A court that reported a conviction of a violation of this section for a violation that occurred on or after July 1, 2009, to the Driver License Division may shorten the suspension period imposed under Subsection (7)(a) or (8)(a) prior to completion of the suspension period if the person:
 - (a) completes at least six months of the license suspension;
- 2454 (b) completes a screening;
- 2455 (c) completes an assessment, if it is found appropriate by a screening under Subsection 2456 (11)(b);
 - (d) completes substance abuse treatment if it is found appropriate by the assessment under Subsection (11)(c);
 - (e) completes an educational series if substance abuse treatment is not required by the assessment under Subsection (11)(c) or the court does not order substance abuse treatment;
 - (f) has not been convicted of a violation of any motor vehicle law in which the person was involved as the operator of the vehicle during the suspension period imposed under Subsection (7)(a) or (8)(a);
 - (g) has complied with all the terms of the person's probation or all orders of the court if not ordered to probation; and
 - (h) (i) is 18 years of age or older and provides a sworn statement to the court that the person has not consumed a controlled substance not prescribed by a practitioner for use by the person or unlawfully consumed alcohol during the suspension period imposed under Subsection (7)(a) or (8)(a); or
 - (ii) is under 18 years of age and has the person's parent or legal guardian provide an affidavit or other sworn statement to the court certifying that to the parent or legal guardian's knowledge the person has not consumed a controlled substance not prescribed by a practitioner for use by the person or unlawfully consumed alcohol during the suspension period imposed under Subsection (7)(a) or (8)(a).
 - (12) If the court shortens a person's license suspension period in accordance with the requirements of Subsection (11), the court shall forward the order shortening the person's

2477 license suspension period prior to the completion of the suspension period imposed under 2478 Subsection (7)(a) or (8)(a) to the Driver License Division. 2479 (13) (a) The court shall notify the Driver License Division if a person fails to: (i) complete all court ordered screening and assessment, educational series, and 2480 2481 substance abuse treatment; or 2482 (ii) pay all fines and fees, including fees for restitution and treatment costs. (b) Upon receiving the notification, the division shall suspend the person's driving 2483 2484 privilege in accordance with Subsections 53-3-221(2) and (3). 2485 (14) The court: 2486 (a) shall order supervised probation in accordance with Section 41-6a-507 for a person 2487 convicted under Subsection (2); and 2488 (b) may order a person convicted under Subsection (2) to participate in a 24-7 sobriety 2489 program as defined in Section 41-6a-515.5 if the person is 21 years of age or older. (15) (a) A court that reported a conviction of a violation of this section to the Driver 2490 2491 License Division may shorten the suspension period imposed under Subsection (6) before 2492 completion of the suspension period if the person is participating in or has successfully 2493 completed a 24-7 sobriety program as defined in Section 41-6a-515.5. 2494 (b) If the court shortens a person's license suspension period in accordance with the 2495 requirements of this Subsection (15), the court shall forward to the Driver License Division the 2496 order shortening the person's suspension period. 2497 (c) The court shall notify the Driver License Division if a person fails to complete all 2498 requirements of a 24-7 sobriety program. 2499 (d) Upon receiving the notification described in Subsection (15)(c), the division shall 2500 suspend the person's driving privilege in accordance with Subsections 53-3-221(2) and (3). 2501 Section 32. Section **52-4-205** is amended to read: 2502 52-4-205. Purposes of closed meetings -- Certain issues prohibited in closed 2503 meetings. 2504 (1) A closed meeting described under Section 52-4-204 may only be held for: 2505 (a) except as provided in Subsection (3), discussion of the character, professional

competence, or physical or mental health of an individual:

(b) strategy sessions to discuss collective bargaining;

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2508	(c) strategy sessions to discuss pending or reasonably imminent litigation;
2509	(d) strategy sessions to discuss the purchase, exchange, or lease of real property,
2510	including any form of a water right or water shares, if public discussion of the transaction
2511	would:
2512	(i) disclose the appraisal or estimated value of the property under consideration; or
2513	(ii) prevent the public body from completing the transaction on the best possible terms;
2514	(e) strategy sessions to discuss the sale of real property, including any form of a water
2515	right or water shares, if:
2516	(i) public discussion of the transaction would:
2517	(A) disclose the appraisal or estimated value of the property under consideration; or
2518	(B) prevent the public body from completing the transaction on the best possible terms;
2519	(ii) the public body previously gave public notice that the property would be offered for
2520	sale; and
2521	(iii) the terms of the sale are publicly disclosed before the public body approves the
2522	sale;
2523	(f) discussion regarding deployment of security personnel, devices, or systems;
2524	(g) investigative proceedings regarding allegations of criminal misconduct;
2525	(h) as relates to the Independent Legislative Ethics Commission, conducting business
2526	relating to the receipt or review of ethics complaints;
2527	(i) as relates to an ethics committee of the Legislature, a purpose permitted under
2528	Subsection 52-4-204(1)(a)(iii)(C);
2529	(j) as relates to the Independent Executive Branch Ethics Commission created in
2530	Section 63A-14-202, conducting business relating to an ethics complaint;
2531	(k) as relates to a county legislative body, discussing commercial information as
2532	defined in Section 59-1-404;
2533	(l) as relates to the Utah Higher Education Assistance Authority and its appointed
2534	board of directors, discussing fiduciary or commercial information as defined in Section
2535	53B-12-102;
2536	(m) deliberations, not including any information gathering activities, of a public body
2537	acting in the capacity of:
2538	(i) an evaluation committee under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code,

2539 during the process of evaluating responses to a solicitation, as defined in Section 63G-6a-103; 2540 (ii) a protest officer, defined in Section 63G-6a-103, during the process of making a 2541 decision on a protest under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Part 16, Protests; or 2542 (iii) a procurement appeals panel under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement 2543 Code, during the process of deciding an appeal under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Part 17, 2544 Procurement Appeals Board; 2545 (n) the purpose of considering information that is designated as a trade secret, as 2546 defined in Section 13-24-2, if the public body's consideration of the information is necessary in 2547 order to properly conduct a procurement under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code; 2548 (o) the purpose of discussing information provided to the public body during the 2549 procurement process under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, if, at the time of 2550 the meeting: 2551 (i) the information may not, under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, be 2552 disclosed to a member of the public or to a participant in the procurement process; and 2553 (ii) the public body needs to review or discuss the information in order to properly 2554 fulfill its role and responsibilities in the procurement process; (p) as relates to the governing board of a governmental nonprofit corporation, as that 2555 2556 term is defined in Section 11-13a-102, the purpose of discussing information that is designated 2557 as a trade secret, as that term is defined in Section 13-24-2, if: 2558 (i) public knowledge of the discussion would reasonably be expected to result in injury 2559 to the owner of the trade secret; and 2560 (ii) discussion of the information is necessary for the governing board to properly 2561 discharge the board's duties and conduct the board's business; or 2562 (q) a purpose for which a meeting is required to be closed under Subsection (2). 2563 (2) The following meetings shall be closed: 2564 (a) a meeting of the Health and Human Services Interim Committee to review a fatality 2565 review report described in Subsection 62A-16-301(1)(a), and the responses to the report 2566 described in Subsections 62A-16-301(2) and (4): 2567

- (b) a meeting of the Child Welfare Legislative Oversight Panel to:
- 2568 (i) review a fatality review report described in Subsection 62A-16-301(1)(a), and the 2569 responses to the report described in Subsections 62A-16-301(2) and (4); or

2570	(ii) review and discuss an individual case, as described in Subsection 62A-4a-207(5);
2571	[and]
2572	(c) a meeting of a conservation district as defined in Section 17D-3-102 for the purpose
2573	of advising the Natural Resource Conservation Service of the United States Department of
2574	Agriculture on a farm improvement project if the discussed information is protected
2575	information under federal law[-]; and
2576	(d) a meeting of the compassionate use board established in Section 26-61a-105 for the
2577	purpose of reviewing petitions for a medical cannabis card in accordance with Section
2578	<u>26-61a-105.</u>
2579	(3) In a closed meeting, a public body may not:
2580	(a) interview a person applying to fill an elected position;
2581	(b) discuss filling a midterm vacancy or temporary absence governed by Title 20A,
2582	Chapter 1, Part 5, Candidate Vacancy and Vacancy and Temporary Absence in Elected Office;
2583	or
2584	(c) discuss the character, professional competence, or physical or mental health of the
2585	person whose name was submitted for consideration to fill a midterm vacancy or temporary
2586	absence governed by Title 20A, Chapter 1, Part 5, Candidate Vacancy and Vacancy and
2587	Temporary Absence in Elected Office.
2588	Section 33. Section 58-37-2 is amended to read:
2589	58-37-2. Definitions.
2590	(1) As used in this chapter:
2591	(a) "Administer" means the direct application of a controlled substance, whether by
2592	injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means, to the body of a patient or research subject
2593	by:
2594	(i) a practitioner or, in the practitioner's presence, by the practitioner's authorized agent;
2595	or
2596	(ii) the patient or research subject at the direction and in the presence of the
2597	practitioner.
2598	(b) "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or at the direction of a
2599	manufacturer, distributor, or practitioner but does not include a motor carrier, public
2600	warehouseman, or employee of any of them.

(c) "Consumption" means ingesting or having any measurable amount of a controlled substance in a person's body, but this Subsection (1)(c) does not include the metabolite of a controlled substance.

- (d) "Continuing criminal enterprise" means any individual, sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, business trust, association, or other legal entity, and any union or groups of individuals associated in fact although not a legal entity, and includes illicit as well as licit entities created or maintained for the purpose of engaging in conduct which constitutes the commission of episodes of activity made unlawful by Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, Chapter 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act, Chapter 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances Act, Chapter 37c, Utah Controlled Substance Precursor Act, or Chapter 37d, Clandestine Drug Lab Act, which episodes are not isolated, but have the same or similar purposes, results, participants, victims, methods of commission, or otherwise are interrelated by distinguishing characteristics. Taken together, the episodes shall demonstrate continuing unlawful conduct and be related either to each other or to the enterprise.
- (e) "Control" means to add, remove, or change the placement of a drug, substance, or immediate precursor under Section 58-37-3.
 - (f) (i) "Controlled substance" means a drug or substance:
 - (A) included in Schedules I, II, III, IV, or V of Section 58-37-4;
- 2619 (B) included in Schedules I, II, III, IV, or V of the federal Controlled Substances Act, 2620 Title II, P.L. 91-513;
 - (C) that is a controlled substance analog; or
- 2622 (D) listed in Section 58-37-4.2.

- 2623 (ii) "Controlled substance" does not include:
 - (A) distilled spirits, wine, or malt beverages, as those terms are defined in Title 32B, Alcoholic Beverage Control Act;
 - (B) any drug intended for lawful use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in human or other animals, which contains ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, norpseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine if the drug is lawfully purchased, sold, transferred, or furnished as an over-the-counter medication without prescription; or
- 2630 (C) dietary supplements, vitamins, minerals, herbs, or other similar substances 2631 including concentrates or extracts, which:

2632	(I) are not otherwise regulated by law; and
2633	(II) may contain naturally occurring amounts of chemical or substances listed in this
2634	chapter, or in rules adopted pursuant to Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
2635	Act.
2636	(g) (i) "Controlled substance analog" means:
2637	(A) a substance the chemical structure of which is substantially similar to the chemical

- (A) a substance the chemical structure of which is substantially similar to the chemical structure of a controlled substance listed in Schedules I and II of Section 58-37-4, a substance listed in Section 58-37-4.2, or in Schedules I and II of the federal Controlled Substances Act, Title II, P.L. 91-513;
- (B) a substance which has a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system substantially similar to the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of controlled substances listed in Schedules I and II of Section 58-37-4, substances listed in Section 58-37-4.2, or substances listed in Schedules I and II of the federal Controlled Substances Act, Title II, P.L. 91-513; or
- (C) A substance which, with respect to a particular individual, is represented or intended to have a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system substantially similar to the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of controlled substances listed in Schedules I and II of Section 58-37-4, substances listed in Section 58-37-4.2, or substances listed in Schedules I and II of the federal Controlled Substances Act, Title II, P.L. 91-513.
 - (ii) "Controlled substance analog" does not include:

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- 2653 (A) a controlled substance currently scheduled in Schedules I through V of Section 2654 58-37-4;
 - (B) a substance for which there is an approved new drug application;
 - (C) a substance with respect to which an exemption is in effect for investigational use by a particular person under Section 505 of the Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. 355, to the extent the conduct with respect to the substance is permitted by the exemption;
 - (D) any substance to the extent not intended for human consumption before an exemption takes effect with respect to the substance;
- 2661 (E) any drug intended for lawful use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in man or other animals, which contains ephedrine, pseudoephedrine,

norpseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine if the drug is lawfully purchased, sold, transferred, or furnished as an over-the-counter medication without prescription; or

- (F) dietary supplements, vitamins, minerals, herbs, or other similar substances including concentrates or extracts, which are not otherwise regulated by law, which may contain naturally occurring amounts of chemical or substances listed in this chapter, or in rules adopted pursuant to Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
- (h) (i) "Conviction" means a determination of guilt by verdict, whether jury or bench, or plea, whether guilty or no contest, for any offense proscribed by:
 - (A) Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act;
 - (B) Chapter 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act;
 - (C) Chapter 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances Act;
- 2674 (D) Chapter 37c, Utah Controlled Substance Precursor Act; or
 - (E) Chapter 37d, Clandestine Drug Lab Act; or
- 2676 (ii) for any offense under the laws of the United States and any other state which, if 2677 committed in this state, would be an offense under:
- 2678 (A) Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act;
 - (B) Chapter 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act;
- 2680 (C) Chapter 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances Act;
 - (D) Chapter 37c, Utah Controlled Substance Precursor Act; or
- 2682 (E) Chapter 37d, Clandestine Drug Lab Act.
- 2683 (i) "Counterfeit substance" means:

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- (i) any controlled substance or container or labeling of any controlled substance that:
- (A) without authorization bears the trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark, imprint, number, device, or any likeness of them, of a manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser other than the person or persons who in fact manufactured, distributed, or dispensed the substance which falsely purports to be a controlled substance distributed by any other manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser; and
- (B) a reasonable person would believe to be a controlled substance distributed by an authorized manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser based on the appearance of the substance as described under Subsection (1)(i)(i)(A) or the appearance of the container of that controlled substance; or

2694	(ii) any substance other than under Subsection (1)(i)(i) that:
2695	(A) is falsely represented to be any legally or illegally manufactured controlled
2696	substance; and
2697	(B) a reasonable person would believe to be a legal or illegal controlled substance.
2698	(j) "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive, or attempted transfer of a
2699	controlled substance or a listed chemical, whether or not an agency relationship exists.
2700	(k) "Department" means the Department of Commerce.
2701	(l) "Depressant or stimulant substance" means:
2702	(i) a drug which contains any quantity of barbituric acid or any of the salts of barbituric
2703	acid;
2704	(ii) a drug which contains any quantity of:
2705	(A) amphetamine or any of its optical isomers;
2706	(B) any salt of amphetamine or any salt of an optical isomer of amphetamine; or
2707	(C) any substance which the Secretary of Health and Human Services or the Attorney
2708	General of the United States after investigation has found and by regulation designated
2709	habit-forming because of its stimulant effect on the central nervous system;
2710	(iii) lysergic acid diethylamide; or
2711	(iv) any drug which contains any quantity of a substance which the Secretary of Health
2712	and Human Services or the Attorney General of the United States after investigation has found
2713	to have, and by regulation designated as having, a potential for abuse because of its depressant
2714	or stimulant effect on the central nervous system or its hallucinogenic effect.
2715	(m) "Dispense" means the delivery of a controlled substance by a pharmacist to an
2716	ultimate user pursuant to the lawful order or prescription of a practitioner, and includes
2717	distributing to, leaving with, giving away, or disposing of that substance as well as the
2718	packaging, labeling, or compounding necessary to prepare the substance for delivery.
2719	(n) "Dispenser" means a pharmacist who dispenses a controlled substance.
2720	(o) "Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering or dispensing a controlled
2721	substance or a listed chemical.
2722	(p) "Distributor" means a person who distributes controlled substances.

- 88 -

(q) "Division" means the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing created

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in Section 58-1-103.

2725 (r) (i) "Drug" means:

- (A) a substance recognized in the official United States Pharmacopoeia, Official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or Official National Formulary, or any supplement to any of them, intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in humans or animals;
 - (B) a substance that is required by any applicable federal or state law or rule to be dispensed by prescription only or is restricted to administration by practitioners only;
 - (C) a substance other than food intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of humans or other animals; and
 - (D) substances intended for use as a component of any substance specified in Subsections (1)(r)(i)(A), (B), and (C).
 - (ii) "Drug" does not include dietary supplements.
 - (s) "Drug dependent person" means any individual who unlawfully and habitually uses any controlled substance to endanger the public morals, health, safety, or welfare, or who is so dependent upon the use of controlled substances as to have lost the power of self-control with reference to the individual's dependency.
 - (t) "Food" means:
 - (i) any nutrient or substance of plant, mineral, or animal origin other than a drug as specified in this chapter, and normally ingested by human beings; and
 - (ii) foods for special dietary uses as exist by reason of a physical, physiological, pathological, or other condition including but not limited to the conditions of disease, convalescence, pregnancy, lactation, allergy, hypersensitivity to food, underweight, and overweight; uses for supplying a particular dietary need which exist by reason of age including but not limited to the ages of infancy and childbirth, and also uses for supplementing and for fortifying the ordinary or unusual diet with any vitamin, mineral, or other dietary property for use of a food. Any particular use of a food is a special dietary use regardless of the nutritional purposes.
 - (u) "Immediate precursor" means a substance which the Attorney General of the United States has found to be, and by regulation designated as being, the principal compound used or produced primarily for use in the manufacture of a controlled substance, or which is an immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to be used in the manufacture of a controlled

substance, the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail, or limit the manufacture of the controlled substance.

- (v) "Indian" means a member of an Indian tribe.
- (w) "Indian religion" means any religion:

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- 2760 (i) the origin and interpretation of which is from within a traditional Indian culture or community; and
 - (ii) which is practiced by Indians.
 - (x) "Indian tribe" means any tribe, band, nation, pueblo, or other organized group or community of Indians, including any Alaska Native village, which is legally recognized as eligible for and is consistent with the special programs, services, and entitlements provided by the United States to Indians because of their status as Indians.
 - (y) "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, or processing of a controlled substance, either directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of natural origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis.
 - (z) "Manufacturer" includes any person who packages, repackages, or labels any container of any controlled substance, except pharmacists who dispense or compound prescription orders for delivery to the ultimate consumer.
 - (aa) (i) "Marijuana" means all species of the genus cannabis and all parts of the genus, whether growing or not[; the], including:
 - (A) seeds [of it; the];
 - (B) resin extracted from any part of the plant[; and], including the resin extracted from the mature stalks;
- 2779 (C) every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant, 2780 [its] seeds, or resin[. The term]; and
 - (D) any synthetic equivalents of the substances contained in the plant cannabis sativa or any other species of the genus cannabis which are chemically indistinguishable and pharmacologically active.
- 2784 (ii) "Marijuana" does not include:
- 2785 (A) the mature stalks of the plant[-];
- 2786 (B) fiber produced from the stalks[-];

2787 (C) oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant[;];

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- 2788 (D) except as provided in Subsection (1)(aa)(i), any other compound, manufacture, 2789 salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the mature stalks, [except the resin extracted from 2790 them,] fiber, oil or cake[, or];
 - (E) the sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of germination[. Any synthetic equivalents of the substances contained in the plant cannabis sativa or any other species of the genus cannabis which are chemically indistinguishable and pharmacologically active are also included.]; or
 - (F) any compound, mixture, or preparation approved by the Federal Food and Drug Administration under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. Sec. 301 et seq. that is not listed in a schedule of controlled substances in Section 58-27-4 or in the federal Controlled Substances Act, Title II, P.L. 91-513.
 - (bb) "Money" means officially issued coin and currency of the United States or any foreign country.
 - (cc) "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:
 - (i) opium, coca leaves, and opiates;
 - (ii) a compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, or preparation of opium, coca leaves, or opiates;
 - (iii) opium poppy and poppy straw; or
 - (iv) a substance, and any compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, or preparation of the substance, which is chemically identical with any of the substances referred to in Subsection (1)(cc)(i), (ii), or (iii), except narcotic drug does not include decocainized coca leaves or extracts of coca leaves which do not contain cocaine or ecgonine.
 - (dd) "Negotiable instrument" means documents, containing an unconditional promise to pay a sum of money, which are legally transferable to another party by endorsement or delivery.
- 2815 (ee) "Opiate" means any drug or other substance having an addiction-forming or 2816 addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug 2817 having addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability.

(ff) "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species papaver somniferum L., except the seeds of the plant.

- (gg) "Person" means any corporation, association, partnership, trust, other institution or entity or one or more individuals.
- (hh) "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the opium poppy, after mowing.
- (ii) "Possession" or "use" means the joint or individual ownership, control, occupancy, holding, retaining, belonging, maintaining, or the application, inhalation, swallowing, injection, or consumption, as distinguished from distribution, of controlled substances and includes individual, joint, or group possession or use of controlled substances. For a person to be a possessor or user of a controlled substance, it is not required that the person be shown to have individually possessed, used, or controlled the substance, but it is sufficient if it is shown that the person jointly participated with one or more persons in the use, possession, or control of any substances with knowledge that the activity was occurring, or the controlled substance is found in a place or under circumstances indicating that the person had the ability and the intent to exercise dominion and control over it.
- (jj) "Practitioner" means a physician, dentist, naturopathic physician, veterinarian, pharmacist, scientific investigator, pharmacy, hospital, or other person licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to, administer, or use in teaching or chemical analysis a controlled substance in the course of professional practice or research in this state.
 - (kk) "Prescribe" means to issue a prescription:
 - (i) orally or in writing; or

- (ii) by telephone, facsimile transmission, computer, or other electronic means of communication as defined by division rule.
 - (11) "Prescription" means an order issued:
- (i) by a licensed practitioner, in the course of that practitioner's professional practice or by collaborative pharmacy practice agreement; and
- (ii) for a controlled substance or other prescription drug or device for use by a patient or an animal.
 - (mm) "Production" means the manufacture, planting, cultivation, growing, or

2849	harvesting of a controlled substance.
2850	(nn) "Securities" means any stocks, bonds, notes, or other evidences of debt or of
2851	property.
2852	(oo) "State" means the state of Utah.
2853	(pp) "Ultimate user" means any person who lawfully possesses a controlled substance
2854	for the person's own use, for the use of a member of the person's household, or for
2855	administration to an animal owned by the person or a member of the person's household.
2856	(2) If a term used in this chapter is not defined, the definition and terms of Title 76,
2857	Utah Criminal Code, shall apply.
2858	Section 34. Section 58-37-3.7 is amended to read:
2859	58-37-3.7. Medical cannabis decriminalization.
2860	(1) As used in this section:
2861	(a) "Cannabis" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102.
2862	(b) "Cannabis product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102.
2863	(c) "Medical cannabis card" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2864	26-61a-102.
2865	[(d) "Medical cannabis device" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2866	26-61a-102.]
2867	[(e)] (d) "Medical cannabis pharmacy" means the same as that term is defined in
2868	Section 26-61a-102.
2869	[(f)] (e) "Medicinal dosage form" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2870	26-61a-102.
2871	(f) "Nonresident patient" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102.
2872	(g) "Qualified medical provider" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2873	26-61a-102.
2874	(h) "Qualifying condition" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2875	26-61a-102.
2876	(i) "Tetrahydrocannabinol" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2877	58-37-3.9.
2878	(2) Before January 1, 2021, an individual is not guilty under this chapter for the use or

possession of marijuana, tetrahydrocannabinol, or marijuana drug paraphernalia if:

(a) at the time of the arrest or citation, the individual:

2881	(i) (A) had been diagnosed with a qualifying condition; and
2882	(B) had a pre-existing provider-patient relationship with an advanced practice
2883	registered nurse licensed under Title 58, Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act, a physician licensed
2884	under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act, a physician licensed under Title 58,
2885	Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act, or a physician assistant licensed under
2886	Title 58, Chapter 70a, Utah Physician Assistant Act, who believed that the individual's illness
2887	described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) could benefit from the use in question;
2888	(ii) for possession, was:
2889	(A) the parent or legal guardian of an individual described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) who
2890	is a minor; or
2891	(B) the spouse of an individual described in Subsection (2)(a)(i); or
2892	(iii) (A) for possession, was a medical cannabis cardholder; or
2893	(B) for use, was a medical cannabis patient cardholder or a minor with a qualifying
2894	condition under the supervision of a medical cannabis guardian cardholder; and
2895	(b) the marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol was in a medicinal dosage form in one of the
2896	following amounts:
2897	(i) no more than 56 grams by weight of unprocessed cannabis; or
2898	(ii) an amount of cannabis products that contains, in total, no more than 10 grams of
2899	total composite tetrahydrocannabinol.
2900	(3) [An individual] A nonresident patient is not guilty under this chapter for the use or
2901	possession of marijuana, tetrahydrocannabinol, or marijuana drug paraphernalia [under this
2902	chapter if: (a) at the time of the arrest or citation, the individual: (i) was not a resident of Utah
2903	or has been a resident of Utah for less than 45 days; (ii) had a currently valid medical cannabis
2904	card or the equivalent of a medical cannabis card under the laws of another state, district,
2905	territory, commonwealth, or insular possession of the United States; and (iii) had been
2906	diagnosed with a qualifying condition as described in Section 26-61a-104; and (b)] if the
2907	marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol is in a medicinal dosage form in one of the following
2908	amounts:
2909	[(i)] (a) no more than 113 grams by weight of unprocessed cannabis; or
2910	[(ii)] (b) an amount of cannabis products that contains, in total, no more than 20 grams

2911	of total composite tetranydrocannabilior.
2912	(4) (a) There is a rebuttable presumption against an allegation of use or possession of
2913	marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol if:
2914	(i) an individual fails a drug test based on the presence of tetahyrdrocannabinol in the
2915	sample; and
2916	(ii) the individual asserts that the individual only used cannabidiol or a cannabidiol
2917	product.
2918	(b) The presumption described in Subsection (4)(a) may be rebutted with evidence that
2919	the individual purchased or possessed any form of marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol that is
2920	not legal under:
2921	(i) Section 4-41-402; or
2922	(ii) Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act.
2923	Section 35. Section 58-37-3.9 is amended to read:
2924	58-37-3.9. Exemption for possession or use of cannabis to treat a qualifying
2925	illness.
2926	(1) As used in this section:
2927	(a) "Cannabis" means marijuana.
2928	(b) "Cannabis product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102.
2929	(c) "Drug paraphernalia" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37a-3.
2930	(d) "Medical cannabis cardholder" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2931	26-61a-102.
2932	(e) "Medical cannabis device" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2933	26-61a-102.
2934	(f) "Medicinal dosage form" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2935	26-61a-102.
2936	(g) "Tetrahydrocannabinol" means a substance derived from cannabis or a synthetic
2937	description as described in Subsection 58-37-4(2)(a)(iii)(AA).
2938	(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, except as otherwise provided in this
2939	section:
2940	(a) an individual is not guilty of a violation of this title for the following conduct if the
2941	individual engages in the conduct in accordance with Title 4, Chapter 41a, Cannabis

2942 Production Establishments, or Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act:

- (i) possessing, ingesting, inhaling, producing, manufacturing, dispensing, distributing, selling, or offering to sell cannabis or a cannabis product; or
- (ii) possessing cannabis or a cannabis product with the intent to engage in the conduct described in Subsection (2)(a)(i); and
- (b) an individual is not guilty of a violation of this title regarding drug paraphernalia if the individual, in accordance with Title 4, Chapter 41a, Cannabis Production Establishments, and Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act:
- (i) possesses, manufactures, distributes, sells, or offers to sell a medical cannabis device; or
 - (ii) possesses a medical cannabis device with the intent to engage in any of the conduct described in Subsection (2)(b)(i).
 - (3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3), "smoking" does not include the vaporization or heating of medical cannabis.
 - (b) Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act, does not authorize a medical cannabis cardholder to smoke or combust cannabis or to use a device to facilitate the smoking or combustion of cannabis.
 - (c) A medical cannabis cardholder <u>or a nonresident patient</u> who smokes cannabis or engages in any other conduct described in Subsection (3)(b):
 - (i) does not possess the cannabis in accordance with Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act; and
 - (ii) is [subject to charges under this chapter], for the use or possession of marijuana, tetrahydrocannabinol, or marijuana drug paraphernalia for the conduct described in Subsection (3)(b)[:]:
 - (A) for the first offense, guilty of an infraction and subject to a fine of up to \$100; and
 - (B) for a second or subsequent offense, subject to charges under this chapter.
- (4) An individual who is assessed a penalty or convicted of a crime under Title 4, Chapter 41a, Cannabis Production Establishments, or Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act, is not, based on the conduct underlying that penalty or conviction, subject to a penalty described in this chapter for:
 - (a) the possession, manufacture, sale, or offer for sale of cannabis or a cannabis

2973	product; or
2974	(b) the possession, manufacture, sale, or offer for sale of drug paraphernalia.
2975	Section 36. Section 58-37-4 is amended to read:
2976	58-37-4. Schedules of controlled substances Schedules I through V Findings
2977	required Specific substances included in schedules.
2978	(1) There are established five schedules of controlled substances known as Schedules I
2979	II, III, IV, and V which consist of substances listed in this section.
2980	(2) Schedules I, II, III, IV, and V consist of the following drugs or other substances by
2981	the official name, common or usual name, chemical name, or brand name designated:
2982	(a) Schedule I:
2983	(i) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of the
2984	following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and
2985	ethers, when the existence of the isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific
2986	chemical designation:
2987	(A) Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl
2988	(N-[1-(1-methyl-2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylacetamide);
2989	(B) Acetyl fentanyl: (N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylacetamide);
2990	(C) Acetylmethadol;
2991	(D) Acryl fentanyl (N-(1-Phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylacrylamide);
2992	(E) Allylprodine;
2993	(F) Alphacetylmethadol, except levo-alphacetylmethadol also known as
2994	levo-alpha-acetylmethadol, levomethadyl acetate, or LAAM;
2995	(G) Alphameprodine;
2996	(H) Alphamethadol;
2997	(I) Alpha-methylfentanyl (N-[1-(alpha-methyl-beta-phenyl)ethyl-4-piperidyl]
2998	propionanilide; 1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4-(N-propanilido) piperidine);
2999	(J) Alpha-methylthiofentanyl (N-[1-methyl-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-
3000	piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
3001	(K) Benzylpiperazine;
3002	(L) Benzethidine;
3003	(M) Betacetylmethadol;

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3004
               (N) Beta-hydroxyfentanyl (N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-4-
3005
        piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
3006
               (O) Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl, other name: N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-
3007
        phenethyl)-3-methyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide;
3008
               (P) Betameprodine;
3009
               (Q) Betamethadol;
3010
               (R) Betaprodine;
3011
               (S) Butyryl fentanyl (N-(1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl)-N-phenylbutyramide);
3012
               (T) Clonitazene;
3013
               (U) Cyclopropyl fentanyl
3014
        (N-(1-Phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylcyclopropanecarboxamide);
3015
               (V) Dextromoramide:
3016
               (W) Diampromide;
               (X) Diethylthiambutene;
3017
              (Y) Difenoxin;
3018
3019
               (Z) Dimenoxadol;
3020
               (AA) Dimepheptanol;
3021
               (BB) Dimethylthiambutene;
3022
               (CC) Dioxaphetyl butyrate;
3023
               (DD) Dipipanone;
3024
               (EE) Ethylmethylthiambutene;
3025
               (FF) Etizolam
3026
        (1-Methyl-6-o-chlorophenyl-8-ethyl-4H-s-triazolo[3,4-c]thieno[2,3-e]1,4-diazepine);
3027
               (GG) Etonitazene;
3028
               (HH) Etoxeridine;
3029
               (II) Furanyl fentanyl (N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)piperidin-4-yl]
3030
        furan-2-carboxamide);
3031
               (JJ) Furethidine;
3032
               (KK) Hydroxypethidine;
3033
               (LL) Ketobemidone;
3034
               (MM) Levomoramide;
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3035
               (NN) Levophenacylmorphan;
3036
               (OO) Methoxyacetyl fentanyl
3037
        (2-Methoxy-N-(1-phenylethylpiperidinyl-4-yl)-N-acetamide);
3038
               (PP) Morpheridine;
3039
               (OO) MPPP (1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine);
3040
               (RR) Noracymethadol;
3041
               (SS) Norlevorphanol;
3042
               (TT) Normethadone;
3043
               (UU) Norpipanone;
3044
               (VV) Para-fluorofentanyl (N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl]
3045
        propanamide);
3046
               (WW) Para-fluoroisobutyryl fentanyl
3047
        (N-(4-Fluorophenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)isobutyramide);
3048
               (XX) PEPAP (1-(-2-phenethyl)-4-phenyl-4-acetoxypiperidine);
3049
               (YY) Phenadoxone;
3050
               (ZZ) Phenampromide;
               (AAA) Phenomorphan;
3051
3052
               (BBB) Phenoperidine;
3053
               (CCC) Piritramide;
3054
               (DDD) Proheptazine;
3055
               (EEE) Properidine;
3056
               (FFF) Propiram;
3057
               (GGG) Racemoramide;
3058
               (HHH) Tetrahydrofuran fentanyl
3059
        (N-(1-Phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenyltetrahydrofuran-2-carboxamide);
3060
               (III) Thiofentanyl (N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]- propanamide;
3061
               (JJJ) Tilidine;
3062
               (KKK) Trimeperidine;
3063
               (LLL) 3-methylfentanyl, including the optical and geometric isomers
3064
        (N-[3-methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidyl]- N-phenylpropanamide);
3065
               (MMM) 3-methylthiofentanyl
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3066	(N-[(3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
3067	(NNN) 3,4-dichloro-N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-methylbenzamide also
3068	known as U-47700; and
3069	(OOO) 4-cyano CUMYL-BUTINACA.
3070	(ii) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of the
3071	following opium derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers when the existence of the
3072	salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:
3073	(A) Acetorphine;
3074	(B) Acetyldihydrocodeine;
3075	(C) Benzylmorphine;
3076	(D) Codeine methylbromide;
3077	(E) Codeine-N-Oxide;
3078	(F) Cyprenorphine;
3079	(G) Desomorphine;
3080	(H) Dihydromorphine;
3081	(I) Drotebanol;
3082	(J) Etorphine (except hydrochloride salt);
3083	(K) Heroin;
3084	(L) Hydromorphinol;
3085	(M) Methyldesorphine;
3086	(N) Methylhydromorphine;
3087	(O) Morphine methylbromide;
3088	(P) Morphine methylsulfonate;
3089	(Q) Morphine-N-Oxide;
3090	(R) Myrophine;
3091	(S) Nicocodeine;
3092	(T) Nicomorphine;
3093	(U) Normorphine;
3094	(V) Pholcodine; and
3095	(W) Thebacon.
3096	(iii) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material,

3097	compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following hallucinogenic
3098	substances, or which contains any of their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers when the
3099	existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical
3100	designation; as used in this Subsection (2)(a)(iii) only, "isomer" includes the optical, position,
3101	and geometric isomers:
3102	(A) Alpha-ethyltryptamine, some trade or other names: etryptamine; Monase;
3103	α -ethyl-1H-indole-3-ethanamine; 3-(2-aminobutyl) indole; α -ET; and AET;
3104	(B) 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-amphetamine, some trade or other names:
3105	4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-α-methylphenethylamine; 4-bromo-2,5-DMA;
3106	(C) 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine, some trade or other names:
3107	2-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1-aminoethane; alpha-desmethyl DOB; 2C-B, Nexus;
3108	(D) 2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine, some trade or other names:
3109	2,5-dimethoxy-α-methylphenethylamine; 2,5-DMA;
3110	(E) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylamphetamine, some trade or other names: DOET;
3111	(F) 4-methoxyamphetamine, some trade or other names:
3112	4-methoxy-α-methylphenethylamine; paramethoxyamphetamine, PMA;
3113	(G) 5-methoxy-3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine;
3114	(H) 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-amphetamine, some trade and other names:
3115	4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-α-methylphenethylamine; "DOM"; and "STP";
3116	(I) 3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;
3117	(J) 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA);
3118	(K) 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-ethylamphetamine, also known as N-ethyl-
3119	alpha-methyl-3,4(methylenedioxy)phenethylamine, N-ethyl MDA, MDE, MDEA;
3120	(L) N-hydroxy-3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine, also known as
3121	N-hydroxy-alpha-methyl-3,4(methylenedioxy)phenethylamine, and N-hydroxy MDA;
3122	(M) 3,4,5-trimethoxy amphetamine;
3123	(N) Bufotenine, some trade and other names:
3124	3-(β-Dimethylaminoethyl)-5-hydroxyindole; 3-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-5-indolol; N,
3125	N-dimethylserotonin; 5-hydroxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine; mappine;
3126	(O) Diethyltryptamine, some trade and other names: N,N-Diethyltryptamine; DET;
3127	(P) Dimethyltryptamine, some trade or other names: DMT;

3128	(Q) Ibogaine, some trade and other names:
3129	7-Ethyl-6,6β,7,8,9,10,12,13-octahydro-2-methoxy-6,9-methano-5H-pyrido [1', 2':1,2] azepino
3130	[5,4-b] indole; Tabernanthe iboga;
3131	(R) Lysergic acid diethylamide;
3132	(S) Marijuana;
3133	(T) Mescaline;
3134	(U) Parahexyl, some trade or other names:
3135	3-Hexyl-1-hydroxy-7,8,9,10-tetrahydro-6,6,9-trimethyl-6H-dibenzo[b,d]pyran; Synhexyl;
3136	(V) Peyote, meaning all parts of the plant presently classified botanically as
3137	Lophophora williamsii Lemaire, whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, any extract from
3138	any part of such plant, and every compound, manufacture, salts, derivative, mixture, or
3139	preparation of such plant, its seeds or extracts (Interprets 21 USC 812(c), Schedule I(c) (12));
3140	(W) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
3141	(X) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
3142	(Y) Psilocybin;
3143	(Z) Psilocyn;
3144	(AA) Tetrahydrocannabinols, naturally contained in a plant of the genus Cannabis
3145	(cannabis plant), as well as synthetic equivalents of the substances contained in the cannabis
3146	plant, or in the resinous extractives of Cannabis, sp. and/or synthetic substances, derivatives,
3147	and their isomers with similar chemical structure and pharmacological activity to those
3148	substances contained in the plant, such as the following: $\Delta 1$ cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol,
3149	and their optical isomers $\Delta 6$ cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers $\Delta 3,4$
3150	cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and its optical isomers, and since nomenclature of these
3151	substances is not internationally standardized, compounds of these structures, regardless of
3152	numerical designation of atomic positions covered;
3153	(BB) Ethylamine analog of phencyclidine, some trade or other names:
3154	N-ethyl-1-phenylcyclohexylamine, (1-phenylcyclohexyl)ethylamine,
3155	N-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)ethylamine, cyclohexamine, PCE;
3156	(CC) Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine, some trade or other names:
3157	1-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)-pyrrolidine, PCPy, PHP;
3158	(DD) Thiophene analog of phencyclidine, some trade or other names:

3159 1-[1-(2-thienyl)-cyclohexyl]-piperidine, 2-thienylanalog of phencyclidine, TPCP, TCP; and (EE) 1-[1-(2-thienyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidine, some other names: TCPy. 3160 3161 (iv) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material 3162 compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances 3163 having a depressant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts 3164 of isomers when the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the 3165 specific chemical designation: 3166 (A) Mecloqualone; and (B) Methaqualone. 3167 3168 (v) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any quantity of the 3169 following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including their 3170 salts, isomers, and salts of isomers: 3171 (A) Aminorex, some other names; aminoxaphen; 2-amino-5-phenyl-2-oxazoline; or 3172 4,5-dihydro-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine; 3173 (B) Cathinone, some trade or other names: 2-amino-1-phenyl-1-propanone, 3174 alpha-aminopropiophenone, 2-aminopropiophenone, and norephedrone; 3175 (C) Fenethylline; 3176 (D) Methcathinone, some other names: 2-(methylamino)-propiophenone: 3177 alpha-(methylamino)propiophenone; 2-(methylamino)-1-phenylpropan-1-one; 3178 alpha-N-methylaminopropiophenone; monomethylpropion; ephedrone; N-methylcathinone; 3179 methylcathinone; AL-464; AL-422; AL-463 and UR1432, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of 3180 optical isomers; 3181 (E) (±)cis-4-methylaminorex ((±)cis-4.5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine): 3182 (F) N-ethylamphetamine; and 3183 (G) N,N-dimethylamphetamine, also known as 3184 N,N-alpha-trimethyl-benzeneethanamine; N,N-alpha-trimethylphenethylamine. (vi) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of 3185 3186 the following substances, including their optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers, subject to 3187 temporary emergency scheduling:

(A) N-[1-benzyl-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (benzylfentanyl); and

(B) N-[1- (2-thienyl)methyl-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (thenylfentanyl).

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3190	(VII) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material,
3191	compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of gamma hydroxy butyrate
3192	(gamma hydrobutyric acid), including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers.
3193	(b) Schedule II:
3194	(i) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of the
3195	following substances whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of
3196	vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of
3197	extraction and chemical synthesis:
3198	(A) Opium and opiate, and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of opium or
3199	opiate, excluding apomorphine, dextrorphan, nalbuphine, nalmefene, naloxone, and naltrexone,
3200	and their respective salts, but including:
3201	(I) Raw opium;
3202	(II) Opium extracts;
3203	(III) Opium fluid;
3204	(IV) Powdered opium;
3205	(V) Granulated opium;
3206	(VI) Tincture of opium;
3207	(VII) Codeine;
3208	(VIII) Ethylmorphine;
3209	(IX) Etorphine hydrochloride;
3210	(X) Hydrocodone;
3211	(XI) Hydromorphone;
3212	(XII) Metopon;
3213	(XIII) Morphine;
3214	(XIV) Oxycodone;
3215	(XV) Oxymorphone; and
3216	(XVI) Thebaine;
3217	(B) Any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation which is chemically equivalent or
3218	identical with any of the substances referred to in Subsection (2)(b)(i)(A), except that these
3219	substances may not include the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;
3220	(C) Opium poppy and poppy straw;

3221 (D) Coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of coca leaves, and 3222 any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation which is chemically equivalent or identical with 3223 any of these substances, and includes cocaine and ecgonine, their salts, isomers, derivatives, 3224 and salts of isomers and derivatives, whether derived from the coca plant or synthetically 3225 produced, except the substances may not include decocainized coca leaves or extraction of coca 3226 leaves, which extractions do not contain cocaine or ecgonine; and 3227 (E) Concentrate of poppy straw, which means the crude extract of poppy straw in either 3228 liquid, solid, or powder form which contains the phenanthrene alkaloids of the opium poppy. 3229 (ii) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of the 3230 following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and 3231 ethers, when the existence of the isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific 3232 chemical designation, except dextrorphan and levopropoxyphene: 3233 (A) Alfentanil: 3234 (B) Alphaprodine; 3235 (C) Anileridine; 3236 (D) Bezitramide; (E) Bulk dextropropoxyphene (nondosage forms); 3237 3238 (F) Carfentanil: 3239 (G) Dihydrocodeine; 3240 (H) Diphenoxylate; 3241 (I) Fentanyl; 3242 (J) Isomethadone; 3243 (K) Levo-alphacetylmethadol, some other names: levo-alpha-acetylmethadol, 3244 levomethadyl acetate, or LAAM; 3245 (L) Levomethorphan; 3246 (M) Levorphanol; 3247 (N) Metazocine; 3248 (O) Methadone;

(P) Methadone-Intermediate, 4-cyano-2-dimethylamino-4, 4-diphenyl butane;

(O) Moramide-Intermediate, 2-methyl-3-morpholino-1, 1-diphenylpropane-carboxylic

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acid;

3252	(R) Pethidine (meperidine);
3253	(S) Pethidine-Intermediate-A, 4-cyano-1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine;
3254	(T) Pethidine-Intermediate-B, ethyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylate;
3255	(U) Pethidine-Intermediate-C, 1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylic acid;
3256	(V) Phenazocine;
3257	(W) Piminodine;
3258	(X) Racemethorphan;
3259	(Y) Racemorphan;
3260	(Z) Remifentanil; and
3261	(AA) Sufentanil.
3262	(iii) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material,
3263	compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances
3264	having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system:
3265	(A) Amphetamine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of its optical isomers;
3266	(B) Methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of its isomers;
3267	(C) Phenmetrazine and its salts; and
3268	(D) Methylphenidate.
3269	(iv) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material,
3270	compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances
3271	having a depressant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts
3272	of isomers when the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the
3273	specific chemical designation:
3274	(A) Amobarbital;
3275	(B) Glutethimide;
3276	(C) Pentobarbital;
3277	(D) Phencyclidine;
3278	(E) Phencyclidine immediate precursors: 1-phenylcyclohexylamine and
3279	1-piperidinocyclohexanecarbonitrile (PCC); and
3280	(F) Secobarbital.
3281	(v) (A) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material
3282	compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of Phenylacetone.

3283	(B) Some of these substances may be known by trade or other names:
3284	phenyl-2-propanone; P2P; benzyl methyl ketone; and methyl benzyl ketone.
3285	(vi) Nabilone, another name for nabilone:
3286	(±)-trans-3-(1,1-dimethylheptyl)-6,6a,7,8,10,10a-hexahydro-1-hydroxy-6,
3287	6-dimethyl-9H-dibenzo[b,d]pyran-9-one.
3288	(vii) A drug product or preparation that contains any component of marijuana,
3289	including tetrahydrocannabinol, and is approved by the United States Food and Drug
3290	Administration and scheduled by the Drug Enforcement Administration in Schedule II of the
3291	federal Controlled Substances Act, Title II, P.L. 91-513.
3292	(c) Schedule III:
3293	(i) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material,
3294	compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances
3295	having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers whether
3296	optical, position, or geometric, and salts of the isomers when the existence of the salts, isomers,
3297	and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:
3298	(A) Those compounds, mixtures, or preparations in dosage unit form containing any
3299	stimulant substances listed in Schedule II, which compounds, mixtures, or preparations were
3300	listed on August 25, 1971, as excepted compounds under Section 1308.32 of Title 21 of the
3301	Code of Federal Regulations, and any other drug of the quantitive composition shown in that
3302	list for those drugs or which is the same except that it contains a lesser quantity of controlled
3303	substances;
3304	(B) Benzphetamine;
3305	(C) Chlorphentermine;
3306	(D) Clortermine; and
3307	(E) Phendimetrazine.
3308	(ii) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material,
3309	compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances
3310	having a depressant effect on the central nervous system:
3311	(A) Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing amobarbital, secobarbital,

pentobarbital, or any salt of any of them, and one or more other active medicinal ingredients

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which are not listed in any schedule;

3314	(B) Any suppository dosage form containing amobarbital, secobarbital, or
3315	pentobarbital, or any salt of any of these drugs which is approved by the Food and Drug
3316	Administration for marketing only as a suppository;
3317	(C) Any substance which contains any quantity of a derivative of barbituric acid or any
3318	salt of any of them;
3319	(D) Chlorhexadol;
3320	(E) Buprenorphine;
3321	(F) Any drug product containing gamma hydroxybutyric acid, including its salts,
3322	isomers, and salts of isomers, for which an application is approved under the federal Food,
3323	Drug, and Cosmetic Act, Section 505;
3324	(G) Ketamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, some other names for ketamine:
3325	± -2-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-(methylamino)-cyclohexanone;
3326	(H) Lysergic acid;
3327	(I) Lysergic acid amide;
3328	(J) Methyprylon;
3329	(K) Sulfondiethylmethane;
3330	(L) Sulfonethylmethane;
3331	(M) Sulfonmethane; and
3332	(N) Tiletamine and zolazepam or any of their salts, some trade or other names for a
3333	tiletamine-zolazepam combination product: Telazol, some trade or other names for tiletamine:
3334	2-(ethylamino)-2-(2-thienyl)-cyclohexanone, some trade or other names for zolazepam:
3335	4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6,8-dihydro-1,3,8-trimethylpyrazolo-[3,4-e] [1,4]-diazepin-7(1H)-one,
3336	flupyrazapon.
3337	(iii) Dronabinol (synthetic) in sesame oil and encapsulated in a soft gelatin capsule in a
3338	U.S. Food and Drug Administration approved drug product, some other names for dronabinol:
3339	(6aR-trans)-6a,7,8,10a-tetrahydro-6,6,9-trimethyl-3-pentyl-6H-dibenzo[b,d]pyran-1-ol, or
3340	(-)-delta-9-(trans)-tetrahydrocannabinol.
3341	(iv) Nalorphine.
3342	(v) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material,
3343	compound, mixture, or preparation containing limited quantities of any of the following
3344	narcotic drugs, or their salts calculated as the free anhydrous base or alkaloid:

3345 (A) Not more than 1.8 grams of codeine per 100 milliliters or not more than 90 3346 milligrams per dosage unit, with an equal or greater quantity of an isoquinoline alkaloid of 3347 opium; 3348 (B) Not more than 1.8 grams of codeine per 100 milliliters or not more than 90 3349 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active non-narcotic ingredients in recognized 3350 therapeutic amounts; (C) Not more than 300 milligrams of dihydrocodeinone per 100 milliliters or not more 3351 3352 than 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with a fourfold or greater quantity of an isoquinoline 3353 alkaloid of opium; 3354 (D) Not more than 300 milligrams of dihydrocodeinone per 100 milliliters or not more 3355 than 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, non-narcotic ingredients in 3356 recognized therapeutic amounts; 3357 (E) Not more than 1.8 grams of dihydrocodeine per 100 milliliters or not more than 90 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active non-narcotic ingredients in recognized 3358 3359 therapeutic amounts; 3360 (F) Not more than 300 milligrams of ethylmorphine per 100 milliliters or not more than 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, non-narcotic ingredients in 3361 3362 recognized therapeutic amounts; 3363 (G) Not more than 500 milligrams of opium per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams, or not 3364 more than 25 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, non-narcotic ingredients in 3365 recognized therapeutic amounts; and 3366 (H) Not more than 50 milligrams of morphine per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams with one or more active, non-narcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts. 3367 3368 (vi) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, anabolic steroids 3369 including any of the following or any isomer, ester, salt, or derivative of the following that 3370 promotes muscle growth: 3371 (A) Boldenone; 3372 (B) Chlorotestosterone (4-chlortestosterone);

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(C) Clostebol;

(D) Dehydrochlormethyltestosterone;

(E) Dihydrotestosterone (4-dihydrotestosterone);

3376	(F) Drostanolone;
3377	(G) Ethylestrenol;
3378	(H) Fluoxymesterone;
3379	(I) Formebulone (formebolone);
3380	(J) Mesterolone;
3381	(K) Methandienone;
3382	(L) Methandranone;
3383	(M) Methandriol;
3384	(N) Methandrostenolone;
3385	(O) Methenolone;
3386	(P) Methyltestosterone;
3387	(Q) Mibolerone;
3388	(R) Nandrolone;
3389	(S) Norethandrolone;
3390	(T) Oxandrolone;
3391	(U) Oxymesterone;
3392	(V) Oxymetholone;
3393	(W) Stanolone;
3394	(X) Stanozolol;
3395	(Y) Testolactone;
3396	(Z) Testosterone; and
3397	(AA) Trenbolone.
3398	(vii) Anabolic steroids expressly intended for administration through implants to cattle
3399	or other nonhuman species, and approved by the Secretary of Health and Human Services for
3400	use, may not be classified as a controlled substance.
3401	(viii) A drug product or preparation that contains any component of marijuana,
3402	including tetrahydrocannabinol, and is approved by the United States Food and Drug
3403	Administration and scheduled by the Drug Enforcement Administration in Schedule III of the
3404	federal Controlled Substances Act, Title II, P.L. 91-513.
3405	(ix) Nabiximols.
3406	(d) Schedule IV:

3407 (i) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, 3408 compound, mixture, or preparation containing not more than 1 milligram of difenoxin and not 3409 less than 25 micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit, or any salts of any of them. 3410 (ii) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, 3411 compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances, 3412 including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers when the existence of the salts, isomers, and 3413 salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation: 3414 (A) Alprazolam; 3415 (B) Barbital; 3416 (C) Bromazepam; 3417 (D) Butorphanol; 3418 (E) Camazepam; 3419 (F) Carisoprodol; 3420 (G) Chloral betaine; 3421 (H) Chloral hydrate; 3422 (I) Chlordiazepoxide; 3423 (J) Clobazam; 3424 (K) Clonazepam; 3425 (L) Clorazepate; 3426 (M) Clotiazepam; 3427 (N) Cloxazolam; (O) Delorazepam; 3428 3429 (P) Diazepam; 3430 (Q) Dichloralphenazone; 3431 (R) Estazolam; 3432 (S) Ethchlorvynol; 3433 (T) Ethinamate; 3434 (U) Ethyl loflazepate; 3435 (V) Fludiazepam; 3436 (W) Flunitrazepam; 3437 (X) Flurazepam;

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              (Y) Halazepam;
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              (Z) Haloxazolam;
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              (AA) Ketazolam;
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              (BB) Loprazolam;
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              (CC) Lorazepam;
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              (DD) Lormetazepam;
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              (EE) Mebutamate;
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              (FF) Medazepam;
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              (GG) Meprobamate;
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              (HH) Methohexital;
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              (II) Methylphenobarbital (mephobarbital);
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              (JJ) Midazolam;
              (KK) Nimetazepam;
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              (LL) Nitrazepam;
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              (MM) Nordiazepam;
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              (NN) Oxazepam;
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              (OO) Oxazolam;
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              (PP) Paraldehyde;
3456
              (QQ) Pentazocine;
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              (RR) Petrichloral;
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              (SS) Phenobarbital;
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              (TT) Pinazepam;
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              (UU) Prazepam;
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              (VV) Quazepam;
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              (WW) Temazepam;
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              (XX) Tetrazepam;
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              (YY) Tramadol;
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              (ZZ) Triazolam;
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              (AAA) Zaleplon; and
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              (BBB) Zolpidem.
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              (iii) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation of fenfluramine which contains
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any quantity of the following substances, including its salts, isomers whether optical, position, or geometric, and salts of the isomers when the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible.

- (iv) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers whether optical, position, or geometric isomers, and salts of the isomers when the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:
- 3477 (A) Cathine ((+)-norpseudoephedrine);
- 3478 (B) Diethylpropion;
- 3479 (C) Fencamfamine;
- 3480 (D) Fenproprex;
- 3481 (E) Mazindol;

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- 3482 (F) Mefenorex;
- 3483 (G) Modafinil;
- 3484 (H) Pemoline, including organometallic complexes and chelates thereof;
- 3485 (I) Phentermine;
- 3486 (J) Pipradrol;
- 3487 (K) Sibutramine; and
- 3488 (L) SPA ((-)-1-dimethylamino-1,2-diphenylethane).
 - (v) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of dextropropoxyphene (alpha-(+)-4-dimethylamino-1, 2-diphenyl-3-methyl-2-propionoxybutane), including its salts.
 - (vi) A drug product or preparation that contains any component of marijuana and is approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration and scheduled by the Drug Enforcement Administration in Schedule IV of the federal Controlled Substances Act, Title II, P.L. 91-513.
- 3496 (e) Schedule V:
- 3497 (i) Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the following limited 3498 quantities of narcotic drugs, or their salts calculated as the free anhydrous base or alkaloid, 3499 which includes one or more non-narcotic active medicinal ingredients in sufficient proportion

3500 to confer upon the compound, mixture, or preparation valuable medicinal qualities other than 3501 those possessed by the narcotic drug alone: 3502 (A) not more than 200 milligrams of codeine per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams; 3503 (B) not more than 100 milligrams of dihydrocodeine per 100 milliliters or per 100 3504 grams; 3505 (C) not more than 100 milligrams of ethylmorphine per 100 milliliters or per 100 3506 grams; 3507 (D) not more than 2.5 milligrams of diphenoxylate and not less than 25 micrograms of 3508 atropine sulfate per dosage unit; 3509 (E) not more than 100 milligrams of opium per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams; 3510 (F) not more than 0.5 milligram of difenoxin and not less than 25 micrograms of 3511 atropine sulfate per dosage unit; and 3512 (G) unless specifically exempted or excluded or unless listed in another schedule, any 3513 material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains Pyrovalerone having a stimulant 3514 effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers. 3515 (ii) A drug product or preparation that contains any component of marijuana, including 3516 cannabidiol, and is approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration and 3517 scheduled by the Drug Enforcement Administration in Schedule V of the federal Controlled 3518 Substances Act, Title II, P.L. 91-513. 3519 Section 37. Section **58-37-8** is amended to read: 3520 58-37-8. Prohibited acts -- Penalties. (1) Prohibited acts A -- Penalties and reporting: 3521 3522 (a) Except as authorized by this chapter, it is unlawful for a person to knowingly and 3523 intentionally: 3524 (i) produce, manufacture, or dispense, or to possess with intent to produce, 3525 manufacture, or dispense, a controlled or counterfeit substance: 3526 (ii) distribute a controlled or counterfeit substance, or to agree, consent, offer, or 3527 arrange to distribute a controlled or counterfeit substance; 3528 (iii) possess a controlled or counterfeit substance with intent to distribute; or 3529 (iv) engage in a continuing criminal enterprise where:

(A) the person participates, directs, or engages in conduct that results in a violation of

Chapters 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act, 37b,
Imitation Controlled Substances Act, 37c, Utah Controlled Substance Precursor Act, or 37d,
Clandestine Drug Lab Act, that is a felony; and

- (B) the violation is a part of a continuing series of two or more violations of Chapters 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act, 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances Act, 37c, Utah Controlled Substance Precursor Act, or 37d, Clandestine Drug Lab Act, on separate occasions that are undertaken in concert with five or more persons with respect to whom the person occupies a position of organizer, supervisor, or any other position of management.
 - (b) A person convicted of violating Subsection (1)(a) with respect to:
- (i) a substance or a counterfeit of a substance classified in Schedule I or II, a controlled substance analog, or gammahydroxybutyric acid as listed in Schedule III is guilty of a second degree felony, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 15 years, and upon a second or subsequent conviction is guilty of a first degree felony;
- (ii) a substance or a counterfeit of a substance classified in Schedule III or IV, or marijuana, or a substance listed in Section 58-37-4.2 is guilty of a third degree felony, and upon a second or subsequent conviction is guilty of a second degree felony; or
- (iii) a substance or a counterfeit of a substance classified in Schedule V is guilty of a class A misdemeanor and upon a second or subsequent conviction is guilty of a third degree felony.
- (c) A person who has been convicted of a violation of Subsection (1)(a)(ii) or (iii) may be sentenced to imprisonment for an indeterminate term as provided by law, but if the trier of fact finds a firearm as defined in Section 76-10-501 was used, carried, or possessed on the person or in the person's immediate possession during the commission or in furtherance of the offense, the court shall additionally sentence the person convicted for a term of one year to run consecutively and not concurrently; and the court may additionally sentence the person convicted for an indeterminate term not to exceed five years to run consecutively and not concurrently.
- (d) A person convicted of violating Subsection (1)(a)(iv) is guilty of a first degree felony punishable by imprisonment for an indeterminate term of not less than seven years and which may be for life. Imposition or execution of the sentence may not be suspended, and the

person is not eligible for probation.

(e) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall report to the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing the name, case number, date of conviction, and if known, the date of birth of each person convicted of violating Subsection (1)(a).

- (2) Prohibited acts B -- Penalties and reporting:
- (a) It is unlawful:
- (i) for a person knowingly and intentionally to possess or use a controlled substance analog or a controlled substance, unless it was obtained under a valid prescription or order, directly from a practitioner while acting in the course of the person's professional practice, or as otherwise authorized by this chapter;
- (ii) for an owner, tenant, licensee, or person in control of a building, room, tenement, vehicle, boat, aircraft, or other place knowingly and intentionally to permit them to be occupied by persons unlawfully possessing, using, or distributing controlled substances in any of those locations; or
- (iii) for a person knowingly and intentionally to possess an altered or forged prescription or written order for a controlled substance.
 - (b) A person convicted of violating Subsection (2)(a)(i) with respect to:
- (i) marijuana, if the amount is 100 pounds or more, is guilty of a second degree felony; or
- (ii) a substance classified in Schedule I or II, or a controlled substance analog, is guilty of a class A misdemeanor on a first or second conviction, and on a third or subsequent conviction is guilty of a third degree felony.
- (c) Upon a person's conviction of a violation of this Subsection (2) subsequent to a conviction under Subsection (1)(a), that person shall be sentenced to a one degree greater penalty than provided in this Subsection (2).
- (d) A person who violates Subsection (2)(a)(i) with respect to all other controlled substances not included in Subsection (2)(b)(i) or (ii), including a substance listed in Section 58-37-4.2, or marijuana, is guilty of a class B misdemeanor. Upon a third conviction the person is guilty of a class A misdemeanor, and upon a fourth or subsequent conviction the person is guilty of a third degree felony.
 - (e) A person convicted of violating Subsection (2)(a)(i) while inside the exterior

- 116 -

3593 boundaries of property occupied by a correctional facility as defined in Section 64-13-1 or a 3594 public jail or other place of confinement shall be sentenced to a penalty one degree greater than 3595 provided in Subsection (2)(b), and if the conviction is with respect to controlled substances as 3596 listed in: 3597 (i) Subsection (2)(b), the person may be sentenced to imprisonment for an 3598 indeterminate term as provided by law, and: 3599 (A) the court shall additionally sentence the person convicted to a term of one year to 3600 run consecutively and not concurrently; and 3601 (B) the court may additionally sentence the person convicted for an indeterminate term 3602 not to exceed five years to run consecutively and not concurrently; and 3603 (ii) Subsection (2)(d), the person may be sentenced to imprisonment for an 3604 indeterminate term as provided by law, and the court shall additionally sentence the person 3605 convicted to a term of six months to run consecutively and not concurrently. 3606 (f) A person convicted of violating Subsection (2)(a)(ii) or (iii) is: 3607 (i) on a first conviction, guilty of a class B misdemeanor; 3608 (ii) on a second conviction, guilty of a class A misdemeanor; and (iii) on a third or subsequent conviction, guilty of a third degree felony. 3609 3610 (g) A person is subject to the penalties under Subsection (2)(h) who, in an offense not 3611 amounting to a violation of Section 76-5-207: 3612 (i) violates Subsection (2)(a)(i) by knowingly and intentionally having in the person's 3613 body any measurable amount of a controlled substance; and 3614 (ii) (A) if the controlled substance is not marijuana, operates a motor vehicle as defined 3615 in Section 76-5-207 in a negligent manner, causing serious bodily injury as defined in Section 3616 76-1-601 or the death of another[-]; or 3617 (B) if the controlled substance is marijuana, operates a motor vehicle as defined in 3618 Section 76-5-207 in a criminally negligent manner, causing serious bodily injury as defined in 3619 Section 76-1-601 or the death of another. 3620 (h) A person who violates Subsection (2)(g) by having in the person's body: 3621 (i) a controlled substance classified under Schedule I, other than those described in

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degree felony;

Subsection (2)(h)(ii), or a controlled substance classified under Schedule II is guilty of a second

(ii) except as provided in Subsection (2)(g)(ii)(B), marijuana, tetrahydrocannabinols, or equivalents described in Subsection 58-37-4(2)(a)(iii)(S) or (AA), or a substance listed in Section 58-37-4.2 is guilty of a third degree felony; or

- (iii) a controlled substance classified under Schedules III, IV, or V is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
- (i) A person is guilty of a separate offense for each victim suffering serious bodily injury or death as a result of the person's negligent driving in violation of Subsection (2)(g) whether or not the injuries arise from the same episode of driving.
- (j) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall report to the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing the name, case number, date of conviction, and if known, the date of birth of each person convicted of violating Subsection (2)(a).
 - (3) Prohibited acts C -- Penalties:

- (a) It is unlawful for a person knowingly and intentionally:
- (i) to use in the course of the manufacture or distribution of a controlled substance a license number which is fictitious, revoked, suspended, or issued to another person or, for the purpose of obtaining a controlled substance, to assume the title of, or represent oneself to be, a manufacturer, wholesaler, apothecary, physician, dentist, veterinarian, or other authorized person;
- (ii) to acquire or obtain possession of, to procure or attempt to procure the administration of, to obtain a prescription for, to prescribe or dispense to a person known to be attempting to acquire or obtain possession of, or to procure the administration of a controlled substance by misrepresentation or failure by the person to disclose receiving a controlled substance from another source, fraud, forgery, deception, subterfuge, alteration of a prescription or written order for a controlled substance, or the use of a false name or address;
- (iii) to make a false or forged prescription or written order for a controlled substance, or to utter the same, or to alter a prescription or written order issued or written under the terms of this chapter; or
- (iv) to make, distribute, or possess a punch, die, plate, stone, or other thing designed to print, imprint, or reproduce the trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark, imprint, or device of another or any likeness of any of the foregoing upon any drug or container or labeling so as to render a drug a counterfeit controlled substance.

3655 (b) (i) A first or second conviction under Subsection (3)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii) is a class A 3656 misdemeanor.

- (ii) A third or subsequent conviction under Subsection (3)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii) is a third degree felony.
 - (c) A violation of Subsection (3)(a)(iv) is a third degree felony.
- (4) Prohibited acts D -- Penalties:

- (a) Notwithstanding other provisions of this section, a person not authorized under this chapter who commits any act that is unlawful under Subsection (1)(a) or Section 58-37b-4 is upon conviction subject to the penalties and classifications under this Subsection (4) if the trier of fact finds the act is committed:
- (i) in a public or private elementary or secondary school or on the grounds of any of those schools during the hours of 6 a.m. through 10 p.m.;
- (ii) in a public or private vocational school or postsecondary institution or on the grounds of any of those schools or institutions during the hours of 6 a.m. through 10 p.m.;
- (iii) in or on the grounds of a preschool or child-care facility during the preschool's or facility's hours of operation;
- (iv) in a public park, amusement park, arcade, or recreation center when the public or amusement park, arcade, or recreation center is open to the public;
 - (v) in or on the grounds of a house of worship as defined in Section 76-10-501;
 - (vi) in or on the grounds of a library when the library is open to the public;
- (vii) within an area that is within 100 feet of any structure, facility, or grounds included in Subsections (4)(a)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), and (vi);
- (viii) in the presence of a person younger than 18 years of age, regardless of where the act occurs; or
- (ix) for the purpose of facilitating, arranging, or causing the transport, delivery, or distribution of a substance in violation of this section to an inmate or on the grounds of a correctional facility as defined in Section 76-8-311.3.
- (b) (i) A person convicted under this Subsection (4) is guilty of a first degree felony and shall be imprisoned for a term of not less than five years if the penalty that would otherwise have been established but for this Subsection (4) would have been a first degree felony.

(ii) Imposition or execution of the sentence may not be suspended, and the person is not eligible for probation.

- (c) If the classification that would otherwise have been established would have been less than a first degree felony but for this Subsection (4), a person convicted under this Subsection (4) is guilty of one degree more than the maximum penalty prescribed for that offense. This Subsection (4)(c) does not apply to a violation of Subsection (2)(g).
 - (d) (i) If the violation is of Subsection (4)(a)(ix):

- (A) the person may be sentenced to imprisonment for an indeterminate term as provided by law, and the court shall additionally sentence the person convicted for a term of one year to run consecutively and not concurrently; and
- (B) the court may additionally sentence the person convicted for an indeterminate term not to exceed five years to run consecutively and not concurrently; and
- (ii) the penalties under this Subsection (4)(d) apply also to a person who, acting with the mental state required for the commission of an offense, directly or indirectly solicits, requests, commands, coerces, encourages, or intentionally aids another person to commit a violation of Subsection (4)(a)(ix).
 - (e) It is not a defense to a prosecution under this Subsection (4) that:
- (i) the actor mistakenly believed the individual to be 18 years of age or older at the time of the offense or was unaware of the individual's true age; or
- (ii) the actor mistakenly believed that the location where the act occurred was not as described in Subsection (4)(a) or was unaware that the location where the act occurred was as described in Subsection (4)(a).
- (5) A violation of this chapter for which no penalty is specified is a class B misdemeanor.
- (6) (a) For purposes of penalty enhancement under Subsections (1) and (2), a plea of guilty or no contest to a violation or attempted violation of this section or a plea which is held in abeyance under Title 77, Chapter 2a, Pleas in Abeyance, is the equivalent of a conviction, even if the charge has been subsequently reduced or dismissed in accordance with the plea in abeyance agreement.
- (b) A prior conviction used for a penalty enhancement under Subsection (2) shall be a conviction that is:

(i) from a separate criminal episode than the current charge; and

- (ii) from a conviction that is separate from any other conviction used to enhance the current charge.
- (7) A person may be charged and sentenced for a violation of this section, notwithstanding a charge and sentence for a violation of any other section of this chapter.
- (8) (a) A penalty imposed for violation of this section is in addition to, and not in lieu of, a civil or administrative penalty or sanction authorized by law.
- (b) When a violation of this chapter violates a federal law or the law of another state, conviction or acquittal under federal law or the law of another state for the same act is a bar to prosecution in this state.
- (9) In any prosecution for a violation of this chapter, evidence or proof that shows a person or persons produced, manufactured, possessed, distributed, or dispensed a controlled substance or substances, is prima facie evidence that the person or persons did so with knowledge of the character of the substance or substances.
- (10) This section does not prohibit a veterinarian, in good faith and in the course of the veterinarian's professional practice only and not for humans, from prescribing, dispensing, or administering controlled substances or from causing the substances to be administered by an assistant or orderly under the veterinarian's direction and supervision.
 - (11) Civil or criminal liability may not be imposed under this section on:
- (a) a person registered under this chapter who manufactures, distributes, or possesses an imitation controlled substance for use as a placebo or investigational new drug by a registered practitioner in the ordinary course of professional practice or research; or
- (b) a law enforcement officer acting in the course and legitimate scope of the officer's employment.
- (12) (a) Civil or criminal liability may not be imposed under this section on any Indian, as defined in Section 58-37-2, who uses, possesses, or transports peyote for bona fide traditional ceremonial purposes in connection with the practice of a traditional Indian religion as defined in Section 58-37-2.
- (b) In a prosecution alleging violation of this section regarding peyote as defined in Section 58-37-4, it is an affirmative defense that the peyote was used, possessed, or transported by an Indian for bona fide traditional ceremonial purposes in connection with the practice of a

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(c) (i) The defendant shall provide written notice of intent to claim an affirmative defense under this Subsection (12) as soon as practicable, but not later than 10 days before trial.

- (ii) The notice shall include the specific claims of the affirmative defense.
- (iii) The court may waive the notice requirement in the interest of justice for good cause shown, if the prosecutor is not unfairly prejudiced by the lack of timely notice.
- (d) The defendant shall establish the affirmative defense under this Subsection (12) by a preponderance of the evidence. If the defense is established, it is a complete defense to the charges.
- (13) (a) It is an affirmative defense that the person produced, possessed, or administered a controlled substance listed in Section 58-37-4.2 if the person was:
 - (i) engaged in medical research; and
 - (ii) a holder of a valid license to possess controlled substances under Section 58-37-6.
- (b) It is not a defense under Subsection (13)(a) that the person prescribed or dispensed a controlled substance listed in Section 58-37-4.2.
- (14) It is an affirmative defense that the person possessed, in the person's body, a controlled substance listed in Section 58-37-4.2 if:
- (a) the person was the subject of medical research conducted by a holder of a valid license to possess controlled substances under Section 58-37-6; and
 - (b) the substance was administered to the person by the medical researcher.
- (15) The application of any increase in penalty under this section to a violation of Subsection (2)(a)(i) may not result in any greater penalty than a second degree felony. This Subsection (15) takes precedence over any conflicting provision of this section.
- (16) (a) It is an affirmative defense to an allegation of the commission of an offense listed in Subsection (16)(b) that the person:
- (i) reasonably believes that the person or another person is experiencing an overdose event due to the ingestion, injection, inhalation, or other introduction into the human body of a controlled substance or other substance;
- 3777 (ii) reports in good faith the overdose event to a medical provider, an emergency
 3778 medical service provider as defined in Section 26-8a-102, a law enforcement officer, a 911

emergency call system, or an emergency dispatch system, or the person is the subject of a report made under this Subsection (16);

- (iii) provides in the report under Subsection (16)(a)(ii) a functional description of the actual location of the overdose event that facilitates responding to the person experiencing the overdose event;
- (iv) remains at the location of the person experiencing the overdose event until a responding law enforcement officer or emergency medical service provider arrives, or remains at the medical care facility where the person experiencing an overdose event is located until a responding law enforcement officer arrives;
- (v) cooperates with the responding medical provider, emergency medical service provider, and law enforcement officer, including providing information regarding the person experiencing the overdose event and any substances the person may have injected, inhaled, or otherwise introduced into the person's body; and
- (vi) is alleged to have committed the offense in the same course of events from which the reported overdose arose.
 - (b) The offenses referred to in Subsection (16)(a) are:
 - (i) the possession or use of less than 16 ounces of marijuana;
- (ii) the possession or use of a scheduled or listed controlled substance other than marijuana; and
- (iii) any violation of Chapter 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act, or Chapter 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances Act.
- (c) As used in this Subsection (16) and in Section 76-3-203.11, "good faith" does not include seeking medical assistance under this section during the course of a law enforcement agency's execution of a search warrant, execution of an arrest warrant, or other lawful search.
- (17) If any provision of this chapter, or the application of any provision to any person or circumstances, is held invalid, the remainder of this chapter shall be given effect without the invalid provision or application.
- (18) A legislative body of a political subdivision may not enact an ordinance that is less restrictive than any provision of this chapter.
- (19) If a minor who is under 18 years of age is found by a court to have violated this section, the court may order the minor to complete:

3810	(a) a screening as defined in Section 41-6a-501;
3811	(b) an assessment as defined in Section 41-6a-501 if the screening indicates an
3812	assessment to be appropriate; and
3813	(c) an educational series as defined in Section 41-6a-501 or substance use disorder
3814	treatment as indicated by an assessment.
3815	Section 38. Section 76-10-101 is amended to read:
3816	76-10-101. Definitions.
3817	As used in this part:
3818	(1) "Cigar" means a product that contains nicotine, is intended to be burned under
3819	ordinary conditions of use, and consists of any roll of tobacco wrapped in leaf tobacco, or in
3820	any substance containing tobacco, other than any roll of tobacco that is a cigarette as described
3821	in Subsection (2).
3822	(2) "Cigarette" means a product that contains nicotine, is intended to be burned under
3823	ordinary conditions of use, and consists of:
3824	(a) any roll of tobacco wrapped in paper or in any substance not containing tobacco; or
3825	(b) any roll of tobacco wrapped in any substance containing tobacco which, because of
3826	its appearance, the type of tobacco used in the filler, or its packaging and labeling, is likely to
3827	be offered to, or purchased by, consumers as a cigarette described in Subsection (2)(a).
3828	(3) (a) "Electronic cigarette" means an electronic cigarette product, as defined in
3829	Section 59-14-802.
3830	(b) "Electronic cigarette" does not mean a medical cannabis device, as that term is
3831	defined in Section 26-61a-102.
3832	(4) "Place of business" includes:
3833	(a) a shop;
3834	(b) a store;
3835	(c) a factory;
3836	(d) a public garage;
3837	(e) an office;
3838	(f) a theater;
3839	(g) a recreation hall;
3840	(h) a dance hall;

3841	(i) a poolroom;
3842	(j) a café;
3843	(k) a cafeteria;
3844	(l) a cabaret;
3845	(m) a restaurant;
3846	(n) a hotel;
3847	(o) a lodging house;
3848	(p) a streetcar;
3849	(q) a bus;
3850	(r) an interurban or railway passenger coach;
3851	(s) a waiting room; and
3852	(t) any other place of business.
3853	(5) "Smoking" means the possession of any lighted cigar, cigarette, pipe, or other
3854	lighted smoking equipment.
3855	Section 39. Section 76-10-528 is amended to read:
3856	76-10-528. Carrying a dangerous weapon while under influence of alcohol or
3857	drugs unlawful.
3858	(1) It is a class B misdemeanor for any person to carry a dangerous weapon while
3859	under the influence of:
3860	(a) alcohol as determined by the person's blood or breath alcohol concentration in
3861	accordance with Subsections 41-6a-502(1)(a) through (c); or
3862	(b) a controlled substance as defined in Section 58-37-2.
3863	(2) This section does not apply to:
3864	(a) a person carrying a dangerous weapon that is either securely encased, as defined in
3865	this part, or not within such close proximity and in such a manner that it can be retrieved and
3866	used as readily as if carried on the person;
3867	(b) any person who uses or threatens to use force in compliance with Section 76-2-402
3868	[or]
3869	(c) any person carrying a dangerous weapon in the person's residence or the residence
3870	of another with the consent of the individual who is lawfully in possession[7]; or
3871	(d) a person under the influence of cannabis or a cannabis product, as those terms are

3872	defined in Section 26-61a-102, if the person's use of the cannabis or cannabis product complies
3873	with Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act.
3874	(3) It is not a defense to prosecution under this section that the person:
3875	(a) is licensed in the pursuit of wildlife of any kind; or
3876	(b) has a valid permit to carry a concealed firearm.
3877	Section 40. Section 77-40-105 (Superseded 05/01/20) is amended to read:
3878	77-40-105 (Superseded 05/01/20). Eligibility for expungement of conviction
3879	Requirements.
3880	(1) A person convicted of an offense may apply to the bureau for a certificate of
3881	eligibility to expunge the record of conviction as provided in this section.
3882	(2) A petitioner is not eligible to receive a certificate of eligibility from the bureau if:
3883	(a) the conviction for which expungement is sought is:
3884	(i) a capital felony;
3885	(ii) a first degree felony;
3886	(iii) a violent felony as defined in Subsection 76-3-203.5(1)(c)(i);
3887	(iv) felony automobile homicide;
3888	(v) a felony violation of Subsection 41-6a-501(2);
3889	(vi) a registerable sex offense as defined in Subsection 77-41-102(17); or
3890	(vii) a registerable child abuse offense as defined in Subsection 77-43-102(2);
3891	(b) a criminal proceeding is pending against the petitioner; or
3892	(c) the petitioner intentionally or knowingly provides false or misleading information
3893	on the application for a certificate of eligibility.
3894	(3) A petitioner seeking to obtain expungement for a record of conviction is not
3895	eligible to receive a certificate of eligibility from the bureau until all of the following have
3896	occurred:
3897	(a) all fines and interest ordered by the court related to the conviction for which
3898	expungement is sought have been paid in full;
3899	(b) all restitution ordered by the court pursuant to Section 77-38a-302, or by the Board
3900	of Pardons and Parole pursuant to Section 77-27-6, has been paid in full; and
3901	(c) the following time periods have elapsed from the date the petitioner was convicted
3902	or released from incarceration, parole, or probation, whichever occurred last, for each

conviction the petitioner seeks to expunge:

(i) 10 years in the case of a misdemeanor conviction of Subsection 41-6a-501(2) or a felony conviction of Subsection 58-37-8(2)(g);

- (ii) seven years in the case of a felony;
- (iii) five years in the case of any class A misdemeanor or a felony drug possession offense;
 - (iv) four years in the case of a class B misdemeanor; or
 - (v) three years in the case of any other misdemeanor or infraction.
- (4) The bureau may not count pending or previous infractions, traffic offenses, or minor regulatory offenses, or fines or fees arising from the infractions, traffic offenses, or minor regulatory offenses, when determining expungement eligibility.
- (5) The bureau may not issue a certificate of eligibility if, at the time the petitioner seeks a certificate of eligibility, the bureau determines that the petitioner's criminal history, including previously expunged convictions, contains any of the following, except as provided in Subsection (8):
- (a) two or more felony convictions other than for drug possession offenses, each of which is contained in a separate criminal episode;
- (b) any combination of three or more convictions other than for drug possession offenses that include two class A misdemeanor convictions, each of which is contained in a separate criminal episode;
- (c) any combination of four or more convictions other than for drug possession offenses that include three class B misdemeanor convictions, each of which is contained in a separate criminal episode; or
- (d) five or more convictions other than for drug possession offenses of any degree whether misdemeanor or felony, each of which is contained in a separate criminal episode.
- (6) The bureau may not issue a certificate of eligibility if, at the time the petitioner seeks a certificate of eligibility, the bureau determines that the petitioner's criminal history, including previously expunged convictions, contains any of the following:
- (a) three or more felony convictions for drug possession offenses, each of which is contained in a separate criminal episode; or
- 3933 (b) any combination of five or more convictions for drug possession offenses, each of

which is contained in a separate criminal episode.

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- (7) If the petitioner's criminal history contains convictions for both a drug possession offense and a non drug possession offense arising from the same criminal episode, that criminal episode shall be counted as provided in Subsection (5) if any non drug possession offense in that episode:
 - (a) is a felony or class A misdemeanor; or
- (b) has the same or a longer waiting period under Subsection (3) than any drug possession offense in that episode.
- (8) If at least 10 years have elapsed from the date the petitioner was convicted or released from incarceration, parole, or probation, whichever occurred last, for all convictions, then each eligibility limit defined in Subsection (5) shall be increased by one.
- (9) If, prior to May 14, 2013, the petitioner has received a pardon from the Utah Board of Pardons and Parole, the petitioner is entitled to an expungement order for all pardoned crimes pursuant to Section 77-27-5.1.
- (10) Notwithstanding Subsections (3), (5), (6), (7), and (8), a petitioner seeking to obtain expungement for a record of conviction related to cannabis possession is eligible to receive a certificate of eligibility from the bureau if the petitioner can demonstrate that:
- (a) the petitioner had, at the time of the relevant arrest or citation leading to the conviction, a qualifying condition, as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102; and
- (b) the possession of cannabis in question was in a form and an amount to medicinally treat the condition described in Subsection (10)(a).
 - Section 41. Section 77-40-105 (Effective 05/01/20) is amended to read:
- 77-40-105 (Effective 05/01/20). Requirements to apply for a certificate of eligibility to expunge conviction.
- (1) An individual convicted of an offense may apply to the bureau for a certificate of eligibility to expunge the record of conviction as provided in this section.
 - (2) An individual is not eligible to receive a certificate of eligibility from the bureau if:
- (a) the conviction for which expungement is sought is:
- 3962 (i) a capital felony;
- 3963 (ii) a first degree felony;
- 3964 (iii) a violent felony as defined in Subsection 76-3-203.5(1)(c)(i);

3965	(iv) felony automobile homicide;
3966	(v) a felony violation of Subsection 41-6a-501(2);
3967	(vi) a registerable sex offense as defined in Subsection 77-41-102(17); or
3968	(vii) a registerable child abuse offense as defined in Subsection 77-43-102(2);
3969	(b) a criminal proceeding is pending against the petitioner; or
3970	(c) the petitioner intentionally or knowingly provides false or misleading information
3971	on the application for a certificate of eligibility.
3972	(3) A petitioner seeking to obtain expungement for a record of conviction is not
3973	eligible to receive a certificate of eligibility from the bureau until all of the following have
3974	occurred:
3975	(a) the petitioner has paid in full all fines and interest ordered by the court related to the
3976	conviction for which expungement is sought;
3977	(b) the petitioner has paid in full all restitution ordered by the court pursuant to Section
3978	77-38a-302, or by the Board of Pardons and Parole pursuant to Section 77-27-6; and
3979	(c) the following time periods have elapsed from the date the petitioner was convicted
3980	or released from incarceration, parole, or probation, whichever occurred last, for each
3981	conviction the petitioner seeks to expunge:
3982	(i) 10 years in the case of a misdemeanor conviction of Subsection 41-6a-501(2) or a
3983	felony conviction of Subsection 58-37-8(2)(g);
3984	(ii) seven years in the case of a felony;
3985	(iii) five years in the case of any class A misdemeanor or a felony drug possession
3986	offense;
3987	(iv) four years in the case of a class B misdemeanor; or
3988	(v) three years in the case of any other misdemeanor or infraction.
3989	(4) The bureau may not count pending or previous infractions, traffic offenses, or
3990	minor regulatory offenses, or fines or fees arising from the infractions, traffic offenses, or
3991	minor regulatory offenses, when determining expungement eligibility.
3992	(5) The bureau may not issue a certificate of eligibility if, at the time the petitioner
3993	seeks a certificate of eligibility, the bureau determines that the petitioner's criminal history,
3994	including previously expunged convictions, contains any of the following, except as provided

3995

in Subsection (8):

(a) two or more felony convictions other than for drug possession offenses, each of which is contained in a separate criminal episode;

- (b) any combination of three or more convictions other than for drug possession offenses that include two class A misdemeanor convictions, each of which is contained in a separate criminal episode;
- (c) any combination of four or more convictions other than for drug possession offenses that include three class B misdemeanor convictions, each of which is contained in a separate criminal episode; or
- (d) five or more convictions other than for drug possession offenses of any degree whether misdemeanor or felony, each of which is contained in a separate criminal episode.
- (6) The bureau may not issue a certificate of eligibility if, at the time the petitioner seeks a certificate of eligibility, the bureau determines that the petitioner's criminal history, including previously expunged convictions, contains any of the following:
- (a) three or more felony convictions for drug possession offenses, each of which is contained in a separate criminal episode; or
- (b) any combination of five or more convictions for drug possession offenses, each of which is contained in a separate criminal episode.
- (7) If the petitioner's criminal history contains convictions for both a drug possession offense and a non drug possession offense arising from the same criminal episode, that criminal episode shall be counted as provided in Subsection (5) if any non drug possession offense in that episode:
 - (a) is a felony or class A misdemeanor; or
- (b) has the same or a longer waiting period under Subsection (3) than any drug possession offense in that episode.
- (8) If at least 10 years have elapsed from the date the petitioner was convicted or released from incarceration, parole, or probation, whichever occurred last, for all convictions, then each eligibility limit defined in Subsection (5) shall be increased by one.
- (9) If, prior to May 14, 2013, the petitioner has received a pardon from the Utah Board of Pardons and Parole, the petitioner is entitled to an expungement order for all pardoned crimes pursuant to Section 77-27-5.1.
 - (10) Notwithstanding Subsections (3), (5), (6), (7), and (8), a petitioner seeking to

4027	obtain expungement for a record of conviction related to cannabis possession is eligible to
4028	receive a certificate of eligibility from the bureau if the petitioner can demonstrate that:
4029	(a) the petitioner had, at the time of the relevant arrest or citation leading to the
4030	conviction, a qualifying condition, as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102; and
4031	(b) the possession of cannabis in question was in a form and an amount to medicinally
4032	treat the condition described in Subsection (10)(a).
4033	Section 42. Effective date.
4034	If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this bill takes effect
4035	upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah
4036	Constitution, Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto,
4037	the date of veto override.